

Giants



First term

New Hello! & Black Beauty



الصف الثالث الإعدادي
الفصل الدراسي الأول

لقد اجتهدنا...
فإن أحسننا فمن الله
وإن أسأنا فمننا ومن الشيطان
اللهم علماً ينتفع به
والله الموفق

أسرة إعداد كُتب العما لقة

important words

activities	أنشطة	guidebook	دليل	youth hostel	بيت الشباب
advice	نصيحة	quiz	لغز / مسابقة	stay	يقيم / إقامة
bazaar	بازار / سوق	island	جزيرة	suggest	يقترح
camp	يعسكر / معسكر	middle	منتصف	sun cream	كريم شمس
centre	مركز / وسط	modern	حديث	traditional	تقليدي
cheap	رخيص	police station	مركز شرطة	windsurfing	ركوب الأمواج
comfortable	مريح	recommend	يوصي / يزكي	windy	عاصف
detective	بوليس سري	scuba diving	الغوص	wonderful	رائع
direction	اتجاه	snorkelling	الغطس	tour	جولة سياحية
encourage	يشجع	souvenir	تذكارات		

Prepositions & Expressions

fall over	يسقط	wear sun cream	يضع كريم واق من الشمس
give directions	يحدد / يصف اتجاهات	interested in	مهتم بـ
in Arabic	باللغة العربية	think of	يفكر في
find out	يكشف	pay for	يدفع ثمن

Structure

إسداء النصيحة باستخدام يجب ولا يجب

Giving Advice: Should & Shouldn't

نستخدم **should / shouldn't** للنصيحة لنقول أن شئ ما جيداً (ينبغي فعله) أو غير جيد (لا ينبغي فعله).

بعد **should / shouldn't** يأتي الفعل في المصدر.

تأتي **should / shouldn't** مع جميع الضمائر والأسماء سواء كانت مفرد أو جمع.

- ▶ Tourists should **wear** sun cream when it's very hot.
- ▶ You shouldn't **walk** too much in the sun.

يكون السؤال بهل كالآتي ويكون معناه "هل يجب؟"

تكملة الجملة + مصدر + فاعل + Should

- ▶ Should you go to school every day?

Yes, I should.

No, I shouldn't.

يكون السؤال بأداة استفهام كالآتي:

should / shouldn't + subject + verb? أداة استفهام

- ▶ What should I try doing? = You should definitely try some windsurfing.
- ▶ هناك بعض المصطلحات الأخرى التي نستخدمها في النصيحة والتي تحل محل **shouldn't** & **should**.
- ▶ I advise you (not) to + inf.
- ▶ You had better (not) + inf.
- ▶ If I were you, I would (not) + inf.
- ▶ You ought (not) to + inf
- ▶ It's a good idea (not) to + inf.
- ▶ It is advisable for you (not) to + inf.

كيفية التعامل في الامتحان

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1) You shouldn't swim too far from the boat. (dangerous)
▶ It's dangerous to swim too far from the boat.
- 2) It is advisable for you not to stay under the water for too long. (shouldn't)
▶ You shouldn't stay under the water for too long.
- 3) You should look out for dangerous sharks. (were)
▶ If I were you, I would look out for dangerous sharks.
- 4) You shouldn't go diving if the weather is bad. (had)
▶ You had better not go diving if the weather is bad.

Language Functions

Asking for recommendations طلب توصيات	Giving recommendations إعطاء توصيات
① (Where) do you suggest (we start)? ② Do you recommend (a tour with a guide / going to the bazaar)? ③ What's the best place to (buy souvenirs)?	① I suggest that (we) ② I recommend (a tour / you buy a guidebook). ③ The best place to (buy souvenirs) is... ④ You can (buy a guidebook) at the tourist information centre.

Exercises on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- ① The youth is less expensive than a hotel.
 (a) house (b) part (c) bazaar (d) hostel
- ② We can go when it is windy.
 (a) snorkelling (b) windsurfing (c) shopping (d) washing
- ③ Tourist information.....is an office where you can find out about a city or an area.
 (a) station (b) club (c) centre (d) street
- ④ In Hurghada, we took a boat..... around the island.
 (a) flight (b) picnic (c) trip (d) walk
- ⑤ This hotel is very and comfortable, but it is very expensive.
 (a) old (b) bad (c) modern (d) dirty
- ⑥ I can't try windsurfing because it isn't
 (a) rainy (b) windy (c) sunny (d) snowy
- ⑦ An..... is a person who helps in a shop or in a ticket office.
 (a) assistant (b) owner (c) archaeologist (d) actor
- ⑧ Many tourists use a to learn about a city's history and places.
 (a) camera (b) bookshop (c) guidebook (d) ticket
- ⑨ You need a when you visit another country.
 (a) passport (b) tourist (c) bazaar (d) brochure

- 10 The restaurant that your cousin told us about was a very good..... We loved it.
 (a) **recipe** (b) **souvenir** (c) **advice** (d) **recommendation**
- 11 You should give the tourists..... and draw them a map.
 (a) **attractions** (b) **directions** (c) **shopping** (d) **concerts**

Exercises on Structure

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 Where..... next weekend?
 (a) **should we to go** (b) **should we go** (c) **should we going** (d) **should go we**
- 2 Should we Ali today?
 (a) **meeting** (b) **to meet** (c) **met** (d) **meet**
- 3 What should I to get high marks?
 (a) **do** (b) **did** (c) **does** (d) **done**
- 4 You should..... now. The bus goes in ten minutes.
 (a) **went** (b) **goes** (c) **go** (d) **going**
- 5 You swim too far from the boat.
 (a) **shouldn't** (b) **wouldn't** (c) **should** (d) **hasn't**
- 6 It's cold and windy today. When you go outside, you..... a coat.
 (a) **wear** (b) **should wear** (c) **shouldn't wear** (d) **are wearing**
- 7 You should your pens with you in exams.
 (a) **has** (b) **have** (c) **had** (d) **having**
- 8 I think you stop smoking.
 (a) **shouldn't** (b) **haven't** (c) **mustn't** (d) **should**
- 9 You..... play here. It's dangerous.
 (a) **shouldn't** (b) **should** (c) **haven't** (d) **aren't**
- 10 You to walk too much in the sun.
 (a) **ought** (b) **oughtn't** (c) **should** (d) **shouldn't**

2 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 You had better get up early. (should)

 2 It's important to revise before the exam. (should)

 3 It's a good idea not to sleep late. (shouldn't)

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

- Reporter How are you?
- Tourist ①
- Reporter ②
- Tourist Yes, of course.
- Reporter Where do you come from?
- Tourist ③
- Reporter Britain ! ④
- Tourist Yes, I visited Aswan last week .

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

"3 Marks"

- ① Your friend asks you to recommend him a good story to read.
.....
- ② Your brother suggests watching the football match but you refuse.
.....
- ③ You give your friend advice to keep fit.
.....

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- ① You smoke near any petrol station.
a should b shouldn't c have d can
- ② Let's go a walk.
a in b on c at d for
- ③ Tourists like going to the to buy souvenirs.
a temples b bazaar c pyramids d sphinx
- ④ You can't travel abroad without having your
a bag b book c passport d shirt
- ⑤ If you visit Hurghada, you can stay in the hostel
a man b girl c youth d woman
- ⑥ You go diving if the weather is bad.
a should b shouldn't c must d haven't

4 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

"3 Marks"

- ① It is essential for him not to waste his time. (He)
.....
- ② I think you should visit the museum. (recommend)
.....
- ③ I blame her for not tidying her room. (should)
.....



Unit 2

Books and Reading

important words

review	مقالة	facts	حقائق	popular	محبوب
adventure	مغامرة	feelings	مشاعر	realise	يدرك
amount	كمية	historical	تاريخي	description	وصف
detective	بوليسي	include	يتضمن	solve	يحل
century	قرن	interest	اهتمام	suddenly	فجأة
dry	جاف	last	يستمر	summary	ملخص
choose	يختار	leaves	ورق شجر	title	عنوان
encourage	يشجع	living things	كائنات حية	tremble	يرتعد - يرتجف
excited	مسرور - مثار	opinion	رأي	weak	ضعيف

Prepositions & Expressions

feel about	يشعر بشأن	read a review of	يقرأ مقالة نقدية عن
have less interest in	لديه اهتمام قليل بـ	solve the problems	يحل المشكلات
make friends	يكون صداقات	with fewer pages	صفحاته أقل

Structure

المقارنة والتفضيل مع

few - little - many - much

مع الأسماء التي تعد	many (كثير للعدد)	more than	the most
	few (قليل للعدد)	fewer than	the fewest
مع الأسماء التي لا تُعد	much (كثير للكمية)	more than	the most
	little (قليل للكمية)	less than	the least

few - fewer - fewest - little - less - least

لاحظ

① نستخدم (few-fewer- fewest) مع الأسماء التي تعد.

► **Few** students read magazines.

► There are **few** detective stories.

② نستخدم (little- less- least) مع الأسماء التي لا تعد.

► There is **little water** in the lake.

③ نستخدم (less و fewer) لعمل مقارنة وتأتي **than** بعدهم.

► I have **fewer books than** you.

► You've got **less meat than** me.

④ نستخدم (the least, the fewest) لعمل صيغة تفضيل عظمى.

► Class 4 has **the fewest** students.

► The bottle has **the least** water.

كيفية التعامل في الامتحان

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

① Aya has more books in her bag than Malak.

(fewer) (Luxor 2018)

► Malak has fewer books in her bag than Aya.

- 2 All the students have more books than Khaled.
▶ Khaled has the fewest books.
- 3 Noha has the fewest toys in the class. (fewer)
▶ Noha has fewer toys than all the girls / pupils in the class.
▶ No one in the class has fewer toys than Noha.
- 4 I would like to read this detective story, but I don't have much time. (little)
▶ I would like to read this detective story, but I have little time.
- 5 I don't have as much interest in adventure stories as I do in mysteries. (less)
▶ I have less interest in adventure stories than in mysteries.
- 6 Not many boys came to school yesterday. (Few)
▶ Few boys came to school yesterday.

Language Functions

Asking about feelings السؤال عن المشاعر	Expressing feelings التعبير عن المشاعر
1 Did the (story) make you feel (frightened - nervous)? 2 How did you feel when 3 How do you feel about (the story) now?	1 I feel / I felt.....(frightened - quite happy) 2 I don't feel.....(sad) 3 It made me feel.....(excited).

تيجى إزاي فى الإمتحان؟

Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

- 1 You are asked about your feeling when you win a prize. ⇒ I feel happy.
- 2 You see a snake. ⇒ I feel frightened.
- 3 Your team scored a goal. ⇒ The goal made me feel excited.
- 4 Express how you felt when your class won the competition. ⇒ I felt proud.
- 5 You saw a scary film. ⇒ I felt frightened.

Exercises on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 This is a story about the Pharaohs in ancient Egypt.
 a historic b historical c historian d history
- 2 The of the book you are using is New Hello!
 a title b address c headline d review
- 3 People try to solve the before the detective.
 a books b stories c problems d reviews
- 4 It's a that we all breathe oxygen.
 a fact b trip c time d history
- 5 When the wind is blowing, the leaves of the trees are
 a carrying b trembling c passing d speaking
- 6 If a person feels....., he is not strong.
 a happy b sad c weak d safe
- 7 A/An is something unusual, exciting and maybe dangerous.
 a summary b review c title d adventure
- 8 If someone is....., he is shaking very hard.
 a sleeping b trembling c eating d reading

- 9 If I see a large snake, I feel.....
 a **happy** b **lazy** c **frightened** d **hungry**
- 10 She eats a great..... of food.
 a **mountain** b **price** c **amount** d **fact**

Exercises on Structure

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1 The number of tourists visit the museum early in the morning.
 a **few** b **fewer** c **fewest** d **least**
- 2 I think Friday has the number of cars on the road.
 a **fewest** b **least** c **few** d **many**
- 3 people think that English isn't a useful language.
 a **Much** b **Little** c **Less** d **Few**
- 4 This book will take you..... amount of time to read.
 a **fewer** b **the least** c **the fewest** d **few**
- 5 Students often have sleep during school time than during the holidays.
 a **few** b **fewer** c **less** d **little**
- 6 I want a book with..... pages than a detective story.
 a **few** b **little** c **fewer** d **fewest**
- 7 There are detective stories in the library.
 a **less** b **few** c **little** d **much**
- 8 Very people have travelled to the deepest part of the sea.
 a **little** b **much** c **few** d **fewer**
- 9 There is..... juice in the fridge. I'll buy some.
 a **much** b **few** c **more** d **little**
- 10 people have walked on the moon. Charles Duke was the youngest.
 a **Little** b **Less** c **Fewest** d **Few**

2 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 I don't eat much meat. (little)

 2 The earth has more air than other planets. (less)

 3 Not many people like historical novels. (Few) (WB)

 4 The blue bottle has more water than the green bottle. (less)

 5 May has the least rain of all months. (less)

 6 My car uses less petrol than the old car. (more)

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Teacher

①

Student

I come here twice a week?

Teacher

What kind of books are you interested in?

Student

②

Teacher

③

Student

Because I like to be a detective when I grow up.

Teacher

④

Student

My favourite character is Holmes.

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 You are going to do a difficult exam.



2 You make a lot of mistakes.



3 You ask your friend about his feeling when he saw the lion.



3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

1 students in our school have visited England.

a Few

b Little

c Less

d Least

2 Sherlock Holmes was a clever.....

a police

b thief

c detective

d soldier

3 I read a good about your story in the newspaper.

a revision

b vision

c view

d review

4 We will have oil in the future than today.

a few

b little

c fewer

d less

5 My mother is a as she always helps old people.

a care

b careful

c carer

d carefully

6 Salt is the expensive material.

a little

b fewest

c fewer

d least

4 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

"3 Marks"

1 March has more days than February.

(fewer)



2 Aswan is hotter than Cairo.

(as)



3 Amal has got more sugar than Dalia.

(Dalia has)



important words

breeze	نسيم	envelope	مظروف	parade	عرض
bright	زاهى / مشرق	events	أحداث	represent	يمثل
celebrate	يحتفل	festival	مهرجان	special	خاص
competition	منافسة	fireworks	ألعاب نارية	summary	ملخص
conclude	يستننتج	freezer	فريزر	crafts	مشغولات يدوية
conclusion	خاتمة	lantern	فانوس	decorate	يزين
costume	زى	message	رسالة	congratulation	أطيب التهاني

Prepositions & Expressions

date back to	يعود تاريخها الى	in different ways	بطرق مختلفة
decorate with	يزخرف بـ	invented by	اخترعت بواسطة
dried with salt	مجفف بالملح	on mother's day	فى عيد الأم

Structure

المبنى للمجهول فى زمن المضارع البسيط والماضى البسيط

Present and past Simple Passive

نستخدم المبنى للمجهول عندما لا نعلم فاعل الجملة أو عندما يكون الحدث أو الفعل فى الجملة أهم من فاعله ويمكننا أيضا أن نأتى بالفاعل فى نهاية الجملة مسبقاً بكلمة (by) يكون شكل المبنى للمجهول فى المضارع البسيط كالتالى:

التصريف الثالث للفعل + am / is / are (not) + مفعول

- In Bosnia, the people cook eggs in a big pan. (active)
In Bosnia, eggs are cooked in a big pan. (passive)

يكون شكل المبنى للمجهول فى الماضى البسيط كالتالى:

التصريف الثالث للفعل + was / were (not) + مفعول

- I didn't send an e-mail. ► The e-mail wasn't sent.

لعمل أسئلة قصيرة تكون إجاباتها Yes أو No :

التصريف الثالث للفعل + (اسم / ضمير) مفعول + Am / Is / Are / Was / Were ؟

- Are special foods eaten at the festival? Yes, they are.
This toy is fantastic. Was it made in Egypt? Yes, it was.

لعمل أسئلة بأداة استفهام:

التصريف الثالث للفعل + مفعول (اسم / ضمير) + am / is / are / was / were + (أداة استفهام)

- Why is fish sometimes kept in special freezers?
► How was fish cooked in the past? ► Who was the first pizza invented by?

كيفية التعامل في الامتحان

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 Did they make this car in Egypt? (Was) 2018 البحيرة
- ▶ Was this car made in Egypt?
- 2 People celebrate spring all over the world. (Spring...)
- ▶ Spring is celebrated all over the world.
- 3 Tourists take many photos of the Pyramids every day. (are)
- ▶ Many photos are taken of the Pyramids every day.

Language Functions

Using sequencing words
استخدام الكلمات التسلسلية

- 1 **First of all**, (we clean our houses).
- 2 **Next**, (we decorate our homes).
- 3 **Afterwards**, (many people go shopping).
- 4 **After / Before / At** (dinner, children are given envelopes).
- 5 **At midnight / midday** (there are fireworks).
- 6 **The next** day / morning / afternoon (we wear our new clothes).

تجربى إزاي فى الإمتحان؟

Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

- 1 Someone asks you what you do first when you get up.
▶ First of all, I wash my face and get dressed.
- 2 A friend wants to know what to do after you paint the eggs.
▶ After I paint the eggs, I leave them in the sun to dry.
- 3 You tell a friend what you did last Saturday at midday.
▶ At midday on Saturday, I visited my grandmother.

Exercises on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 Sham el-Nessim is a day for all of us.
a free b usual c special d sad
- 2 He gave her a flower as a of love.
a sign b pan c sight d day
- 3 A / An is an important day with lots of activities.
a article b festival c sign d website
- 4 Spring is celebrated..... different ways.
a in b on c to d at
- 5 If something is that means it is better or more important than usual.
a special b careful c private d free
- 6 We decorated our homes with red paper
a lanterns b eggs c costumes d windows
- 7 There are four in a year.
a midnights b seasons c relatives d traditions

- 8 Many people like to freeze food to it.
 (a) **decorate** (b) **preserve** (c) **paint** (d) **dress up**
- 9, we eat cakes in Eid al-Fitr.
 (a) **Nearly** (b) **Traditionally** (c) **Slowly** (d) **Sadly**
- 10 Would you use to see at night ? -Sure.
 (a) **umbrellas** (b) **lanterns** (c) **watches** (d) **bikes**

Exercises on Structure

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1 Sweets..... to children at New Year today.
 (a) **are given** (b) **is given** (c) **gave** (d) **give**
- 2 Is jam..... in that cupboard ?
 (a) **keeping** (b) **keeps** (c) **kept** (d) **keep**
- 3 How Mother's Day always celebrated in your family ?
 (a) **are** (b) **is** (c) **been** (d) **were**
- 4 Sham el-Nessim was first.....to celebrate the start of spring nearly 4,000 years ago.
 (a) **held** (b) **holding** (c) **hold** (d) **holds**
- 5 Boiled eggs..... for breakfast.
 (a) **is eaten** (b) **ate** (c) **eats** (d) **are eaten**
- 6 Yesterday, my money in the market.
 (a) **was stealing** (b) **stole** (c) **is stolen** (d) **was stolen**
- 7 What..... papyrus first used for long ago?
 (a) **were** (b) **is** (c) **was** (d) **are**
- 8 The story was heard by
 (a) **them** (b) **they** (c) **their** (d) **theirs**
- 9 A: What..... collected by Marwa last week ? B: Money for charities.
 (a) **was** (b) **is** (c) **being** (d) **are**
- 10 Why are foods..... in cans ?
 (a) **keep** (b) **kept** (c) **keeping** (d) **keeps**

2 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 My mother cleans the kitchen every day. (is cleaned)

 2 I bought a new bike yesterday. (A new bike)

 3 I didn't send the e-mail. (sent)

 4 Why **do** you **study** English? (is)

 5 An Italian invented the first pizza. (was)

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Jane and Nada are talking about Sham el-Nessim

Jane

Do you have any spring festivals in Egypt?

Nada

①

Jane

What do you do on Sham el-Nessim day?

Nada

②

Jane

③ ?

Nada

Feseekh is preserved fish with salt.

Jane

④ ?

Nada

No, I don't like eating feseekh. I like eating herrings.

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 You give someone instructions to make boiled eggs.



.....

2 You apologize for not doing your homework.



.....

3 You are asked why you look sad.



.....

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

1 When is Sham el-Nessim in Egypt.

a celebrate

b celebrated

c celebrates

d celebrating

2 It is not too hot on the beach because there is a nice

a breeze

b cloud

c storm

d wave

3 I am going to my flat before Eid al-Fitr.

a draw

b decorate

c pollute

d directorate

4 At some festivals, kids join the parade and wear colourful

a shorts

b socks

c costumes

d cloth

5 Who were fireworks by?

a inventing

b invents

c invent

d invented

6 The parade watched by thousands of people every year.

a is

b was

c are

d were

4 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

"3 Marks"

1 People preserve food in the fridge

(Food)



.....

2 My parents gave me new clothes for Eid al-Fitr.

(was)



.....

3 I did my homework then I watched the film.

(Afterwards)



.....



Unit 4

Science and technology

important words

engineer	مهندس	graph	رسم بياني	technology	تكنولوجيا
academic	أكاديمي	focus on	يركز على	rewarding	مجزي
certain	مؤكد / متأكد	hardworking	مجدد / نشيط	traffic	الممر
coin	عملة معدنية	interview	مقابلة	essential	ضروري / جوهري
data	معلومات	invention	اختراع	experiment	تجربة
develop	ينمي / يطور	latest	أحدث	expert	خبير
engineering	هندسة	neat	أنيق / دقيق	polluted	ملوث
objects	أشياء	powerful	قوي / ذو نفوذ	essential	ضروري / جوهري

Prepositions & Expressions

at a low price	بسرعة منخفضة	invent a device	يخترع وسيلة
do a project	يقوم بمشروع	make a graph	يرسم مخطط بياني / رسم بياني
do a quiz	يؤدي اختبار قصير / يحل لغز	win an award	يفوز بجائزة

Structure

التأكد وعدم التأكد

Expressing certainty and uncertainty

(must - might - can't) + be

نستخدم الأفعال الناقصة لنعبر عن مدى تأكدنا من معلومة أو شيء ما:

might

نستخدم **might** بمعنى (ربما) عند عدم التأكد من معلومة أو شيء ما أو عندما يكون الاحتمال ضعيف.

- ▶ The phone is ringing, it **might be** Mona, but I'm not sure.
- ▶ If there is a lot of traffic, I **might be** late.

must

نستخدم **must** بمعنى (من المؤكد أن) عند التأكد من شيء ما.

- ▶ I am sure, he **must be** a doctor.
- ▶ You **must be** salma's sister. You look very similar.

can't

نستخدم **can't** بمعنى (لا يمكن أن أو من المستحيل أن) عندما نكون متأكدين من معلومة ولكن بالنفي.

- ▶ That **can't be** a real dinosaur. There aren't any dinosaurs on earth.
- ▶ I am sure, he **can't be** a doctor, he is an engineer.

لاحظ

(perhaps ----- will) = might

- ▶ **Perhaps**, they **will** visit Aswan. = They **might** visit Aswan.

تيجي إزاي في الإمتحان؟

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- I know that it is my pen. It is the only red one. (must). (سوهاج / السويس 2019)
- ▶ It **must** / That **must be** my pen. It is the only red one.
- Perhaps I'll wear a jacket today, I'm not sure. (might)
- ▶ I **might** wear a jacket today. I'm not sure.
- It is impossible this is a real dinosaur. There aren't any dinosaurs on earth. (can't be)
- ▶ That **can't be** a real dinosaur. There aren't any dinosaurs on earth!

Exercises on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 To on something means to give all your attention to it.
 (a) learn (b) fight (c) focus (d) speak
- 2 Students..... projects where they work together to develop their skills.
 (a) make (b) do (c) get (d) give
- 3 is information or facts.
 (a) Technology (b) Data (c) Ability (d) Job
- 4 STEM schools are different usual schools.
 (a) for (b) of (c) in (d) to
- 5 You can use the to print something from your laptop.
 (a) screen (b) printer (c) earphones (d) mouse
- 6 Modern train stations have ticket..... to take your ticket before travelling.
 (a) videos (b) machines (c) bakeries (d) glasses
- 7 When you stop something to happen, it means that you..... it.
 (a) produce (b) increase (c) prevent (d) do
- 8 The students used the..... from the experiment to draw a graph.
 (a) wi-fi (b) data (c) smartphones (d) messages
- 9 We can use the internet in this cafe because it has.....
 (a) laptop (b) TV (c) ebook (d) Wi-fi

Exercises on Structure

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1 That man is running very fast. He..... fit.
 (a) might be (b) must be (c) can't be (d) won't
- 2 Aliaa walks to school every day. Her school very far.
 (a) can't be (b) must be (c) might be (d) will be
- 3 Nour answered all the questions correctly. She be clever.
 (a) might (b) can't (c) mustn't (d) must
- 4 Look at the tourists. They are swimming in the sea. The weather very cold.
 (a) can't be (b) must be (c) will be (d) is
- 5 Take a bottle of water with you. It..... be very hot today.
 (a) might not (b) should (c) can't (d) might
- 6 She is interested in ancient history. She..... be an archaeologist one day.
 (a) can't (b) must (c) shouldn't (d) might
- 7 Some scientists have to work in Antarctica. It..... very cold and difficult work.
 (a) mustn't (b) can't be (c) couldn't be (d) must be
- 8 I'm sure it's a wolf. It..... a dog.
 (a) must be (b) can't be (c) may be (d) might be
- 9 They are laughing loudly. They..... happy.
 (a) must be (b) can't be (c) mustn't be (d) won't be

2 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 I'm sure (certain) Ali **is** clever. He gets the full mark. (must be)
- 2 Perhaps this coin **is** Egyptian. I'm not certain. (might)



- 3 I feel sure this is not a real dinosaur. There aren't any dinosaurs on earth. (**can't be**)
- 4 Manal is at home. I can see lights on in her house. (**must be**)



Mini test on Unit

4

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Tamer and Lobna are talking about STEM schools.

Tamer
Lobna
Tamer
Lobna
Tamer
Lobna
Tamer
Lobna

- 1 ?
- It is short for science, technology, engineering and maths.
- Are there STEM schools in Egypt?
- 2
- 3 ?
- No, the lessons are in English.
- Is it easy to find a job after you graduate?
- 4

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

"3 Marks"

- 1 You apologize for spilling a glass of water on your friend's jeans.
- 2 Your friend has a stomachache. Deduce the reason.
- 3 Your sister will buy you a present at your birthday. You are sure.

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- 1 The sky is clear today. It rain.
a **must** b **may** c **can** d **can't**
- 2 Ali studies his lessons very well. He pass his exams.
a **must** b **may** c **might** d **can't**
- 3 He have fallen off his bike. I am not sure.
a **can** b **must** c **might** d **can't**
- 4 It is to take your passport when you go abroad.
a **essential** b **enormous** c **enjoyable** d **easy**
- 5 My brother is collecting for his research.
a **data** b **date** c **dates** d **drama**
- 6 My new has a big screen and I can type on it easily.
a **car** b **taxi** c **laptop** d **motorbike**

4 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 He looks happy. The exam must be easy. (**can't**)
- 2 We are sure that Maha will come on time. (**must**)
- 3 I have no idea if my father will buy me a new mobile. (**might**)



Unit 5

Achievements

important words

ability	قدرة	graduates	خريجين	skill	مهارة
achievement	إنجاز	improve	يحسن	software	برامج
article	مقال	intelligent	ذكي	result	نتيجة
competition	مسابقة	level	مستوى	sum	مسألة
degree	درجة	memorise	يحفظ	trophy	جائزة - كأس
firefighter	رجل المطافئ	newspaper	جريدة	university	جامعة
genius	عبقري	partner	شريك	polite	مؤدب

Prepositions & Expressions

at a high level	في مستوى متقدم	play chess	يلعب شطرنج
at the age of	في سن	put out	يطفى
decide to	يقرر أن	take a rest	يستريح
do a sum	يحل مسألة حسابية	walk past	يمر أمام / يسير بمحاذاة

Structure

القدرة وعدم القدرة Ability or inability

للتعبير عن القدرة على فعل شيء في المضارع نستخدم **can, can't** ويأتي بعدهما المصدر.

- ▶ You **can** swim, **can't** you?
- ▶ Sorry, I **can't** help you.
- ▶ **Can** you help me lift this box?

لاحظ أن

can = am / is / are able to
can't = am not / isn't / aren't able to

- ▶ You **can** swim, can't you? = You **are able to** swim, aren't you?
- ▶ Sorry, I **can't** help you. = Sorry, I'm **not able to** help you.

للتعبير عن القدرة على فعل شيء في الماضي نستخدم:

(could / couldn't - was / were (not) able to)

- ▶ I **could** swim when I was seven.
- ▶ My brother **couldn't** do his homework.

لعمل سؤال عن القدرة في الماضي بـ (هل) يكون السؤال كالتالي

Could + فاعل + مصدر = Was / Were + فاعل + able to + مصدر?

- ▶ **Could** you read when you were six? Yes, I could. No, I couldn't.
- ▶ **Were** you **able to** read when you were six? Yes, I was. No, I wasn't.

لعمل سؤال عن القدرة في الماضي بـ (أداة استفهام) يكون السؤال كالتالي

مصدر + فاعل + could / couldn't + كلمة استفهام
مصدر + فاعل + able to + was / were + كلمة استفهام

كيفية التعامل في الامتحان

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 Ramy spoke two languages when he was ten. (able) (الإسماعيلية 2018)
- ▶ Ramy was able to speak two languages when he was ten.
- 2 Mahmoud Wael could give all the answers to the sums. (able) (الإسكندرية 2018)
- ▶ Mahmoud Wael was able to give all the answers to the sums.
- 3 Mona couldn't finish the project yesterday. (able) (المنيا 2018)
- ▶ Mona wasn't able to finish the project yesterday.

Language Functions

Adding information إضافة معلومة

- 1 Injy revises her lessons well. **Furthermore**, she does all her homework on time.
- 2 **In addition to doing** his homework, Youssef helps his mother in the kitchen every night.
- 3 I could play tennis when I was eight. **In addition**, I could use the internet.

تيجى إزاي في الإمتحان؟

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 I studied my lessons. In addition, I helped mum with the housework. (studying)
- ▶ In addition to studying my lessons. I helped mum with the housework.
- 2 Magdy is good at basketball. He's good at football, too. (Furthermore)
- ▶ Magdy is good at basketball. Furthermore, He's good at football.
- 3 Salma played the guitar, In addition, she went shopping. (In addition to)
- ▶ In addition to playing the guitar. Salma went shopping.
- 4 Toka bought tea yesterday. She bought sugar as well. (In addition)
- ▶ Toka bought tea yesterday. In addition, She bought sugar.

Exercises on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 The six..... old girl couldn't do her maths homework.
 (a) years (b) year's (c) years (d) year
- 2 He is very young, but he can..... all the answers to the sums.
 (a) take (b) do (c) make (d) give
- 3 When you finish your study at university/you can get your.....
 (a) prize (b) degree (c) agree (d) sum
- 4 A is a maths problem needs to be worked out.
 (a) skill (b) sum (c) price (d) prize
- 5 He got a medal for the results he
 (a) achieved (b) made (c) used (d) won
- 6 Both Reem and Jehad athletes .
 (a) is (b) was (c) are (d) has

- 7 He is either an intelligent boy..... he studies hard.
 (a) **and** (b) **nor** (c) **or** (d) **but**
- 8 My father always goes to work on time,..... he does his work well.
 (a) **inside** (b) **in addition** (c) **however** (d) **but**
- 9 Tarek is a genius, he has something
 (a) **special** (b) **stupid** (c) **private** (d) **bad**
- 10 First, Nahla got in medicine, then she got a job in the hospital.
 (a) **degree** (b) **paper** (c) **newspaper** (d) **wardrobe**

Exercises on Structure

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1 Haneen couldn't..... her maths homework.
 (a) **did** (b) **done** (c) **do** (d) **does**
- 2 Mahmoud to give all answers to the sums.
 (a) **could** (b) **were able** (c) **couldn't** (d) **was able**
- 3 Many children..... draw pictures when they were six.
 (a) **was able** (b) **was able to** (c) **were able** (d) **were able to**
- 4 There was a fire at the hotel, but the firefighters..... put it out very quickly.
 (a) **were able to** (b) **couldn't** (c) **was able** (d) **weren't able**
- 5 When were you able ?
 (a) **to swim** (b) **swimming** (c) **swim** (d) **swum**
- 6 I wasn't..... read until I went to school.
 (a) **able** (b) **able to** (c) **able for** (d) **able about**
- 7 When you were ten, you speak English?
 (a) **have** (b) **could** (c) **had** (d) **can**
- 8 Yesterday, Omar do that exercise alone. So, he called me for help.
 (a) **was able to** (b) **could** (c) **can't** (d) **couldn't**
- 9 My cousin is very good at speaking English., he speaks French.
 (a) **In addition to** (b) **Furthermore** (c) **Addition to** (d) **As well**
- 10 reading after dinner, I write emails to my friends.
 (a) **In addition to** (b) **In Addition** (c) **As well** (d) **Furthermore**

2 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Last month, I wasn't able to climb that wall. (couldn't)

 2 When Ahmed was young, he swam so well. (could)

 3 Why couldn't Ali open the door? (wasn't)

 4 Nadia made soup. She also made rice for lunch. (In addition to...)

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

- Aya Which job would you like to do when you grow up?
 Alaa ①
 Aya A doctor! ②?
 Alaa Because I want to help people who are ill.
 Aya Are you going to work in the city or the countryside?
 Alaa ③
 Aya Why do you want to work in the countryside?
 Alaa ④

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

"3 Marks"

- ① You advise your friend not to smoke.

 ② You ask your brother to open the door.

 ③ You suggest playing football.

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- ① My granddaughter walk some steps last night.
 a were able to b could c can d can't
 ② When Amal was 6 years old, she read and write English.
 a was able b could c can d can't
 ③ In playing football, he plays music very well.
 a addition to b addition c furthermore d edition
 ④ Who won the Nobel for chemistry from Egypt?
 a reward b trophy c prize d medal
 ⑤ I think some occupations such as carpentry need some
 a skillful b skilled c clever d skills
 ⑥ Computer can do quickly and accurately.
 a some b sun c sons d sums

4 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

"3 Marks"

- ① Ahmed couldn't lift the box because he was ill. (able)

 ② She did her homework and helped her mother. (In addition to)

 ③ Although Mohammed came late, he was allowed to enter the lecture. (However)



Unit 6

Inventors

important words

calendar	تقويم	goods	بضائع	poster	ملصق
chemist	صيدلي / كيميائي	grammar	قواعد	recognise	يتعرف على
competition	منافسة	guest	ضيف	remind	يذكر
emphasise	يؤكد	inventor	مخترع	starve	يموت جوعاً
entertain	يُسلّي	lawn mower	جرّازة عُشب / محشّة	steamship	سفينة بخارية
environment	البيئة	oar	مجداف	vacuum cleaner	مكنسة كهربائية
examine	يفحص	patient	مريض		

Prepositions & Expressions

along the Nile	بمحاذاة النيل	make the bed	يرتب الفراش
correct mistakes	يصحح الأخطاء	on hot days	في الأيام الحارة
expert at	خبير في	remind + مصدر + to + مفعول	يذكر ... أن
for this reason	لهذا السبب	similar to	مشابه لـ

Structure

الأفعال المتعدية والأفعال اللازمة

Transitive & intransitive verbs

الأفعال المتعدية هي الأفعال التي لها مفعول سواء كان مباشراً أو غير مباشراً.

- Tarek asked a question. (a question = direct object)
- Tarek asked me a question. (me = indirect object)

Subject + transitive verb + indirect object + direct object

مفعول به مباشر + مفعول به غير مباشر + فعل متعدي + فاعل

- Ali sent me an email.

Subject + Transitive verb + direct object + to / for + indirect object

مفعول به غير مباشر + مفعول به مباشر + فعل متعدي + فاعل

- Ali sent an email to me.

الأفعال اللازمة هي الأفعال التي لا يكون لها مفعول مباشر وتكون الجملة كاملة بمجرد وجود اسم وفعل فقط.

- The baby is sleeping.
- We left early in the morning.

هناك بعض الأفعال متعدية وللازمة للفظ **Some verbs are transitive or intransitive**

- I want to drink.
- I want to drink something cold.
- Ibrahim is reading.
- Ibrahim is reading a novel.

كيفية التعامل في الامتحان

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- My father bought me a smartphone. (for me) 2018 الإسماعيلية
- My father bought a smartphone for me.
- His father bought him a laptop. (for him) 2018 أسيوط
- His father bought a laptop for him.

Final Revision

- 3 The sons **bought their mother** a present on her birthday. (for) بنى سوييف 2018
 ▶ The sons **bought a present for their mother** on her birthday.
- 4 My cousin **sent me an email** yesterday. (to) الشرقية 2019
 ▶ My cousin **sent an email to me** yesterday.

Language Functions

للتأكيد على نقطة أو معلومة Emphasising a point	You must remember to + مصدر	▶ You must remember to describe characters well .
	You must remember that + جملة	▶ You must remember that grammar rules are important .
	Don't forget to + مصدر	▶ Don't forget to describe characters well .
	Don't forget that + جملة	▶ Don't forget that grammar rules are important .
	It's + صفة + to + مصدر	▶ It's necessary to describe characters well . ▶ It is important to describe characters well .

كيفية التعامل في الامتحان

Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

- You want to remind your mother to buy you a book.
▶ You must remember to buy me a book.
- Ask your sister not to forget to switch off the lights before sleeping.
▶ Don't forget to switch off the lights before sleeping.
- Remind your brother to write his homework.
▶ You must remember to write your homework.
- You want to emphasise that studying hard is necessary.
▶ It's necessary to study hard.

Exercises on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- If something is It means that it's for you or belonging to you.
 (a) **public** (b) **personal** (c) **local** (d) **international**
- Personal..... are designed to help people with jobs at home.
 (a) **rabbits** (b) **robots** (c) **mobiles** (d) **toys**
- The twins are so..... It's difficult to know the difference between them.
 (a) **same** (b) **similar** (c) **different** (d) **difficult**
- Your personal robot will..... hello to you when you come home.
 (a) **tell** (b) **say** (c) **speak** (d) **talk**
- robots are sent inside volcanoes to study places that are dangerous.
 (a) **Scientific** (b) **Personal** (c) **Space** (d) **Vacuum**
- robots are sent inside volcanoes to study places that are dangerous.
 (a) **drive** (b) **dive** (c) **recognise** (d) **fly**
- Scientists study..... to know if they are dangerous.
 (a) **vocal** (b) **valves** (c) **volcanoes** (d) **voices**
- When water boils, we can see
 (a) **steel** (b) **wheel** (c) **ice** (d) **steam**

- 8 The sailor got into the boat and used the to sail across the lake.
 (a) sails (b) seats (c) windows (d) doors
- 9 Scientific is very important.
 (a) search (b) problem (c) research (d) steam
- 10 Lawn..... is a machine to cut the grass in a garden or a park.
 (a) mover (b) cooker (c) mower (d) cleaner

Exercises on Structure

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1 I gave the pen.
 (a) to my friend (b) my friend (c) his (d) for my friend
- 2 Salma sent..... a present.
 (a) mine (b) for me (c) to me (d) me
- 3 The doctor gave..... some medicine.
 (a) his (b) to him (c) for him (d) him
- 4 I bought..... a new camera.
 (a) him (b) to him (c) for him (d) of him
- 5 He bought a present.
 (a) his mother (b) for his mother (c) hers (d) to his mother
- 6 Mum made a cake
 (a) to we (b) for us (c) us (d) to ourselves
- 7 Sama lent
 (a) to me her book (b) for me her book (c) me to her book (d) me her book
- 8 Please, send
 (a) an email me (b) to me an email (c) me an email (d) an email for me
- 9 These are Basmala's books. Please can you give..... to her?
 (a) it (b) them (c) to it (d) to them
- 10 I bought the newspaper
 (a) for you (b) because you (c) you (d) you for

2 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Ahmed gave Amal a book. (to)

 2 Ali brought a present for his mum. (A present)

 3 I bought a toy for Sama. (bought Sama)

 4 Mum baked us a nice cake. (for)

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

A customer is talking to a shop assistant.

Assistant

Hello, can I help you?

Customer

1 a new shirt.

Assistant

What size would you like to buy?

Customer

2

Assistant

3 ?

Customer

I'd like to have a blue one.

Assistant

4 ?

Customer

It's 100 L.E.

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 You are sure that your friend is intelligent.



.....

2 You want to remind your father to buy you a mobile.



.....

3 Someone advises you not to smoke.



.....

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

1 When erupt, they send dust into the atmosphere.

a volcanoes

b wind

c storms

d gases

2 I need a cleaner to clean the carpets.

a van

b loom

c vaccine

d vacuum

3 Some people are going to because of lack of food.

a starve

b start

c save

d thirst

4 We should reclaim desert land we can grow more food.

a so that

b in order to

c to

d too

5 My father is going to buy a car..... my elder brother.

a for

b to

c about

d so

6 The teacher me another chance.

a ran

b gave

c went

d walked

4 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

"3 Marks"

1 My uncle gave me a pen.

(to)



.....

2 It's necessary to study hard.

(remember)



.....

3 His sister made him a cake.

(for)



.....



Unit 7

All about Sports

important words

athlete	رياضى	indoor	داخلي	opponent	خصم
although	بالرغم من	grab	ينتزع	pole	عمودعارضة
championship	بطولة	law	قانون	popular	محبوب
contrast	تناقض	measure	يقيس	racket	مضرب
court	ملعب تنس	spectator	متفرج	referee	حكم
helmet	خوذة	the Olympics	الألعاب الأولمبية	score	يسجل

Prepositions & Expressions

apologise for	يعتذر لـ	filled with	مملوء بـ
compete for	يتنافس من أجل	hit the ball with	يضرب الكرة بـ
congratulate on	يهنئ على	do revision	يراجع

Structure

الإلزام والضرورة Obligation & Necessity

(have to / has to / had to / must / mustn't)

للتعبير عن الضرورة فى المضارع نستخدم (have to / has to / must + infinitive)

- ▶ We **have to** go to school on time.
- ▶ You **must** see a doctor.

have to + مصدر
has to + مصدر

= It's necessary to
= It's obligatory to

من الضروري أن
إنه أمر إلزامى أن

- ▶ We **have to** go to school on time.
= **It's necessary** / obligatory to go to school on time.

نستخدم **have to**, **has to** للتعبير عن إلزام خارجى مفروض علينا (قواعد أو قوانين).

نستخدم **must** للتعبير عن إلزام داخلى غير مفروض علينا (لاذرة للنفس أو نصيحة بقوة).

لاحظ

فى حالة النفى نستخدم (**don't have to**, **doesn't have to**, **mustn't + infinitive**)

- ▶ She **doesn't have to** hurry, she isn't late for school.
- ▶ You **mustn't** park your car here.

نستخدم **mustn't** للتعبير عن (الحظر أو المنع):

mustn't + مصدر

= It's not allowed **to**
= It's forbidden **to**
= It's prohibited **to** / It's banned **to**
= It's against the law **to**

ليس مسموحاً أن
ممنوع أن
محرم أن
ضد القانون أن

- ▶ **It is against the law to** smoke in hospitals.

للتعبير عن الضرورة فى الماضى نستخدم (**had to + infinitive**)

- ▶ I couldn't go out because I **had to** do my homework.

فى حالة النفى نستخدم (**didn't have to + infinitive**)

- ▶ She **didn't have to** hurry, she wasn't late for school.

لاحظ أن

had to + مصدر = It was necessary (for + فاعل) to + مصدر

- ▶ She **had to** go shopping.

= **It was necessary for her** to go shopping.

Final Revision

كيفية التعامل في الامتحان

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 It's **against the law** to drive a car without a license. (mustn't) الدقهلية 2018
 ▶ You **mustn't** drive a car without a license.
- 2 It's **not necessary** to get up early tomorrow. It's a holiday. (have to) بنى سويف 2018
 ▶ You **don't have to** get up early tomorrow. It's a holiday.
- 3 It is **necessary** to run to catch my train. (have to) (الأقصر 2019)
 ▶ I **have to** run to catch my train.
- 4 I **had to** see a doctor. (necessary)
 ▶ It was **necessary** for me to see a doctor.

Language Functions

التناقض Contrasting information	However بالرغم من / ومع ذلك (تأتي في بداية الجملة الثانية)	▶ In the past, the Olympic Games were held in Greece only. However , today the Olympics are held in different countries.
	Although على الرغم من (تستخدم في بداية أو وسط الجملة)	▶ Although there have been changes, it's always a great achievement to win a game. ▶ Ali is happy although he is poor.
	But لكن (تستخدم في وسط الجملة)	▶ Ali is poor but he is happy.

كيفية التعامل في الامتحان

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning.

- 1 He is tired. However, he studies a lot. (Although)
 ▶ **Although** he is tired, he studies a lot.
- 2 She wanted to bake a cake. She didn't have any eggs. (However)
 ▶ She wanted to bake a cake. **However**, she didn't have any eggs.
- 3 They got up early, but they didn't catch the bus. (Although)
 ▶ **Although** they got up early, they didn't catch the bus.

Exercises on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 We can use to hold up a tent.
 (a) poles (b) signs (c) costumes (d) flutes
- 2 Mohamed Salah two goals in yesterday's match.
 (a) kicked (b) scored (c) grabbed (d) held
- 3 You should more revision.
 (a) make (b) do (c) play (d) stay
- 4 are long bits of metal or wood to which you can tie things.
 (a) Pools (b) Poles (c) Bowls (d) Pills
- 5 Chess can be played inside a building, so it's an game.
 (a) indoor (b) outdoor (c) outdoors (d) indoors
- 6 Places where a tennis or basketball match is played are called
 (a) pools (b) courts (c) gardens (d) fields
- 7 You mustn't park here. It's against the
 (a) level (b) line (c) low (d) law

- 8 My mother really delicious meals.
 (a) **kicks** (b) **cooks** (c) **loses** (d) **looks**
- 9 A..... is a place where you play tennis or basketball.
 (a) **theatre** (b) **museum** (c) **court** (d) **cinema**
- 10 Mariam got a for winning the sports competition.
 (a) **present** (b) **trophy** (c) **metal** (d) **price**

Exercises on Structure

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1 Did you..... do P.E. when you were at school?
 (a) **had to** (b) **have to** (c) **must** (d) **has to**
- 2 "No Parking" means you park here.
 (a) **don't have to** (b) **mustn't** (c) **must** (d) **have to**
- 3 You..... arrive early at school. Just come on time.
 (a) **must** (b) **mustn't** (c) **don't have to** (d) **have to**
- 4 I didn't have to cook meals, but I..... get up early.
 (a) **have to** (b) **has to** (c) **had to** (d) **doesn't have to**
- 5 What must you..... in the evening ?
 (a) **do** (b) **does** (c) **did** (d) **doing**
- 6 Long ago, tennis players..... wear special shoes on tennis courts.
 (a) **doesn't have to** (b) **didn't have to** (c) **won't have to** (d) **don't have to**
- 7 you have to go to school yesterday?
 (a) **Did** (b) **Do** (c) **Does** (d) **Have**
- 8 My sister..... finish all her homework today.
 (a) **have to** (b) **mustn't** (c) **hadn't** (d) **has to**
- 9 Hana have to visit Luxor with her family?
 (a) **Must** (b) **Do** (c) **Does** (d) **Can**
- 10 I enjoy watching tennis on TV., I never play it.
 (a) **However** (b) **In addition** (c) **So** (d) **For**

2 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning: "3 Marks"

- 1 It is necessary for him to come early. (has to)

 2 You don't have to hurry. We have too much time. (necessary)

 3 I had to see a doctor. (necessary)

 4 You aren't allowed to smoke in hospitals. (mustn't)

 5 It is important for students to wear a uniform. (have to)

1 Finish the following dialogue:**"4 Marks"****Hatim and Nader are talking about the American swimmer Michael Phelps****Hatim** Are you interested in watching the Olympic Games competitions?**Nader** ①**Hatim** ② ?**Nader** Michael Phelps. Do you know him?**Hatim** No, I don't. ③ ?**Nader** I think he is a hero. He won 28 medals in swimming.**Hatim** Amazing. What's his nationality?**Nader** ④**2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:****"3 Marks"**

① Your friend has just passed his driving license test.

.....

② You forgot to do your homework. Apologise to your teacher.

.....

③ Your sister is going to enter a hard competition. Encourage her.

.....

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**"3 Marks"**

① You take things which don't belong to you. This is theft.

a **must** b **have to** c **mustn't** d **don't have to**

② We go to school yesterday because it was a national holiday.

a **had to** b **needn't** c **shouldn't** d **didn't have to**

③ The news of the students' accident be reported to the police at once.

a **has** b **have** c **must** d **had**

④ Our team is playing well but our is playing better.

a **enemy** b **supporters** c **opponent** d **spectators**

⑤ The must not side with any team and he has to be fair.

a **referee** b **goalkeeper** c **attacker** d **player**

⑥ the weather was cold, we decided to go out for a walk.

a **However** b **But** c **Although** d **In addition****4 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:****"3 Marks"**

① Nada played well but she didn't win the tennis match.

(Although)

.....

② It is unnecessary for Mariam to wait for me.

(have)

.....

③ It isn't allowed to take photos her.

(mustn't)

.....

important words

balance	توازن	illness	مرض	physical	بدنى
brain	مخ	intelligence	الذكاء	prefer	يفضل
affect	يؤثر	intelligent	ذكى	recordings	تسجيلات
breathing	تنفس	mental	عقلي	research	يبحث
climate	مناخ	muscles	عضلات	solve	يحل
diagram	رسم توضيحي	nature	الطبيعة	trouble	متاعب
beat	يهزم / ينبض	without	بدون	washing up	غسيل أطباق

Prepositions & Expressions

followed by	يتبع بـ	physical exercise	تمرين بدنى
for example	على سبيل المثال	ready for	جاهز لـ
make a card	يقوم بعمل بطاقة معايدة	stand still	يثبت فى مكانه

Structure

الإلزام والضرورة

ING FORMS

الفعل المنتهى بـ (ing) من الممكن أن يُستخدم كاسم.

- **Reading** is enjoyable. ► **Cooking** is very easy.

- **Surfing** the internet has many advantages.

الأسماء المنتهية بـ (ing) من الممكن أن تكون فاعل أو مفعول.

- I love **teaching**. (مفعول) ► We love **swimming**. (مفعول)
 ► **Washing** up is very boring. (فاعل) ► **Swimming** is fun. (فاعل)

ليس كل الكلمات المنتهية بـ (ing) أسماء لكنها من الممكن أن تكون أسماء أو أفعال.

- **Swimming** is fun. (اسم) ► We are **swimming**. (فعل)

نستخدم صيغة الـ (ing) بعد بعض الأفعال مثل:

admit	يعترف بـ	fancy	يتخيل	keep	يستمر فى	prevent	يمنع
avoid	يتجنب	feel / like	يشتهى / يريد	like	يجب	recommend	يوصى
come	يأتي	finish	ينتهى	love	يجب	regret	يندم
delay	يعطل	go	يذهب	mind	يمنع	stand	يتحمل
deny	ينكر	hate	يكره	practise	يمارس	stop	يتوقف عن
enjoy	يستمتع	imagine	يتخيل	prefer	يفضل	suggest	يقترح

- Do you **enjoy** swim**ing**? ✎ Mai **practises** play**ing** the piano.
 ► I **recommend** read**ing** this nice story . ✎ I **suggest** play**ing** tennis.
 ► What about / how about + v + ing? لاحظ أن

نستخدم صيغة الـ (ing) بعد حروف الجر:

- Sailors are good **at** find**ing** their way. ✎ Are you interested **in** read**ing**?
 ► I look forward **to** see**ing** you. ✎ I am fond **of** go**ing** to parties.

كيفية التعامل في الامتحان

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 It's dangerous **to swim** in deep water. (Swimming) الإسماعيلية 2018
 ▶ Swimming in deep water is dangerous.
- 2 It's not healthy to lie in bed for a long time. (Lying) الغربية 2019
 ▶ Lying in bed for a long time is not healthy.
- 3 Nora likes to play basketball. It's her favourite sport. (Playing) الإسكندرية 2019
 ▶ Playing basketball is Nora's favourite sport.
- 4 I have a swim every week. (swimming)
 ▶ I go swimming every week.

Language Functions

Talking about problems التحدث عن المشكلات	Asking about & offering help السؤال عن المشكلات وعرض المساعدة
1 I'm afraid that I have a problem using the internet. 2 I find it difficult to look for the information that I need. 3 The trouble is that I spend too much time playing computer games.	1 Have you got any problems? هل لديك أى مشكلات؟ 2 What's the matter? ما الأمر؟ 3 Let me see if I can help. دعنى أرى إذا ما كان يمكننى مساعدتك.

كيفية التعامل في الامتحان

Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

- 1 Someone tells you that he has a problem of spending too much time playing computer games.
 ▶ Let me see if I can help. it is much better to play a sport such as tennis.
- 2 Your friend is looking under his car. You want to know if he needs any help.
 ▶ Have you got any problems?

Exercises on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1 To is to make someone or something do what you want.
 (a) invite (b) breathe (c) control (d) understand
- 2 Training regularly makes your very strong and flexible.
 (a) skin (b) muscles (c) brain (d) ears
- 3 It's important to physical exercises.
 (a) do (b) make (c) take (d) get
- 4 I have read a/an about ways of learning things in my school English magazine.
 (a) lesson (b) line (c) article (d) book
- 5 I lost my and fell on the ground.
 (a) source (b) balance (c) intelligence (d) keys
- 6 exercise keeps you fit and helps to reduce stress.
 (a) Physics (b) Physical (c) Physician (d) Physically

- 7 are good at controlling their bodies.
 (a) **Doctors** (b) **Athletes** (c) **Artists** (d) **Learners**
- 8 My brother is good..... learning languages.
 (a) **on** (b) **in** (c) **at** (d) **for**
- 9 A..... is a game that you have to think about carefully to find clues.
 (a) **puzzle** (b) **problem** (c) **trouble** (d) **research**
- 10 My family are going to fly to England, but I'm..... of flying.
 (a) **angry** (b) **happy** (c) **busy** (d) **frightened**



Exercises on Structure

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1 Rana is good at the computer.
 (a) **use** (b) **used** (c) **using** (d) **to use**
- 2 by train is comfortable.
 (a) **Travels** (b) **Travelling** (c) **Travelled** (d) **Travel**
- 3 in bed for a long time isn't healthy.
 (a) **Lying** (b) **Diving** (c) **Cooking** (d) **Dropping**
- 4 Does..... to stories make you feel happy ?
 (a) **listens** (b) **listen** (c) **listened** (d) **listening**
- 5 I stop football when I feel tired.
 (a) **play** (b) **playing** (c) **player** (d) **played**
- 6 books in a car sometimes makes Nasser feel ill.
 (a) **Read** (b) **Reads** (c) **Reading** (d) **To reading**
- 7 I am looking forward to you.
 (a) **meet** (b) **meets** (c) **met** (d) **meeting**
- 8 physical exercise helps basketball players keep fit.
 (a) **Do** (b) **Doing** (c) **To doing** (d) **Done**
- 9 I'm proud Egyptian.
 (a) **to being** (b) **with being** (c) **of being** (d) **for being**
- 10 helps us to get more information.
 (a) **Eating** (b) **Running** (c) **Playing** (d) **Learning**

2 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Ahmed finds it easy to drive a car. (Driving)

 2 It's difficult to learn Chinese. (Learning)

 3 Sports help you keep fit. (Doing)

 4 He always catches fish on holiday. (go)

 5 I always like to read short stories. (enjoy)

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Doctor

1 ?

Faten

I have a nasty headache.

Doctor

2 ?

Faten

Yes, I use the computer daily.

Doctor

I advise you 3

Faten

4

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 You don't know how to reach the supermarket.



.....

2 You see a blind man crossing the street.



.....

3 You spilt juice on your friend's carpet.



.....

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

1 You need strong to be good at most sports.

a fingers

b toes

c muscles

d hair

2 too much TV is not good for your eyes.

a Watching

b Watch

c Watched

d Watches

3 We used our father's computer to buy the book

a outline

b offline

c with line

d online

4 It is an urgent must to stop here.

a to smoke

b smoked

c smoking

d smoker

5 I didn't understand this Do you know the answer?

a muzzle

b puzzle

c buzz

d pus

6 When will you finish the flat?

a decorated

b decorate

c decorates

d decorating

4 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

"3 Marks"

1 Could you close the window?

(mind)



.....

2 Would you like to read detective stories?

(interested)



.....

3 I am sorry I didn't attend your birthday party.

(apologise)



.....

important words

adults	كبار	hand out	يُسَلِّم	set up	يؤسس - يبدأ
accident	حادثة	invitation	دعوة	signs	إشارات
blind	أعمى	jewellery	مجوهرات	slightly	بدرجة طفيفة
charity	مؤسسة خيرية	moreover	علاوة على ذلك	soldier	جندي
crowded	مزدحم	text	نص	system	نظام
deaf	أصم	dumb	أبكم	take up	يتعلم - يحترف

Prepositions & Expressions

a school for the blind	مدرسة خاصة بالمكفوفين	read in Braille	يقرأ بطريقة برايل
a system of dots	نظام النقاط	interested in	مهتم بـ
change text into	يحول النص الى	take turns	يتبادل الأدوار

Structure

Non defining Relative clauses

who - which - that - whose - where - when

- نستخدم ضمائر الوصل المحددة للربط بين جملتين لإعطاء معلومات أساسية عن الاسم.
- نستخدم ضمائر الوصل غير المحددة للربط بين جملتين لإعطاء معلومات إضافية عن الاسم.
- يوجد دائما فاصلة قبل جملة الوصل غير المحددة.

يستخدم هذا الضمير مع العاقل بمعنى الذي أو التي : who/whom

- ▶ Mr Zaki, **who** lives next door, is a scientist. لاحظ أن مستر زكي فاعل عاقل

يستخدم هذا الضمير مع غير العاقل بمعنى الذي أو التي : which

- ▶ Elephants, **which** live for 45 years, are found in Africa.

معلومة هامة : يمكن استخدام (that) بدلا من (who - which - whom).

- ▶ A doctor is the person **who / that** helps sick people.
- ▶ This is the e-book **which / that** he was reading.

يستخدم هذا الضمير مع المكان بمعنى حيث : where

- ▶ **Aswan** is the city, **where** he was born. ▶ This is the school, **where**he works.

يستخدم هذا الضمير مع الوقت بمعنى عندما : when

- ▶ **2010** was the year, **when** Adel was born.
- ▶ **Friday** is the day, **when** we go on a holiday.

يستخدم هذا الضمير للتعبير عن الملكية للعاقل وغير العاقل : whose

الملكية مثل :

Ali's / Hana's أو صفة ملكية مثل (my / his / her / its / our / your / their)

- ▶ Ali, **whose factory** makes clothes, is very rich.
- ▶ I saw the cat, **whose tail** is brown.

كيفية التعامل في الامتحان

Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 I went to visit my aunt last week. She lives in Alex. (who) (البجيرة 2018)
- ▶ I went to visit my aunt, who lives in Alex ,last week.
- 2 May is the driest month in Cairo. It has the least rain of all the months. (which) (الوادي الجديد 2018)
- ▶ May, which has the least rain of all the months, is the driest month in Cairo.
- 3 My friend is called Noha. Her father is a dentist. (whose)
- ▶ My friend, whose father is a dentist, is called Noha.
- 4 Luxor is near the Nile. Thousands of tourists stay there every year. (where) (WB)
- ▶ Luxor, where thousands of tourists stay every year, is near the Nile.

Language Functions

Inviting people دعوة الأشخاص	Accepting invitation قبول الدعوة	Refusing invitation رفض الدعوة
1 Would you like to (go to)..? 2 I'd like to invite you to 3 Do you want to come to...?	1 I'd love to! 2 That / It sounds great. 3 I'd be pleased to come.	1 I'm sorry... 2 I'm afraid I can't .. 3 I'd love to, but I can't because

Exercises on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 When a blind student touches the letters, he can the meaning of the words.
 (a) look up (b) work out (c) invent (d) improve
- 2 Louis Braille Barbier's system of dots to make it easier.
 (a) showed (b) kept (c) improved (d) enjoyed
- 3 Every person has five.....
 (a) shapes (b) senses (c) signs (d) dots
- 4 Louis Braille made up for maths and music.
 (a) senses (b) signs (c) subjects (d) dots
- 5 The..... is the way of doing something.
 (a) invitation (b) system (c) apology (d) information
- 6 A/An person isn't able to see.
 (a) deaf (b) blind (c) dumb (d) adult
- 7 A person is the one who can't hear.
 (a) blind (b) dumb (c) lazy (d) deaf
- 8 language is the way used by deaf people to communicate using hands.
 (a) Sign (b) Body (c) Eye (d) Mouth

- 9 is a group of musicians who use different musical instruments.
 (a) Army (b) Team (c) Orchestra (d) chorus
- 10 The orchestra is having a next Friday.
 (a) game (b) match (c) music (d) concert

Exercises on Structure

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1 We went to the supermarket, we bought some food for a picnic.
 (a) which (b) who (c) where (d) that
- 2 My uncle lives in Cairo, is visiting us tonight.
 (a) whose (b) who (c) when (d) that
- 3 Louis went to school in his village..... his father made equipment for horses.
 (a) who (b) that (c) where (d) whose
- 4 The man,..... car was stolen, went to the police station.
 (a) when (b) whose (c) where (d) who
- 5 September, we go back to school, is the ninth month of the year.
 (a) when (b) where (c) that (d) which
- 6 Cairo..... is the capital of Egypt, is the biggest city in Africa.
 (a) who (b) which (c) where (d) whose
- 7 Luxor..... thousands of tourists stay every year, is near the Nile.
 (a) whose (b) when (c) where (d) who
- 8 book is this ? It's Basim's.
 (a) Who (b) Which (c) Whose (d) When
- 9 Louis Braille, system is used everywhere, became blind when he was three.
 (a) who (b) when (c) whose (d) which
- 10 I visited London,..... my father was working there.
 (a) who (b) which (c) when (d) where

2 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

"3 Marks"

- 1 I'm afraid I can't come. I'm so tired and exhausted. (sorry)

- 2 If you don't know what an English word means, find the word in a dictionary. (look)

- 3 Mona received a medal. She is an excellent runner. (who) (WB)

- 4 I went to visit my cousin last week. She lives in Luxor. (who)

- 5 The Deaf School was set up in Cairo. It is for all children. (which) (WB)

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Baher

1 ?

Shady

I am afraid. I am not very keen on basketball.

Baher

What about playing football?

Shady

2

Baher

When can we go to the club together?

Shady

3

Baher

4 ?

Shady

No, I don't have sports shoes.

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 You invite your friend to have a cup of tea.



.....

2 You refuse your friend's invitation to make a trip.



.....

3 You accept your friend's invitation to attend his brother's wedding.



.....

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

1 That's the lady brother won the prize.

a where

b which

c when

d whose

2 That is the place the police found the thief.

a when

b where

c which

d what

3 My friend, works in a big hospital, is going to marry.

a who

b whom

c that

d whose

4 Deaf people can in sign language.

a speak

b talk

c listen

d communicate

5 The teacher asked the student to help him hand the homework.

a back

b out

c up

d in

6 This piece of cheese takes the of a triangle.

a shop

b ship

c shake

d shape

4 Rewrite the following using the words in brackets to give the same meaning:

"3 Marks"

1 Farouk El-Baz is a genius. I admire him so much.

(who)



.....

2 I saw a cat with soft hair.

(whose)



.....

3 I like English best of all the subjects at school.

(which)



.....



- 1 Black Beauty lived with his mother and some other horses in a large field with a little wood at the top.
عاش بلاك بيبوتي مع والدته وبعض الخيول الأخرى في حقل واسع أعلاه غابة صغيرة.
- 2 Beauty's first owner, Farmer Grey, was a good man and he gave the horses healthy food and spoke to them kindly.
كان المالك الأول لبلاك بيبوتي "فارمر جراي" رجل طيب يعطى الخيول طعام صحي ويتكلم معهم بكل لطف.
- 3 Beauty was the youngest horse and he used to run with other young horses in the field and have great fun.
كان بيبوتي أصغر الخيول الموجودة كما اعتاد أن يجري مع باقي الخيول في الحقل ويحظى بمتعة كبيرة.
- 4 The horses used to have races, and when the biggest horses got too excited, they kicked and bit the horses next to them.
اعتادت الخيول على خوض سباقات وعندما تستثار الخيول الكبيرة تقوم برفس وعض الخيول التي بجوارها.
- 5 One day, Beauty's mother called him over to her and advised him not to bite or kick even when he is just playing a game.
ذات يوم، والدته بيبوتي نادته ونصحته ألا يعض أو يرفس حتى لو كان يلعب.
- 6 Beauty has never forgotten his mother's advice.
لم ينس بيبوتي نصيحة والدته أبداً.
- 7 Beauty grew into a tall, strong horse with a black coat, with one white foot and a white star on his head.
شب بيبوتي وأصبح حصاناً طويلاً قوياً ذو فرو أسود وقدم بيضاء ونجمة بيضاء على رأسه.
- 8 Beauty learned how to pull a carriage and his mother helped him to learn what to do.
تعلم بيبوتي كيف يجز عربة وساعدته والدته على تعلم كيفية عمل ذلك.
- 9 Beauty's mother explained that sometimes people don't understand what a horse needs and Beauty found out that his mother's words were very true.
أوضحت والدته بيبوتي أن الناس أحياناً لا يفهمون ما يحتاجه الحصان واكتشف بيبوتي أن كلام والدته صحيح جداً.
- 10 When Beauty was older, Farmer Grey decided to sell him to a new owner called Squire Gordon.
عندما كبر بلاك بيبوتي قرر فارمر جراي أن يبيعه لمالك جديد يدعى "سكواير جوردون".
- 11 Gordon lived in a big house in a lovely place called Birtwick Park which has large fields and comfortable stables.
كان يعيش جوردون في منزل كبير في مكان محبب يسمى "بيرتويك بارك" والتي كانت تحتوى على حقول واسعة واسطبلات مريحة.
- 12 Squire Gordon had a kind helper called John Manly who looked after Beauty.
كان لدى سكواير جوردون مساعد طيب يدعى "جون مانلي" والذي كان يعتني بيبوتي.
- 13 Beauty became good friends with the other horses in the stables.
أصبح بيبوتي صديق جيد مع الأحصنة الأخرى في الاسطبل.
- 14 Merrylegs was a small, fat horse. He was a jolly, gentle horse who was always making people laugh because of the way he walked.
كان "ميري ليجز" حصاناً صغيراً وسميناً ومرحاً ولطيفاً و كان يضحك الناس بطريقة مشيئه.
- 15 Ginger was a tall horse with a sad face.
كانت "جينجر" فرسة طويلة ذات وجه حزين.
- 16 Ginger often bit or kicked because people were not nice to her in the past.
كانت جينجر تعض وترفس لأن الناس لم يكونوا لطفاء معها في الماضي.
- 17 Squire Gordon's children used to bring Merrylegs apples and nice things to eat but they stopped when they knew that Ginger bit people.
اعتاد أطفال سكواير جوردون أن يحضروا لميري ليجز تفاح وأشياء جميلة ولكنهم توقفوا بعد أن عرفوا أن جينجر تعض الناس.
- 18 The next day, Squire Gordon took Beauty out around Birtwick Park and his wife called him Black Beauty.
ذات يوم أخذ سكواير جوردون بلاك بيبوتي في جولة حول بيرتويك بارك وقامت زوجته بتسميته "بلاك بيبوتي".

- 19 Beauty worked with Ginger, pulling carriages and found that she was thoughtful.
عمل بيوتي مع جينجر في جر العربات ووجد أنها وقورة.
- 20 Ginger always worked hard and soon they became good friends.
كانت جينجر دائما تعمل بجد وسرعان ما أصبحوا أصدقاء جديدين.
- 21 Ginger told Beauty about the people she worked with in the past who were often cruel.
أخبرت جينجر بيوتي عن الناس الذين عملت لديهم في الماضي والذين كانوا قاسين.
- 22 Ginger decided that she did not like people and did not want to do what they asked her to do so some people hit her hard.
قررت جينجر ألا تحب الناس ولا تفعل ما يطلبونه منها ولذلك قام الناس بضربها بشدة.
- 23 Ginger started to kick and bite people so they wanted to sell her, and finally she arrived at Squire Gordon's.
بدأت جينجر ترفس وتعض الناس ولذلك أرادوا بيعها حتى وصلت في النهاية لـ سكواير جوردون.
- 24 As time passed, Ginger understood that John and Squire Gordon were different from her other owners.
بمرور الوقت أدركت جينجر أن جون وسكواير جوردون كانوا مختلفين عن ملاكها الآخرين.
- 25 John and Gordon were always kind and gentle with their horses and she was happy to do what they asked.
كان جون وجوردون طيبين وعطوفين على الخيول ولذلك كانت سعيدة بأن تفعل ما يطلبونه منها.
- 26 One day, Squire Gordon was riding Ginger when they passed a man who worked for him.
ذات يوم كان جوردون يمتطي جينجر حينما مروا برجل يعمل لديه .
- 27 The man was angry with his horse and hit it hard to make it go faster. Squire Gordon did not like this and told the man that a horse is not a machine.
كان الرجل غاضب من حصانه وضربه بشدة لجعله يسرع. لم يحب سكواير جوردون هذا وأخبر الرجل أن الحصان ليس آلة.
- 28 Ginger now began to respect Squire Gordon and decided she would not bite or kick people any more.
بدأت جينجر الآن تحترم سكواير جوردون وقررت ألا تعض أو ترفس الناس مرة أخرى.
- 29 One day, John brought Merrylegs back to the stable and said "Don't do that again, Merrylegs, or you'll be in trouble."
ذات يوم أعاد جون "ميري ليجز" إلى الأسطبل وقال له "لاتفعل هذا مرة أخرى والا سوف تقع في مشكلة".
- 30 Merrylegs wanted to give the boys a lesson, so he threw them on the ground because they think that a horse is like a machine, which can continue for hours without a rest.
أراد ميري ليجز أن يعطي الأولاد درسا، لذلك ألقيهم على الأرض لأنهم اعتقدوا أن الحصان كالآلة وأنه يستطيع أن يستمر في العمل لساعات بدون راحة.
- 31 Merrylegs didn't kick the boys in order not to be sold to some unkind person who would hit him all the time.
لم يقم ميري ليجز برفس الأولاد كي لا يتم بيعه إلى أشخاص غير طيبين من الممكن أن يقوموا بضربه طوال الوقت.

Questions & Answers

- 1 Do you think Black Beauty has a good mother? Why? " Qalubia 2018 "
هل تعتقد أن بلاك بيوتي له أم جيدة؟ لماذا؟
► Yes, because she always advised him and wanted to teach him good things.
نعم، لأنها كانت دائما تنصحه وتريد أن تعلمه أشياء جيدة.
- 2 Do you think that the horses liked Birtwick Park? Why? " Qalubia/Sohag 2019 "
هل تعتقد أن الخيول أحببت بيرتوك بارك؟ لماذا؟
► They liked it. Because it had comfortable stables and it was very big with large fields.
أحبوه، لأن بها اسطبلات مريحة وكانت كبيرة وبها حقول كبيرة.

- 3 What do you think of people who hit the horses hard to make them go faster? "Ismailia 2018"
ما رأيك في الناس التي تضرب الخيول بشدة لكي تجعلهم يمشون بسرعة؟
▶ I think they are unkind and cruel. أعتقد أنهم غير عطوفين وقساة.
- 4 Do you think that a horse is like a machine? Why? Why not? "Assuit 2018"
هل تعتقد أن الحصان مثل الآلة؟ لماذا لا؟
▶ No, because they feel like us. لا. لأنهم يشعرون مثلنا.
- 5 Which horse do you like more in "Black Beauty"? Why? " Beni Sweif 2018 "
أي حصان تحبه أكثر في قصة بلاك بيوتى؟ لماذا؟
▶ I like Black Beauty because he was a kind and polite horse. أحب بلاك بيوتى لأنه كان حصان طيب ومهذب.
- 6 Why do you think that horses were so important in the nineteenth century when Black Beauty was written? "Damietta 2018"
لماذا تعتقد أن الخيول كانت هامة جداً في القرن التاسع عشر عندما كتبت قصة بلاك بيوتى؟
▶ Because people used them to travel around and to pull their carriages. لأن الناس استخدمتهم للتجول ولجر عرباتهم.
- 7 Why do you think that people were not nice to Ginger in the past?"Dakahlia 2018"
لماذا تعتقد أن الناس كانوا غير طيبين مع جنجر في الماضي؟
▶ Because they didn't understand that horses are not machines. لأنهم لم يفهموا أن الخيول ليست آلات.
- 8 Merrylegs threw the boys on the ground. Do you agree with him on doing this? Why? Why not? "Ismailia 2018"
ميرليجز ألقي الأولاد على الأرض. هل توافق على فعل هذا؟ لماذا لا؟
▶ Yes, because he did not hurt the boys and he wanted them to learn to be kind to horses. نعم لأنه لم يؤذي الأولاد بل أراد أن يعلمهم أن يكونوا طيبين مع الخيول.
- 9 What do you think people should do with horses that bite or kick? "Kafr El-Sheikh 2018"
ماذا يجب على الناس أن تفعل مع الخيول التي تعض أو تركل؟
▶ I think they should be kind to them. أعتقد أن يكونوا طيبين معهم.
- 10 Do you think that Merrylegs was wrong to throw the older boys off his back? Why?/Why not?
هل تعتقد أن ميرليجز كان على خطأ عندما ألقي الأولاد الكبار من على ظهره؟ لماذا لا؟
▶ ☆He was not wrong to do this, because he did not hurt the boys and he wanted them to learn to be kind to horses. "Matrouh 2018"
لم يكن مخطئاً لفعل هذا لأنه لم يؤذي الأولاد بل أراد أن يعلمهم أن يكونوا طيبين مع الخيول.
- 11 Is it important to treat animals kindly? Why? "Assuit 2019"
هل من المهم أن تعامل الحيوانات بلطف؟ لماذا؟
▶ Yes, because the animals are not like a machine. نعم، لأن الحيوانات ليست مثل الآلة.
- 12 If you were a horse, would you like to be the kind of Ginger? Why / Why not? "Qalubia 2019"
لو كنت حصاناً هل كنت تحب أن تكون طيباً مع جنجر؟ لماذا لا؟
▶ Yes, because she was thoughtful and she always worked hard. نعم، لأنها كانت طيبة القلب ودائماً كانت تعمل بجد.
- 13 Are working animals better than machines? Why / Why not? "Fayoum 2019"
هل الحيوانات العاملة أفضل من الآلات؟ لماذا لا؟
▶ Yes, working animals are better for the environment. نعم الحيوانات العاملة أفضل للبيئة.
- 14 Do you think that it was natural for Ginger to change her bad behavior? Why / Why not? "South Sinai 2019"
هل تعتقد أنه كان من الطبيعي لجنجر أن تغير السلوك السيئ؟ لماذا لا؟
▶ Yes, if people were kind to her, she would change her bad behavior. نعم لو كان الناس طيبين معها كانت ستغير السلوك السيئ.



- 1 One morning, Beauty was put into a small carriage to take Gordon and John on a long journey for the Squire's business.
ذات صباح، تم وضع بيوتي في عربة صغيرة ليأخذ جوردون وجون في رحلة طويلة خاصة بأعمال سكاوير.
- 2 Beauty liked pulling this carriage because it was very light and easy to pull.
أحب بيوتي جر هذه العربة لأنها كانت خفيفة وسهلة الجر.
- 3 It was raining when they left and it was also windy, with many leaves blowing across from the road.
كان الجو ممطر وعاصف عندما غادروا وكانت أوراق الأشجار تتمايل خلال الطريق.
- 4 On their journey, they crossed a bridge, and Beauty saw that the water of the river was really high.
أثناء رحلتهم عبروا كوبري ورأى بيوتي أن الماء في النهر كان عال جداً.
- 5 Many of the fields were flooded and sometimes Beauty had to pull the carriage through water on the road.
كانت العديد من الحقول مغطاة بالماء حتى أن بيوتي اضطر أحياناً أن يجر العربة خلال الماء في الطريق.
- 6 When they got to the town, Beauty had a good rest while Squire Gordon did his work.
عندما وصلوا إلى المدينة حظى بيوتي براحة كافية بينما أنهى جوردون عمله.
- 7 They started to go home late in the afternoon, and Beauty heard the strong wind blowing through the big trees they passed.
بدأوا العودة للمنزل متأخراً بعد الظهر وسمع بيوتي رياح شديدة تهب بين الأشجار التي مروا بها.
- 8 A big tree suddenly fell across the road in front of them with a loud crash so they had to go back home a different way.
وفجأة سقطت شجرة كبيرة أمامهم في الطريق وكان لها صوت تحطم هائل ولذلك رجعوا للمنزل من طريق مختلف.
- 9 This different road was longer and when they got to the bridge, it was dark.
كان ذلك الطريق المختلف أطول وحينما وصلوا للكوبري كان الجو قد أظلم.
- 10 They started crossing the bridge, but beauty felt something was wrong, so he stopped.
بدأوا في عبور الكوبري ولكن بيوتي شعر بأن هناك شيء خاطئ لذلك توقف.
- 11 Squire Gordon tried to make Beauty cross the bridge but John said that there was something wrong.
حاول سكاوير جوردون أن يجعل بيوتي يعبر الكوبري لكن جون قال أن هناك شيء خاطئ.
- 12 A man shouted from the other side of the bridge and told them not to cross the bridge as it was broken in the middle.
نادى عليهم رجل من الجانب الآخر للكوبري وأخبرهم ألا يعبروا لأن الكوبري مكسور عند المنتصف.
- 13 John thanked the man and Gordon thanked Beauty as he saved them.
شكر جون الرجل كما شكر جوردون بيوتي لأنه أنقذهم.
- 14 They had to take another road home, but the wind was less strong now.
اضطروا أن يسلكوا طريقاً آخر للعودة لكن الرياح أصبحت أقل قوة الآن.
- 15 At last they saw the gates of Birtwick Park and Beauty was very pleased to be home and enjoyed his evening food because he was very tired.
وفي النهاية رأوا بوابات بيرتويك بارك وكان بيوتي سعيد جداً بالعودة للمنزل واستمتع بعشاءه لأنه كان متعباً جداً.
- 16 A few weeks later, Squire Gordon and his wife decided to visit some friends who lived about 60 kilometers from their home.
بعد عدة أسابيع قرر سكاوير جوردون وزوجته زيارة بعض الأصدقاء الذين كانوا يعيشون على بعد 60 كيلو متر من منزلهم.
- 17 They drove Ginger and Beauty about 35 kilometers on the first day then they stopped to stay for the night at an inn.
قادوا بلاك بيوتي وجينجر لحوالي 35 كيلومتر في الطريق الأول ثم توقفوا لقضاء الليلة في حانة.

- 18 Ginger and Beauty were fed and brushed and they were ready to go to sleep.
تم إطعام جينجر وبيوتي و غسلهم وأصبحوا على استعداد للنوم.
- 19 Another horse arrived and his young rider smoked a cigarette while his horse was brushed.
أتى حصان آخر و كان سائقه الصغير يدخن سيجارة أثناء تنظيف حصانه.
- 20 Beauty slept and when he woke up, he felt uncomfortable.
نام بيوتي وعندما استيقظ شعر بعدم ارتياح.
- 21 Beauty heard Ginger coughing and saw that the air was filled with smoke. Then he knew that there was a fire.
سمع بيوتي جينجر تكح ورأى أن الهواء مليء بالدخان. ثم علم أن هناك حريق.
- 22 A man appeared with a lantern and tried to take the horses outside but he was worried and this frightened the horses even more.
ظهر رجل حاملاً فانوس وحاول أن يخرج الخيول ولكنه كان مضطرباً وهذا أخاف الخيول أكثر.
- 23 The horses didn't want to leave although they were in danger.
لم تريد الخيول أن تغادر على الرغم أنهم كانوا في خطر.
- 24 John arrived and spoke softly and was so gentle so Beauty stopped feeling frightened and followed John out of the building and away from the fire.
وصل جون وتحدث بلطف مما جعل بيوتي يتوقف عن القلق وتبع جون خارج المبنى بعيداً عن الحريق.
- 25 When Beauty was safe, he called out for the other horses to leave and saved Ginger.
عندما أصبح بيوتي في مأمن نادى على باقى الخيول أن تغادر وأنقذ بذلك جينجر.
- 26 The fire was bigger and, just as John led Ginger away from the fire the building collapsed.
بمجرد أن قاد جون جينجر خارج المبنى اشتدت النار وانهار المبنى .
- 27 Finally, some firefighters arrived and put out the fire. After many hours, the fire was no more.
وفي النهاية حضر بعض رجال الإطفاء وأخمدوا الحريق وبعد عدة ساعات لم يعد هناك حريق.
- 28 When they arrived at the house of Squire Gordon's friends the next evening, everyone was talking to John.
عندما وصلوا لمنزل أصدقاء سكواير جوردون في الليلة التالية، كان الجميع يتحدث إلى جون.
- 29 Squire Gordon's friend said that it was one of the hardest things in the world to move horses when there is a fire.
قال أصدقاء سكواير جوردون أنه من أصعب الأمور على الإطلاق أن تنقل الخيول عند وجود حريق.

Questions & Answers

- 1 Why do you think that John was able to take the horses from the burning stables? "Beheira 2018"
لماذا تعتقد أن جون كان قادراً على أخذ الخيول من الاسطبلات المحترقة؟
▶ John was very calm so the horses stopped feeling worried.
جون كان هادئ جداً لهذا توقفت الخيول عن القلق.
- 2 Why do you think that moving horses when there is a fire is very hard? "Alex 2018"
لماذا تعتقد أن تحريك الخيول عندما يوجد نار صعب جداً؟
▶ Horses are frightened by fire and don't want to move.
الخيول تكون خائفة من النار ولا تريد أن تتحرك.
- 3 Why do you think that the horses wanted to stay in the stables although there was a fire? "Minia / Cairo 2019"
لماذا تعتقد أن الخيول أرادت أن تبقى في الاسطبلات على الرغم من وجود نار؟
▶ They felt safe in the stables and did not understand what was happening.
شعروا بالأمان في الاسطبلات ولم يكونوا يفهمون ماذا يحدث؟
- 4 How do you think that Black Beauty can predict danger? "New Valley 2018"
كيف تعتقد أن بلاك بيوتي يمكنه أن يتنبأ بالخطر؟
▶ He didn't cross the bridge as it was broken. It was not safe.
لم يعبر الكوبري لأنه كان مكسوراً. لم يكن آمناً.

- 6 Is moving horses when there is a fire hard? Why? Why not? "Fayoum 2018"
هل تحريك الخيول عند وجود نار أمر صعب؟ لماذا؟ لماذا لا؟
► Yes, because horses are frightened by fire and do not want to move.
نعم لأن الخيول خائفة من النار ولا يريدون أن يتحركوا.
- 6 For what reasons do you think that moving horses when there is a fire is very hard? "Aswan 2019"
لأى الأسباب تعتقد أن تحريك الخيول في وجود حريق أمر صعب؟
► I think horses are frightened by fire and they don't want to move and I think horses stop thinking well when they are afraid.
أعتقد أن الخيول خائفة من النار ولا يتحركون وأعتقد أن الخيول تتوقف عن التفكير جيداً عندما تكون خائفة.
- 6 Why do you think it's dangerous to smoke a cigarette in a stable? "Suez 2019"
لماذا تعتقد أنه من الخطر أن تدخن سيجارة في الإسطبل؟
► I think smoking a cigarette in a stable might cause a fire.
أعتقد أن تدخين سيجارة في الإسطبل ربما يسبب حريق.
- 6 Do you think that Black Beauty was right to stop crossing the bridge? Why? "Qena 2019"
هل تعتقد أن بلاك بيوتى كان على صواب عندما توقف عن عبور الكوبرى؟ لماذا؟
► Yes, because if he crossed the bridge, they would fall into the river.
نعم لأنه إذا عبر الكوبرى ربما يقعون في النهر.
- 6 Do you think Black Beauty always predicts danger? Give one example. "Fayoum 2019"
هل تعتقد أن بلاك بيوتى دائماً يتنبأ بالخطر؟ اعط مثلاً واحداً.
► Yes, He didn't cross the bridge as it was broken.
نعم لم يعبر الكوبرى لأنه كان مكسوراً.



- 1 When they returned to Birtwick Park, they heard that John had a new helper called Joe Green who was fourteen years old.
عندما عادوا لبيرتويك بارك سمعوا أن جون أصبح لديه مساعد جديد يدعى "جوجرين" وكان عمره 14 عام.
- 2 Squire Gordon asked John if he was sure he didn't need someone older.
سأل سكاوير جوردون جون إذا ما كان متأكد أنه لا يحتاج لشخص آخر أكبر.
- 3 John told him that Joe is small, but he wants to learn and he is a hard worker.
أخبره جون أن جو فعلا صغير ولكنه يريد أن يتعلم كما أنه عامل مجد ومجتهد.
- 4 John also told Gordon that he wants to do the same as Gordon did with him when he was young and had no family.
جون جوردون أيضا يريد أن يصنع مع جون نفس الذي صنعه جوردون معه عندما كان صغيرا وبلا عائلة. أخبر
- 5 In the next few weeks, Joe learned to sweep the floor, bring in the food and wash the carriages.
في خلال الأسابيع القليلة التالية تعلم جو أن يكنس الأرضية وأن يحضر الطعام ويغسل العربات.
- 6 Joe was too small to brush Ginger or Beauty, so he practised on Merrylegs. He was a happy boy who was always singing.
كان جو صغيرا على أن يقوم بتنظيف جينجر أو بيبوتي ولذلك تدرّب على ميري ليجز وكان جوفتي سعيدا دائما يغنى.
- 7 One day, John woke Beauty up one morning when it was still dark and rode Beauty past the house.
في صباح أحد الأيام حينما كان الظلام مازال سائدا أوقف جون "بيوتي" وقاده بعيدا عن المنزل.
- 8 Squire Gordon ordered John to ride Beauty as fast as he could to take a note to Dr. White as Gordon's wife was very ill.
أخبر جوردون "جون" أن يقود بيبوتي بأقصى سرعة ليأخذ رسالة إلى دكتور "وايت" لأن زوجة سكاوير جوردون مريضة جدا.
- 9 John rode Beauty as quickly as he could through the village and out along the river.
قاد جون بلاك بيبوتي بأقصى سرعة خلال القرية ثم بطول النهر.
- 10 They went through another village, a dark wood and hills, until at last they came to town and finally, they arrived at Dr. White's house.
مروا من خلال قرية أخرى وغابات مظلمة وقلل حتى وصلوا أخيرا إلى المدينة حيث منزل دكتور "وايت".
- 11 John knocked loudly on the door and told him that Mrs. Gordon was very ill and the doctor said that he would come at once.
طرق جون الباب بقوة وأخبره بأن زوجة سكاوير جوردون مريضة جدا فقال الدكتور أنه سوف يأتي حالا.
- 12 The doctor had to ride Beauty back to Birtwick Park because his son has taken his horse and he didn't have another horse.
اضطر الدكتور وايت إمتطاء بيبوتي لأن ابنه أخذ حصانه وليس لديه حصانا آخر.
- 13 The journey back was hard for Beauty because the doctor was heavier than John and not such a good rider.
كانت رحلة العودة صعبة على بلاك بيبوتي لأن الدكتور كان ثقيلا ولم يكن قائداً ماهراً.
- 14 Beauty had no energy when they arrived at Birtwick Park.
لم يكن لدى بلاك بيبوتي أي طاقة عندما وصل إلى بيرتويك بارك.
- 15 The doctor ran into the house, and young Joe took Beauty inside.
أسرع الدكتور إلى المنزل بينما أخذ جو بيبوتي إلى الداخل.
- 16 Beauty's hair was wet and he felt so hot but Joe was young and he didn't know what to do.
كان شعر بيبوتي مبتل وكان يشعر بالحر الشديد ولكن جو كان صغيرا ولم يعلم ماذا يجب أن يفعل.
- 17 A horse who has just run a long way needs to stay warm and drink warm water because it is a dangerous time for the horse, so someone should stay and watch him.
الحصان الذي قطع مسافة طويلة يحتاج أن يبقى دافئا وأن يشرب ماء دافئا لأن ذلك وقت خطير في حياة الحصان ولذلك يجب على شخص ما أن يبقى ليلاحظه.

- 18 Joe didn't put a warm blanket on Beauty and gave him cold water to drink and left Beauty alone in the stable
لم يضع جو بطانية على بيوتي كما أنه أعطاه ماء باردا وتركه وحيدا في الإسطبل.
- 19 Beauty began to feel very cold and all his body ached and he tried to sleep and when he woke up, John was at his side as it was difficult for Beauty to breathe.
شعر بيوتي بالبرد الشديد والألام في جسده وحاول النوم وعندما استيقظ كان جون بجانبه لأن بيوتي وجد صعوبة في التنفس.
- 20 John covered Beauty with blankets and gave him some hot water and stayed with him night and day.
غطى جون بيوتي بالبطاطين وأعطاه مياه ساخنة وبقي معه ليل نهار.
- 21 Squire Gordon also came to see Beauty and told him that he saved his wife's life and Beauty was happy to hear that Mrs Gordon was well again.
أتى سكاوير جوردون أيضا ليرى بيوتي وأخبره أنه أنقذ حياة زوجته وقد سعد بيوتي عندما سمع أن صحة زوجة جوردون تحسنت من جديد.
- 22 Young Joe Green was very unhappy because Beauty was ill because he did the wrong thing that night.
كان جو غير سعيد لأن بيوتي كان مريضا بسبب الخطأ الذي ارتكبه في تلك الليلة.
- 23 Luckily, Beauty became well again in a few days and he knew that John was angry with Joe.
لحسن الحظ أصبح بيوتي بصحة جيدة مرة أخرى وخلال أيام قليلة علم أن جون كان غاضب من جو.
- 24 A few weeks later, Joe took Beauty out to take a message to a neighbour .
بعدها بأسابيع قليلة امتطى جو بيوتي ليوصل رسالة إلى أحد الجيران.
- 25 On the way home, they passed a carriage that was full of heavy metal bars. It was taking them to a nearby factory.
أثناء العودة مروا بعربة تحمل قضبان حديد ثقيلة إلى مصنع مجاور.
- 26 The wheels of the carriage couldn't move because the carriage was so heavy and there was thick mud on the road.
كانت عجلات العربة لا تتحرك لأن العربة كانت ثقيلة وكان هناك طبقة سميكة من الطين في الطريق.
- 27 Two horses were trying to pull the carriage, but they couldn't so the driver was hitting them hard with a whip.
كان حصانان يحاولان جر العربة ولكن لم يستطيعوا لذلك قام السائق بضربهم بالسوط.
- 28 Joe told the driver to stop hitting the horses and also told him that the wheels will not move in this mud and offered to help him.
أخبر جو السائق بأن يتوقف عن ضرب الخيول كما أخبره أن العجلات لن تتحرك في هذا الطين وعرض عليه المساعدة.
- 29 The driver told Joe to go away and continued to hit the horses.
أخبر السائق جو أن يذهب بعيدا واستمر في ضرب الخيول.
- 30 Joe quickly rode Beauty to the factory, found the manager and told him what the man was doing.
قاد جو بيوتي مسرعا نحو المصنع ووجد المدير وأخبره بما كان الرجل يفعله.
- 31 The manager thanked Joe and told him that he will deal with the man.
شكر مدير المصنع جو وأخبره أنه سوف يتعامل مع الرجل.
- 32 The manager went to find the carriage with the metal and Joe went home.
ذهب المدير ليجد العربة ذات القضبان الحديدية وعاد جو للمنزل.
- 33 Joe told John what happened and John told him that he did the right thing.
أخبر جو "جون" بما حدث وقال له جون أنه فعل الصواب.
- 34 The police asked Joe about what he had seen and Joe explained very well.
سألت الشرطة جو عما رآه وشرح لهم ذلك جيدا.
- 35 When the police saw the poor horses, they sent the driver to prison for two or three months.
عندما رأت الشرطة الخيول المسكينة أودعت السائق السجن لمدة شهرين أو ثلاثة.
- 36 Joe learned from his mistakes to become a very good worker and John was now very pleased with him.
تعلم جو من أخطائه وأصبح عاملاً جيداً مما جعل جون سعيداً به جداً.
- 37 John told Joe that he looked taller than he did last week and soon Joe was singing happily again every day.
أخبر جون "جو" أنه بدأ طويلاً عما كان عليه الأسبوع الماضي وسرعان ما عاد جو يغني مرة أخرى بسعادة طوال اليوم.

- 38 Mrs. Gordon became ill again in the years that followed and the doctor said that she should live in a warmer climate.
خلال السنوات التالية أصبحت زوجة جوردون مريضة مرة أخرى وقال الطبيب أنها يجب أن تعيش في طقس دافئ.
- 39 Squire and Mrs. Gordon decided to leave England so everybody was very sad.
قرر جوردون وزوجته أن يغادروا إنجلترا وهذا جعل الجميع يشعرون بالحزن.
- 40 All Squire Gordon's horses were sold to new owners and Ginger and Beauty were the last horses to leave Birtwick Park.
تم بيع خيول جوردون لملاك جدد وكان بيبوتي وجينجر آخر من غادر بيرتويك بارك.
- 41 One morning, Ginger and Beauty took Squire Gordon and his wife to the railway station and they never saw them again.
ذات صباح أوصل جينجر وبيبوتي "جوردون وزوجته" إلى محطة القطار ولم يراهما مجدداً.
- 42 Ginger and Beauty found out that they were going to live at Earlshall Park, the home of a rich Earl called Smythe.
اكتشف بيبوتي وجينجر أنهما سيذهبون للعيش في إيرشال بارك، منزل رجل ثري يدعى سمايث.
- 43 John took them there the next day and told the new helper, York, that Ginger and Beauty were the best horses they could have.
في اليوم التالي أخذ جون "بيبوتي وجينجر" إلى هناك وأخبر المساعد الجديد "يورك" أنهما كانوا أفضل الأحصنة التي امتلكوها.
- 44 John left so Beauty felt very sad to see him go.
غادر جون لذا شعر بيبوتي بالحزن عندما رآه يذهب.
- 45 Beauty didn't realize that his new home with Earl and lady Smythe would bring new difficulties for Ginger and him.
لم يدرك بيبوتي أن المنزل الجديد مع إيرل سمايث وزوجته سي جلب له و لجينجر صعوبات جديدة.

Questions & Answers

- 1 Why do you think Joe caused Black Beauty's illness? "Kafr El-Sheikh 2018"
Or Do you think Joe's young age caused Black Beauty's illness? Why? Why not? "Beheira 2019"
لماذا تعتقد أن جو تسبب في مرض بلاك بيوتى؟ أو هل تعتقد أن سن جو الصغير تسبب في مرض بلاك بيوتى؟ لماذا؟ لماذا لا؟
▶ Because he was young and he did not know what to do. He didn't put a blanket on him, he gave him cold water.
لأنه كان صغيراً ولا يعرف ماذا يفعل. لم يضع بطانية عليه وأعطاه ماءً بارداً.
- 2 Joe didn't know how to deal with Black Beauty well. What do you think this showed? "Cairo 2018"
جو لم يعرف كيف يتعامل مع بلاك بيوتى جيداً. ماذا يوضح ذلك في اعتقادك؟
▶ This showed that he was too young to do the job.
دل ذلك على أنه صغير جداً على القيام بالوظيفة.
- 3 Do you think that John was a kind man to Joe? Why? Why not? "Alex 2018"
هل تعتقد أن جون كان عطوفاً على جو؟ لماذا؟ لماذا لا؟
▶ Yes, because he wanted to look after him and wanted him to have a good job.
نعم لأنه أراد أن يعتني به وأراد له الحصول على وظيفة جيدة.
- 4 Why do you think England wasn't a good place for Mrs Gordon to live in? "Port Said 2018"
لماذا تعتقد أن إنجلترا لم تكن مكان جيد للسيدة جوردون كي تعيش فيه؟
▶ Because it's cold in London and that was bad for her health.
لأن الجو بارد في لندن وكان ذلك سيئاً على صحتها.
- 5 How did you know that Squire Gordon was worried about his wife? "Dakahlia 2018"
كيف عرفت أن سكووير جوردون كان قلقاً على زوجته؟
▶ He asked John to ride Black Beauty as fast as he could to get Dr White.
طلب من جون أن يركب بلاك بيوتى بأقصى سرعة لكي يحضر دكتور وايت.
- 6 Do you think the driver of a carriage near the factory was kind to the horses? Why? Why not? "Menofia 2018"
هل تعتقد أن سائق العربة بالقرب من المصنع كان طيباً مع الخيول؟ لماذا؟ لماذا لا؟
▶ No, because he hit the horses hard with a whip.
لا. لأنه ضرب الخيول بشدة بالسوط.

- 7 Was John right to be angry with Joe Green after Black Beauty became ill? Why? Why not? "Gharbia 2018" هل كان جون على صواب عندما غضب من جو جرين بعد أن أصبح بلاك بيوتى مريضاً؟
 ▶ No. Joe tried to help Black Beauty but he did not know what to do. لا. لقد حاول جو مساعدة بلاك بيوتى ولكنه لم يعرف ماذا يفعل.
- 8 Do you think fourteen is too young to learn to do a job? Why? Why not? "Damietta 2018" هل تعتقد أن 14 سنة سن صغير جداً لتعلم القيام بالوظيفة؟ لماذا لا؟
 ▶ No, because boys in that age like learning new things. لا. لأن الأولاد في هذا العمر يحبون تعلم أشياء جديدة.
- 9 Do you like the story of "Black Beauty"? Why? Why not? "Qena 2018" هل تحب قصة "بلاك بيوتى"؟ لماذا لا؟
 ▶ Yes, I like it. It's an exciting story. نعم أحبها. إنها قصة مثيرة.
- 10 What do you think a horse need after along tiring journey? "Menofia 2019"
 ➔ What do you think should be done to a horse who has just run a long way? "Gharbia 2019"
 ➔ If you were Joe, what would you do with your horse when he is tired and wet after a long Journey? "Ismailia 2019"
 ماذا يحتاج الحصان بعد رحلة طويلة متعبة في اعتقادك؟
 C ما الذي يجب فعله مع الحصان الذي جرى طريقاً طويلاً في اعتقادك؟
 C لو كنت مكان جو ماذا كنت ستفعل مع الحصان إذا كان متعباً ومبتلاً بعد رحلة طويلة؟
 ▶ I think I should put a blanket on him and I should give him warm water. أعتقد أنه يجب أن أضغ فوقه بطانية ويجب أن أعطيه ماءً دافئاً.
- 11 Do you think that John was right to have the young "Joe" as a helper? "Cairo 2019" هل تعتقد أن جون كان على صواب أن يجعل من جو الصغير مساعداً له؟
 ▶ Yes, because Joe works hard and will learn how to look after horses very well. نعم لأن جو يعمل بجد وسوف يتعلم كيف يعتنى بالخيل جيداً.
- 12 Why do you think John was grateful to squire Gordon? "Beheira 2019" لماذا تعتقد أن جون كان شاكراً لسكواير جوردون؟
 ▶ Because squire Gordon looked after him as well as any parent. Now he lives with a good job and a good living. لأن سكواير جوردون اعتنى به كأى والد. والآن يعيش ولديه وظيفة جيدة ومعيشة جيدة.

General Exercises on Black Beauty

1 A) Match column "A" with column "B" "2 Marks" 2019 ع 3 ترم أول - محافظة المنوفية

A		B
1	John	a said " Why don't we call him Black Beauty?"
2	Squire Gordon's wife	b did the right thing when he told the police about the man who hit the horses with a whip.
3	Joe Green	c took the horses out of the building and away from the fire.
4	Merrylegs	d decided she wouldn't bite or kick people anymore.
		e wanted to give the boys a lesson.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

1 How do you think the advice of Black Beauty's mother can help you in your life?



2 What do you think a horse needs after along tiring journey?



2 A) Match column "A" with column "B" "2 Marks" 2019 ع 3 ترم أول - محافظة الدقهلية

A		B
1	Anna Sewell	a led Ginger away from the fire.
2	Squire Gordon	b bought Black Beauty and Ginger from Squire Gordon.
3	John Manly	c tried to make Black Beauty cross the bridge.
4	Earl Smythe	d wrote the story of Black Beauty.
		e was Earl Smythe's wife.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

1 Was Black Beauty's mother's advice good to him?



2 When Joe first came to Birtwick Park John said two good things about him. What are they?



3 A) Match column "A" with column "B" "2 Marks" 2019 ع 3 ترم أول - محافظة القاهرة

A		B
1	Farmer Grey	a was Earl Smythe's helper.
2	John Manly	b was Black Beauty's friend.
3	Ginger	c was Black Beauty's first owner.
4	York	d was the horse who told the story.
		e was a kind man who helped Squire Gordon.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

1 Do you think that John was right to have the young " Joe" as a helper?



2 Why do you think that the horses wanted to stay in the stables although there was a fire?



4) A) Match column "A" with column "B" "2 Marks" ع3 ترم أول الجديد - محافظة الوادي الجديد

A		B
1	Farmer Grey gave	a the boys on the ground.
2	Merrylegs threw	b healthy food to his horses.
3	John Manly	c was happy to share in saving Mrs Gordon.
4	Black Beauty	d was Squire Gordon's helper.
		e flowers to all horses.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- Do you like Black Beauty? Why?
.....
- Do you think that Gordon and John were kind to horses during the two journeys?
.....

5) A) Match column "A" with column "B" "2 Marks" 2019 ع3 ترم أول الأقصر - محافظة الأقصر

A		B
1	Farmer Grey	a told him to be gentle and good.
2	Birtwick Park	b had to move to a warmer climate.
3	Black Beauty's mother	c hit the horses with a whip.
4	Mrs Gordon	d was a very good place to live in.
		e gave healthy food to his horses.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- Why do you think that John was right to have a helper who is only fourteen?
.....
- Do you think the man who hit the horses near the factory was right?
.....

6) A) Match column "A" with column "B" "2 Marks" 2019 ع3 ترم أول أسوان - محافظة أسوان

A		B
1	Black Beauty's mother	a was a very good place to live in.
2	Merrylegs	b was light and easy for Beauty to pull.
3	Birtwick Park	c told him to be gentle and good.
4	Gordon	d didn't kick the children because he didn't want to hurt them.
		e the first owner who Black Beauty worked for.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- For what reasons do you think that moving horses when there is a fire is very hard?
.....
- How do you know that Black Beauty had good owners?
.....

7) A) Match column "A" with column "B" "2 Marks" 2019 ع3 ترم أول الجيزة - محافظة الجيزة

A		B
1	Farmer Grey	a was a short, fat, horse who threw the boys on the ground.
2	John Manly	b was a perfect handsome horse.
3	Merrylegs	c gave healthy food to his horses.
4	Black Beauty	d stayed with Black Beauty until he became better.
		e was fourteen years old.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 Why do you think that moving horses when there is a fire is very hard?
.....
- 2 Do you think that John was right to have a helper who is only fourteen? Why / Why not?
.....

8) A) Match column "A" with column "B" "2 Marks" 2019 محافظة أسيوط - ترم أول 3 ع

A	B
1 Merrylegs	a was happy to save Squire's wife.
2 Farmer Grey	b sold his horses because he was going to leave England.
3 Black Beauty	c used to kick and bite people.
4 Squire Gordon	d was Black Beauty's first owner.
	e always made people laugh because of the way he walked.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 Is it important to treat animals kindly? Why?
.....
- 2 Which horse do you like most? Why?
.....

9) A) Match column "A" with column "B" "2 Marks" 2019 محافظة الإسكندرية - ترم أول 3 ع

A	B
1 John Manly	a had to move to a warmer climate.
2 Merrylegs	b smoked a cigarette and caused a fire.
3 Mrs Gordon	c hit the horses with a whip.
4 The factory driver	d was a short, fat horse.
	e was Squire Gordon's helper.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 Why do you think that horses were so important in the nineteenth century when "Black Beauty" was written?
.....
- 2 What do you think people should do with horses that bite or kick?
.....

10) A) Match column "A" with column "B" "2 Marks" 2019 محافظة سوهاج - ترم أول 3 ع

A	B
1 Merrylegs	a hit the horse with the whip.
2 Squire Gordon's wife	b smoked a cigarette and caused a fire.
3 The carriage driver	c was Squire Gordon's helper.
4 The rider in the stable	d named the horse Black Beauty.
	e wanted to teach the boys a lesson about horses.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 Do you think that horses liked Birtwick Park? Why?
.....
- 2 Why do you think the doctor rode Black Beauty instead of his horse?
.....

1 What you should do to help your parents at home:

No one can **deny** the role of our parents in our life. They have a **vital role** in our life. We love our parents very much. They do every thing to make us happy. They work day and night to **bring us up**. We should help our parents at home. We should keep our home clean. We should help in the kitchen. We should **tidy** our rooms. We should sweep the floors. We should water the plants. We should clean the garden. We shouldn't throw rubbish anywhere. We should buy their **needs** from the supermarket. We shouldn't **question** our parents. They are usually right. We should obey our parents when they ask us to do anything at home. With the help of our parents, we can **lead a happy life**. **Finally**, I'd like to say that helping our parents is really important and **necessary**.

1 deny	ينكر
2 vital role	دور حيوي
3 bring us up	يربونا
4 tidy	يرتب
5 needs	احتياجات
6 question	يجادل
7 lead a happy life	يعيش حياة سعيدة
8 obey	يطيع
9 Finally	فى النهاية
10 necessary	ضروري

2 Tourist activities:

Egypt is a great country in the **north** of Africa. Tourists come to Egypt from all over the world. They come to Egypt every year. They like visiting Egypt for many **reasons**. It has many **places of interest**. They like going to Hurghada. They go snorkelling there. Some of them go **scuba diving**. Others like fishing. They have a great time.

They also visit the Egyptian Museum in Cairo. It has many statues inside it. They like to visit the Pyramids. They ride camels and horses. Tourists can take many photos there. Cairo Tower is a beautiful place. They can enjoy the **beautiful view** of the Nile. They can visit the **citadel** and enjoy their time. There are also four museums in the citadel. They can visit several mosques, too. They come back home happily.

1 north	شمال
2 reasons	أسباب
3 places of interest	أماكن شيقية
4 scuba diving	الغطس
5 beautiful view	منظر جميل
6 citadel	قلعة

3 My favourite hobby (reading):

Reading is my favourite hobby. It's very useful. It gives us a lot of information. It **feeds our minds**. It makes us happy. Reading **increases** our **knowledge**. It's so interesting. A good book is a good friend. I like reading very much. It is **fantastic**. I practise it in my free time. I also practise it at school. My parents help me a lot. I practise this hobby with my friends. We enjoy reading a lot. It helps us to know more information about the world. We go to the library to **borrow** useful books. We also download books from websites and read them on the laptop. When you read, you know more. I advise all people to read every day.

Try reading under a tree and you will enjoy a lot.

1 feeds our minds	تغذى عقولنا
2 increase	يزيد
3 knowledge	معرفة
4 fantastic	رائع
5 borrow	يستعير

4 Why Egypt is a good place to visit:

Egypt is a nice place to visit. There are a lot of interesting places. You can go to Giza, Luxor and Aswan. The **weather** is very good. The people are kind. The **prices** are cheap. There are a lot of hotels and restaurants. Tourists like visiting many places in Egypt. There are many **historical** places in Cairo. The Egyptian museum is an important place to visit. It has many **statues** inside it. You can visit it to know about Egypt's past. Tourists can take many photos there. Cairo Tower is a beautiful place. They can enjoy the beautiful view of the Nile. Tourists can also take a boat trip on the Nile. The pyramids of Giza are also very interesting. Tourists can enjoy riding horses and camels at the pyramids. They can also enjoy **the sound and light show**. They can visit the citadel and enjoy their time. There are also four museums in the citadel. They can visit several mosques, too.

① weather	طقس
② prices	أسعار
③ historical	تاريخي
④ statues	تماثيل
⑤ boat trip	رحلة بالقارب
⑥ the sound and light show	عرض الصوت و الضوء

5 Water sports:

I like water sports. Water sports are very nice. There are different **kinds** of water sports. They are windsurfing, snorkelling, scuba diving and swimming. I enjoy water sports. They build the body. They **refresh** the mind. I always visit Hurghada. It is a **wonderful** place for a holiday. There is a lot to do and many different places to stay. I can camp, stay in a hotel or in the new **youth hostel**. It is very modern and comfortable, but much cheaper than the hotels. Tourists can find out information at the **tourist information centre**.

Hurghada has some beautiful beaches. When it is windy, we can try windsurfing. We can take a boat trip to the islands around Hurghada. We can go scuba diving or snorkelling. We can also go fishing from a boat.

① kinds	أنواع
② refresh	ينعش
③ wonderful	رائع
④ youth hostel	فزل الشباب
⑤ tourist information centre	مركز المعلومات السياحية

6 Your favourite Egyptian writer:

Naguib Mahfouz is my favourite Egyptian writer. He was born in Cairo. He married an Egyptian woman and had two daughters. He began writing when he was seventeen. He wrote many amazing novels. People liked his stories so much. His writings were **international**. His first novel was published in 1939. His works include the novels **as well as several collections** of short stories. He is the writer of more than thirty novels, more than 350 short stories and a lot of **movie scripts**. Half of his novels have been made into films. He was the only Arabic language writer who won the Nobel Prize for **literature**. He **died** in 2006. I admire Naguib Mahfouz so much. I like all his stories. I want to be a great writer like him.

① married	تزوج
② international	دولي
③ as well as	بالإضافة إلى
④ several collections	مجموعات عديدة
⑤ movie scripts	نصوص أفلام
⑥ half	نصف
⑦ literature	الأدب
⑧ died	مات

7 Kinds of stories you like most:

To: Amal
From: Noha
About: Kinds of stories I like most
Dear Amal,

I'm very happy to write to you. How are you and your family? I'd like to tell you about my favourite kinds of stories. I like short stories. They are interesting. They are **simple** and very useful. I read short stories at home. They give me information. I love reading them. I also read **detective stories**. Detective stories are very popular. They are about **crimes** and **mysteries**. People like trying to solve the problems before the **detective**. Detective stories are too long. I have less interest in historical stories. I read them to know information about history. I learned a lot of information about the ancient Egyptians from historical stories. I also like **adventure** stories.

Adventure stories make you excited. When I finish adventure stories, I feel happy at the end. I like the story of "Black Beauty" by Anna Sewell. "Black Beauty" is a story about a black horse in the nineteenth **century** in England. The horse tells the story of his life which began at a farm. Black Beauty has many adventures before he finally finds a good home again. What about you? Yours, Noha

1 simple	بسيط
2 information	معلومات
3 detective stories	قصص بوليسية
4 crimes	جرائم
5 mysteries	الغاز
6 detective	محقق
7 adventure	مغامرة
8 century	قرن

8 Festivals:

Festivals are important days. They are always fun. There are lots of activities. All countries have festivals. They are different. There are a lot of special meals. They use colourful clothes. I like festivals so much. In Egypt, Sham el-Nessim was first held to celebrate the start of spring nearly 4,000 years ago. In Japan, people celebrate when small flowers first appear on thousands of trees across the country. People go outside and have picnics under the trees with their friends and families. In the town of Zenica in Bosnia, people have a **festival** of eggs in spring. Hundreds of eggs are cooked in a big pan for breakfast and these are given to all the people of the town **for free**. In Australia, the start of spring is celebrated in September! In the city of Canberra, there is a month-long flower festival to celebrate spring. You can see about a million beautiful flowers in the city's **main park**, and you can also listen to music. Many countries celebrate spring because the flowers and eggs all **represent** the new life that we can start to enjoy after the winter months have **ended**.

1 Festivals	مهرجانات
2 for free	مجاناً
3 main park	حديقة رئيسية
4 represent	يمثل
5 ended	انتهت

9 Sham el-Nessim in Egypt:

Spring is my favourite festival. It's a **mark** of good weather. Spring **is celebrated** in different ways all over the world. In Egypt, Sham el-Nessim **was** first **held** to celebrate the start of spring nearly 4,000 years ago. The ancient Egyptians were the first to celebrate it. Sham el-Nessim means smelling the **breeze** and it is celebrated all over Egypt on a Monday in April. Sham el-Nessim is a holiday and families go out to enjoy the fresh spring air.

The spring air is very good for you! People often **have a picnic** in the country, in parks or along the Nile.

Special food is eaten at Sham el-Nessim. **Traditionally**, **boiled eggs** are eaten for breakfast. Eggs **are decorated** in bright colours by children. They usually paint the eggs in the morning and leave them in the sun to dry. They also eat feseekh. All people really enjoy this day.

① mark	علامة
② is celebrated	يُحتفل به
③ was held	أقيم
④ breeze	نسيم
⑤ have a picnic	يقضي نزهة
⑥ Traditionally	بشكل تقليدي
⑦ boiled eggs	بيض مسلووق
⑧ are decorated	تزين

10 Mother's day:

From: Heba
To: Nour
Subject: Mother's day

I'm happy to write this email to tell you about a **special day**. It's Mother's Day. My mother helps us a lot. She **does her best** to make us good people. My mother is the most important person in my life. We celebrate mother's day on 21st March. **The whole world** celebrates this day as mother's day. It's a special day for everyone. Everyone has their own mother. On this day, we buy presents for our Mum. We decorate the house with balloons. We buy cakes and sweets. We thank her for what she does with us. We spend the whole day with her. Mothers are really special; they **sacrifice** for us. I love my mum very much. I am so **grateful** to have a mum as **wonderful** as her. Write to me soon.

Best wishes, Heba.

① special day	يوم خاص
② does her best	تبدل قصارى جهدها
③ The whole world	العالم بأكمله
④ sacrifice	يضحى
⑤ grateful	ممتن
⑥ wonderful	رائع

11 My favourite sport / A famous sportsman:

My favourite sport is football. I like it very much. I always play it in the club. I play with my friends. It's an **interesting** sport. My father **encourages** me to play. I play football every day. I exercise for two hours daily. My favourite player is Mohamed Salah. I love him very much. He plays very well. He scores a lot of goals. He is kind and helpful. He has a big **smile** on his face. He plays for Egypt. He is a great football player. All people love him. He gives money **to build hospitals** and schools. He also helps poor people. I want to be a famous player one day.

① interesting	شيق
② encourages	يشجع
③ smile	ابتسامة
④ to build hospitals	لإنشاء مستشفيات

12 STEM schools:

Today, technology is **essential** because people use it every day in schools, at home and at work. It can't be easy if you don't know how to use a computer or send an email.

People, such as teachers, engineers and scientists all need to **understand** how to use the latest technology.

Students who are very good at STEM subjects (science, technology, engineering and maths) can help develop the technology of the future. STEM schools are special schools which **focus on** developing students' **ability** in these subjects. There are now STEM schools around the world. The lessons are different from usual schools. Teachers **encourage** students to do projects. Students work together to solve problems. **Expert** teachers help the students through the projects and **check** their **results**.

In Egypt, there are now STEM schools around the country and more will be built in the future. STEM school students must be **hardworking**. All their lessons are in English, so that they can understand and use **scientific texts** from around the world while they study.

① essential	ضروري
② understand	يفهم
③ focus on	يركز على
④ ability	قدرة
⑤ encourage	يشجع
⑥ Expert	خبير
⑦ check	يفحص
⑧ results	نتائج
⑨ hardworking	مجتهد
⑩ scientific texts	نصوص علمية

13 Achievements:

There are many achievements that I hope to do. I hope to **come first** in my exams. Also, I hope I will join the **faculty of Medicine**. I want to be a famous doctor. **In addition**, I will be happy to help the poor. Yesterday, I won an award for a project that I did at my STEM school.

First of all, our class studied the problems caused by **polluted** water around the world. I understood that people can't stay healthy if they have to drink polluted water. So I studied plants and **realised** that some of them can clean dirty water. I asked myself, could this be a way to solve the problem?

I **developed** an **invention** that cleans polluted water using only plants. I'm sure this can help people living in places that do not have fresh water. After we checked that the invention worked well, I entered a science **competition** in the USA.

I was very pleased to win an award. I think my invention could be important. Now I want to take it around the world. There's a **chance** that it could help millions of people.

① come first	يصبح الأول
② faculty of Medicine	كلية الطب
③ In addition	بالإضافة لذلك
④ First of all	أولاً
⑤ polluted	ملوث
⑥ realised	أدرك
⑦ developed	طور
⑧ invention	اختراع
⑨ competition	مسابقة
⑩ chance	فرصة

14 Kinds of intelligence:

Being very **intelligent** can help people to do amazing things. But what makes people intelligent? Albert Einstein was a great scientist, but in fact, he had problems with reading: he certainly was not good at everything. **Experts** now think that people can be intelligent in many different ways. For example, you might be intelligent because you are very good at **languages**, maths or music. Some people are intelligent because they are very good at controlling their bodies. Athletes have this kind of **intelligence** and they can **control** their **muscles**, breathing and **balance** very well. Other people understand people's feelings, while others might be intelligent because they understand animals and nature. **Sailors** have an intelligence that makes them good at finding their way across seas or up and down rivers. If people are intelligent in different ways, they will probably learn things in different ways. Writing words on paper helps some people to learn things. Others prefer to learn by drawing pictures or diagrams. Moving or **physical** exercise helps some people, while others learn best by working with other people.

① intelligent	ذكى
② Experts	خبراء
③ languages	لغات
④ intelligence	ذكاء
⑤ control	يتحكم فى
⑥ muscles	عضلات
⑦ balance	توازن
⑧ Sailors	بحارة
⑨ physical	جسدى

15 Technology in our life:

Technology is everywhere **nowadays**. We all enjoy technology but in different ways. Now, we can travel from one place to another very easily, **comfortably** and fast. Modern **means of transport** now have all means of **comfort**. **Space travel** is now more **possible** than it used to be in the past. One day people may be able to enjoy space **journeys**. Technology has also played a role in **medical care**. Now the computer can be used to **check** people's health **accurately**. It is also used for teaching. Students can use the internet in their researches as well. No doubt that technology has changed our life to the better.

① nowadays	هذه الأيام
② comfortably	بشكل مريح
③ means of transport	وسائل المواصلات
④ comfort	راحة
⑤ Space travel	السفر للفضاء
⑥ possible	ممکن
⑦ journeys	رحلات
⑧ medical care	رعاية طبية
⑨ check	يفحص
⑩ accurately	بدقة
⑪ researches	أبحاث

16 A job you'd like to do when you finish your education:

It is known that any person should have a **certain goal** in life. If the person has a goal, he should **exert** great **efforts** to achieve this goal. My goal for the future is to become a doctor. I would like to do this job to serve my country, help poor people in my village and earn a lot of money. I hope to search for the **causes** of **diseases** like **cancer** or brain disease to find the best medicines for them. The job of the doctor has some **qualities**. A successful doctor should be **honest**, helpful, brave, patient, **faithful** and many other good qualities. If I want to become a doctor, I should study hard to join the **faculty of medicine**.

① certain goal	هدف محدد
② exert	يبدل
③ efforts	مجهودات
④ causes	أسباب
⑤ diseases	أمراض
⑥ cancer	سرطان
⑦ qualities	مميزات
⑧ honest	أمين
⑨ faithful	مخلص
⑩ faculty of medicine	كلية الطب

17 Someone who is genius:

Last night, I saw a program on TV. The TV program had an **interview** with a young boy. The boy is an **intelligent** child. He is from India. When he was very young, he could walk and talk before the **age** of one. He could also read difficult books when he was only five. When he was 7, he became a doctor. When he was 12, he studied **medicine**. He became both the youngest doctor in India and the youngest boy to study medicine at university. Now, he is 20 and he's still working as a doctor. He also won maths competitions. He achieved amazing results. He studied computer programming. He became very good at it. I think he is either a genius or he worked very hard at school. I hope to be like him one day.

1 interview	مقابلة شخصية
2 intelligent	ذكي
3 age	عمر / سن
4 medicine	الطب
5 competitions	مسابقات

18 A Review of my favourite book:

"Black Beauty" is a story about a black horse in the nineteenth-century in England. The horse tells the story of his life which **began** at a farm. Black Beauty's mother teaches him to be a good horse. Farmer Grey is very kind and Black Beauty is happy. When Black Beauty is four, Farmer Grey **sells** him to Squire Gordon. Black Beauty makes friends with other horses and the squire looks after them very well. **Unfortunately**, the squire **moves abroad** and Black Beauty is sold to different people. Some people are very unkind. One of his homes is very bad. Black Beauty has many **adventures** before he finally finds a good home again. This story teaches us to be kind to horses.

1 began	بدأت
2 sells	يبيع
3 Unfortunately	لسوء الحظ
4 moves	ينتقل
5 abroad	للخارج
6 adventures	مغامرات

19 An important invention:

People live in the age of modern technology and inventions. All inventions **affect** our lives. Modern inventions make people's lives more **comfortable** than before. Mobile phones are the most important inventions. There are some **advantages** and **disadvantages** of mobile phones. For the advantages, they have made **contacting** people easy on the internet. Taking photos and using the **social networking sites** as Facebook may be the most important **uses** of the mobile. It helps people in time of **emergency** such as calling the police and firefighters.

On the other hand, mobiles have some disadvantages; modern mobiles are expensive to buy. The cost of calls is high. Their **batteries** do not **last** for long hours. They need to **be recharged** often. People spend many hours writing their blog posts and **chatting**. Mobiles have also made people **lazy** as they do most of their work on mobiles. Finally, mobiles must be used in a good way that help people and **reduce** the disadvantages.

1 affect	يؤثر على
2 comfortable	مريح
3 advantages	مميزات
4 disadvantages	عيوب
5 contacting	الاتصال
6 social networking sites	مواقع التواصل الإجتماعي
7 uses	استخدامات
8 emergency	الطوارئ
9 on the other hand	من ناحية أخرى
10 batteries	بطاريات
11 last	يستمر
12 be recharged	يتم شحنه
13 chatting	المحادثات
14 lazy	كسول
15 reduce	يقلل

Cairo Governorate
Directorate of Education
Basic Education Certificate Examination

محافظة القاهرة
ترم أول 2020

The First Term Exam 2019 / 2020
English
Time: 2 hs

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Ahmed

Ahmed and Hazim are talking about sports.

Hazim

Good morning. Can I ask you some questions?

Ahmed

1

Hazim

2

Ahmed

My favourite sport is weight-lifting.

Hazim

Weight -lifting builds the muscles. 3

Ahmed

I can lift from 40 to 50 kilograms. What about you?

Hazim

4

Ahmed

Great! Swimming is also useful for building the body.

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 You are asked to go out with your friend. Refuse politely giving a reason.

2

2 Your sister looks worried. You ask her for the reason.

3

3 Your friend asks your advice because he is going to pass a test.

4

B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

Bicycles are important for both young people and grown-ups. People use them to go from one place to another. They use them for fun and for work. The history of the bike is interesting. In 1818, the bicycle had no pedals. The pedals were added in 1839. **They** made the bicycles move faster than the old ones. **By 1900**, most of the bicycle parts that we know today were developed. Cycling is now an exciting sport and a means of transport. Using the bike to go to school or work is a clean way of moving around. The bicycle doesn't use petrol so it keeps the air clean. It doesn't need a big space to park. This is why a lot of people in big cities prefer riding them.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 How do you think the bicycle can help the environment?

2

2 Why do people in the crowded cities prefer riding bicycles?

3

3 What do people use the bicycle for?

4

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 The underlined words "**By 1900**" mean

a in 1900

b before 1900

c after 1900

d at 1900

- 5 The underlined pronoun "**They**" refers to
- a people b scientists c bicycles d pedals

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B" "2 Marks"

A		B
1 Squire Gordon	.....	a bought Black Beauty from Squire Gordon.
2 Earl Smythe	.....	b was a tall horse with a sad face.
3 York	.....	c had a white star on his head.
4 Ginger	.....	d lived in Birtwick Park .
		e was Earl Smythe's helper.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 Do you think John was right to be angry with Joe Green after Black Beauty became ill? Why? Why not?



- 2 Why do you think that the horses wanted to stay in the stables although there was a fire?



D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: "3 Marks"

- 1 On my friend's birthday, I sent a present .
a he b his c he's d him
- 2 Our teacher asked us to write a of our visit to the temple .
a title b character c description d conclusion
- 3 Sameh has a very loud I can hear him clearly.
a voice b sound c face d graph
- 4 It was difficult to the car because of the rain.
a score b control c balance d hit
- 5 To hold up a tent, You can use.....
a poles b signs c costumes d flutes
- 6 Ali's cousin is studying at university.
a engineers b engine c engineer d engineering

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets: "3 Marks"

- 1 The boys couldn't finish the lesson yesterday. (able)



- 2 The secretary didn't write the letter last week. (The letter)



- 3 Ahmed went to Suez. He stayed there for 3 days. (where)



7 Write an email of about 110 words to your friend on: "8 Marks"

What you have to do and don't have to do every day at school. Your name is Nour and your email is Nour@gmail.com and your friend's name is Hani and his email is Hani@yahoo.com

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Atef

Atef and Hatem are talking about a famous footballer.

Hatem

I see that you are busy reading.

Atef

Yes, ① about a famous footballer.

Hatem

② ?

Atef

Mohamed Salah, the famous Egyptian footballer.

Hatem

③ ?

Atef

Because he plays for Liverpool and scores its most goals .

Hatem

I recommend you ④

Hatem

Sure, I will.

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 Your friend told you that his sister has just got a baby boy.



2 You want to emphasise that eating healthy food is necessary.



3 A friend of yours invites you for lunch. Refuse politely and give a reason.



B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

Alfred Nobel was born on 21st October 1833 in Sweden for a poor family. He was a chemist and a great inventor. Alfred couldn't go to school for many years because his father couldn't have enough money. Later, he was able to study because his father got a good job. Alfred was a very intelligent person. He was able to speak different languages. He also liked to read scientific books and to write stories. After his death in Italy in 1896, he left a lot of money, so people could start the Nobel Prize. These are awards for people's great achievements all over the world in different fields such as medicine, science and literature. The winner gets both a small trophy and money. To remember Alfred Nobel, the awards are given on December 10th which is the day he died. Two Egyptian people won the Nobel Prize. Naguib Mahfouz in 1988 for writing. He wrote 34 novels and more than 300 short stories. Ahmed Zewail in 1999 for chemistry. He invented the femto second.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 Why did Alfred Nobel go to school later?



2 When are Nobel's awards given?



3 Do you think that Nobel prizes are important? Why? / Why not?



B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 Alfred Nobel died in when he was 63 .
 (a) Egypt (b) Sweden (c) England (d) Italy
- 5 Naguib Mahfouz was the Egyptian to get Nobel Prize.
 (a) second (b) last (c) first (d) only

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1	Merrylegs	a got his name by Squire Gordon's wife.
2	Earl Smythe	b led the horses out of the fire.
3	Black Beauty	c had a helper called York.
4	Joe Green	d is a horse that children used to bring him apples.
		e did the wrong things when Beauty was hot.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 Why do you think Squire Gordon was thankful to Black Beauty?

- 2 If you were a horse, would you like the doctor to be your rider ? Why? / Why not?

D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- 1 People think that bottles and paper is very important for the environment.
 (a) reading (b) drinking (c) watching (d) recycling
- 2 The flowers in the spring the new life after winter.
 (a) celebrate (b) hold (c) represent (d) revise
- 3 Shahd looks tired. That's why she is
 (a) trembling (b) snorkelling (c) skating (d) diving
- 4 There are people in the ceremony today comparing with yesterday.
 (a) less (b) many (c) fewer (d) much
- 5 An athlete refused to go on because his was badly hurt .
 (a) opponent (b) scientist (c) referee (d) spectator
- 6 People use to cut the grass in parks and gardens .
 (a) kettles (b) lawn mowers (c) vacuum cleaners (d) washing machines

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

- 1 It isn't good for your health to smoke. (bad)

- 2 You mustn't make noise in the library. (allowed)

- 3 My father bought me a smartphone. (for me)

7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

- A famous historical place in Egypt you like most.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Ola

Noura is decorating a birthday card.

Noura

What are you doing?

Ola

1 ?

Noura

Because it's my grandpa's birthday.

Ola

2 in Giza?

Noura

No, he lives in Aswan. We will travel to him tomorrow.

Ola

Who will you travel with?

Noura

3 ?

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 Your sister is going outside but it is raining. Advise her.

2

2 A friend asks you what you thought of a scary film that has just finished.

3

3 Although you lost the game, you congratulate your opponent.

4

B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

We all agree that eating healthy food means having a healthy life. The food we eat affects our life more than anything else. Most people have three meals a day, but in fact they don't care about what they should eat for each meal. These meals must contain everything that our bodies need. They should contain vegetables, carbohydrates, fresh fruit, milk and proteins. Although fast food is **delicious** and an easy solution for people who work long hours and have no time to cook, it's unhealthy and so expensive. **It** causes a lot of dangerous diseases. To be in a good health, you should eat healthy food and practise sports as they renew our energy and refresh our minds. Also doctors advise people to drink milk and a lot of water every day.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 Why do people who work long hours buy fast food?

2

2 Do you think that eating one kind of food is healthy? Why? / Why not?

3

3 How can you be in a good health?

4

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 The pronoun "**it**" refers to

a healthy food

b sports

c fast food

d solution

5 The underlined word "**delicious**" means

a tastes nice

b active

c tastes bad

d dangerous

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1 Black Beauty's mother told him	.....	a smoked a cigarette and caused a fire.
2 Squire Gordon and Mrs Gordon	.....	b decided she wouldn't bite or kick people any more.
3 The rider in the stable	.....	c to be gentle and good.
4 Ginger	.....	d crossed the bridge.
		e had to leave England.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 Why do you think the horses were so important in the nineteenth century?
.....
- 2 Do you think the driver of the carriage was right to hit the horses with a whip? Why? / Why not?
.....

D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- 1 It is to take your passport when you go to another country.
a easy b essential c enjoyable d enormous
- 2 The school was 40 years ago.
a set to b set down c set up d set off
- 3 Many photos of the Pyramids every day .
a took b are taken c take d have taken
- 4 The..... stopped the game and told the basketball player to throw the ball again.
a spectators b team c athlete d referee
- 5 I want to see that film because the in the newspaper says it is very exciting .
a title b information c review d parade
- 6 The scientists have a new medicine to help fight heart disease .
a dropped b dried c developed d done

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Ali has more books in his bag than Ahmed. (fewer)
.....
- 2 The bank is near the school. My brother works there. (where)
.....
- 3 Perhaps I'll wear a jacket today. I'm not sure. (might)
.....

7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

A special day that you have celebrated.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue between Amal and Samia at school:

- Amal: What's wrong? You look nervous.
Samia: Right. I'm very nervous.
Amal: ① ?
Samia: I lost my book.
Amal: ② Is this yours?
Samia: Yes, it is. Thanks! We are discussing the book in the book club. ③ ?
Amal: Yes, I would like to come.
Samia: ④

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

- ① A friend of yours has won a game. Congratulate him.
.....
② Your younger brother says that Athens is bigger than London. You don't think this is correct.
.....
③ You are asked where a tourist can buy a map.
.....

B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

Once, my uncle gave me a present. It was a banana plant. It came in a packet. The instructions said that if I planted it in a pot and watered it regularly, it would grow. **They** also said I would have **tasty** bananas. My mother said bananas don't grow in England because it is cold. I said, "but the instructions promised bananas." When I opened the packet. The plant looked dead. However, I planted it in a pot and watered it. To my surprise, it grew and produced few leaves. As time passed, it grew bigger. It was too big for my bedroom and it had to go to the kitchen, then it was too big and it had to go to the hall. I still have the plant today, but I still get my bananas from the supermarket.

A. Answer the following questions:

- ① Why was the writer surprised when the plant started to grow?
.....
② What was the opinion of the writer's mother about bananas?
.....
③ Did the writer get any bananas from the plant? How do you know?
.....

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- ④ What does the underlined pronoun "**they**" refer to ?
a) the instructions b) the bananas c) the leaves d) the plants
⑤ The underlined word "**tasty**" means
a) big b) small c) delicious d) bad

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1	Black Beauty	a gave healthy food to his horses.
2	Joe Green	b was a thoughtful horse.
3	Ginger	c saved both Mr Squire Gordon and Mr John Manly.
4	Farmer Grey	d was a short, fat horse who carries the children at Squire Gordon's.
		e learned from his mistakes to become a very good worker.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

1 If you had a horse, would you be kind or unkind to it? Why? Why not?



2 Do you think that fourteen is too young to learn to do a job? Why? Why not?



D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

1 Nabil, mobile phone is new, is my friend.

a who

b whose

c that

d which

2 A..... is an office for people who catch thieves.

a bazaar

b youth hostel

c tourist information centre

d police station

3 I'd love to see that film. The says it is very funny.

a review

b lesson

c history

d research

4 A machine to keep your house clean is called a

a steamer

b computer

c vacuum cleaner

d lawn mower

5 My mother should get a/an because she is the best mother in the world.

a trophy

b medal

c award

d degree

6 Athletes can their muscles and breathing.

a find

b control

c learn

d follow

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

1 They cook eggs in a big ban.

(are)



2 Samir isn't at home. He's gone out.

(can't)



3 It is necessary to get a passport to travel abroad.

(must)



7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

A sport you like.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

- Tourist** A tourist asks Ali about Eid al-Fiter day.
Good morning, When is Eid al-Fiter day?
- Ali** Good morning ①
- Tourist** What habits do people do in this day?
- Ali** ②
- Tourist** ③ ?
- Ali** Yes, they eat special food .
- Tourist** ④ ?
- Ali** I can see fireworks in the sky.

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Your mother asks you how you did on the English exam. Express certainty.
.....
- 2 You warn your young brother not to look at the sun.
.....
- 3 You bought a nice story and you recommend it to your friend.
.....

B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

Learning has been the subject of much interest over many years. Although if we look around us we try to learn new things every day. As we try to learn many things in a certain time so we find learning seems too hard. If you are really interested in what you are learning, you will learn better.

Ways of learning differ from country to another and from person to another. So the most important point here is the types of learners. Some learners prefer to learn through images and pictures. **Others** prefer to learn through listening. The last team learns by doing actions. If people are intelligent in different ways, they will learn things in different ways. It's very important for every learner to know what is the suitable way for him.

A. Answer the following questions:

- 1 How long has learning been the subject of interest?
.....
- 2 What kind of learning do you think you have?
.....
- 3 What is the main idea of the passage?
.....

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 The underlined word "**others**" refers to
 a countries b learners c types d actions

5 The word "intelligent" means

a lazy

b stupid

c clever

d tired

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1 John Manly	.....	a saved Squire Gordon from the broken bridge.
2 Mr and Mrs Gordon	.....	b had a difficult past.
3 Black Beauty	.....	c was Squire Gordon's helper.
4 Ginger	.....	d hit the horses hard.
		e had to leave England.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

1 Do you think that horses liked Birtwick Park? Why?



2 Why do you think that moving horses when there is a fire is very hard?



D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

1 That girl is, so she cannot hear you.

a intelligent

b blind

c deaf

d clever

2 The museum by thousands of tourists every day.

a visited

b is visited

c was visited

d is visiting

3 The students usually stay in a youth when they visit the city.

a hotel

b center

c office

d hostel

4 Mothers use the cleaner to clean the floor.

a lawn

b mower

c vacuum

d oar

5 A is someone who sails on boats or ships.

a sailor

b tailor

c scientist

d pilot

6 I can't try windsurfing because it isn't

a rainy

b sunny

c windy

d snowy

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

1 Noha gave her sister a pen.

(to her)



2 March has more days than February.

(fewer)



3 Adel is in France. I'm certain.

(must be)



7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

Sham el- Nessim celebration in Egypt.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Baher

Assistant

Baher

Assistant

Baher

Assistant

Baher

Assistant

Baher and an assistant are at a mobile phone centre.

How can I change this mobile?

①

Nothing wrong but its memory is small.

Oh! ② with a 3 GB memory.

It's good. But ③

I think you'd prefer the black one .

Yes, that's what I want. ④

About extra two hundred pounds.

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 A player in your team is not playing very hard.



2 A tourist asks where he can buy a map.



3 You remind your brother to enter the school science competition.



B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

On a ship far out at sea, a sailor looks up at the sky. He sees a beautiful white bird. It is flying high up in the sky. It is an albatross. The sailor is happy to see it. Many sailors believe that if they see an albatross, they will have good luck. Albatrosses are sea birds. They fly over the sea looking for fish to eat. They only go onto land to look after their chicks .Albatross chicks can't fly. They live on land until they learn to fly. Their parents bring them fish to eat.

Sometimes an albatross has to fly more than 1000 kilometres to find fish for its chick. It may be away for two weeks .When the chick is four months old, the parents leave it. Then, the chick must find its own food. So it must learn to fly quickly.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 Why do sailors like albatrosses?



2 What kind of birds is an albatross?



3 For how long do albatross chicks need their parents?



B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 The underlined word "it" refers to

Ⓐ the white bird

Ⓑ the sailor

Ⓒ the ship

Ⓓ the sky

5 The word chick means

Ⓐ an adult

Ⓑ a parent

Ⓒ a baby

Ⓓ an elder

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1 Mrs. Gordon	.....	a was always so careful with children.
2 Joe	.....	b had a helper called York.
3 Earl Smythe	.....	c called the new horse Black Beauty.
4 Merrylegs	.....	d learned to sweep the floor and wash the carriages.
		e shouted from the other side of the bridge.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

1 How do you know that Black Beauty had a good mother?



2 What do you think of the young rider who smoked a cigarette?



D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

1 I have a new text from my mother.

a title b message c book d letter

2 What time does it become in the morning?

a fight b right c sight d light

3 In the desert, they were as they lost their food.

a striving b starving c staving d killing

4 Give me to get to your house, please.

a directions b activities c tasks d costumes

5 Noha invented a that produces energy from local materials.

a device b printer c computer d container

6 reading after dinner, I write e-mails to friends.

a When b So c In addition to d Because

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

1 Mona could finish the project yesterday.

(able)



2 You don't have to pay to go into the museum.

(free)



3 Do you feel happy when you listen to music?

(listening)



7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

Doing physical exercise is important

Handwriting practice area for the paragraph.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Omar
Tourist
Omar
Tourist
Omar
Tourist
Omar
Tourist
Omar
Tourist

Omar is talking to a tourist.

Welcome to Egypt. Do you need any help?

Yes, I don't know what to do first .

①

That's a good idea. The museum is a good place to visit.

I recommend a tour with a guide. ②

Where can I buy a guidebook?

At the tourist information centre.

③

The best place to go shopping is the bazaar. Have a good day.

④

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 Your friend invites you to a trip to Luxor, but you are busy.



2 You want to remind your brother to do his homework.



3 Your sister wants to get high marks. She asks for your advice.



B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

An Egyptian salesman used to go from house to house selling vacuum cleaners. He always took **one** with him to show housewives what the machines he was selling can do. One day he went to a house in a farm. When the farmer's wife opened the door, he went in at once to show her his machine. "This powerful vacuum cleaner will remove all the dust from your carpets," he said. "It's no use to me. You are wasting your time here!" the woman said. "Just let me show you!" the man said. He threw some dirt over the carpet. The woman was very angry. "Don't worry, madam! I'll eat every bit of dirt that my vacuum cleaner doesn't pick up," he said. "well, I'll get you a spoon at once. I was trying to tell you that we don't have electricity, so the vacuum cleaner won't work here. Don't feel so sorry," she said.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 Why did the salesman go from house to house?



2 What can a vacuum cleaner do?



3 Did the vacuum cleaner work? Why? / Why not?



B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 In the end the salesman felt

a hungry

b sad

c happy

d pleased

- 5 The underlined word "one" refers to
 (a) a carpet (b) a spoon (c) a vacuum cleaner (d) a house

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1	Black Beauty	a didn't like people because they weren't kind to her.
2	Ginger	b hit the horses with a whip.
3	Mrs. Gordon	c became very hot after the journey.
4	John Manly	d looked after Black Beauty at Birtwick Park.
		e had to move to a warmer climate.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 Do you think that moving horses when there is a fire is hard or easy? Why?



- 2 Black Beauty saved more than one life in the story. Give two examples.



D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- 1 We can use to hold a tent.
 (a) flutes (b) signs (c) poles (d) balls
- 2 There was no wind, so they used the to take the boat to the island.
 (a) ears (b) oars (c) ovens (d) seats
- 3 You should congratulate your when he wins a match.
 (a) spectator (b) opponent (c) inventor (d) sailor
- 4 At some festivals, children join a parade and wear colourful
 (a) costumes (b) habits (c) pictures (d) flowers
- 5 Students must be to get what they want .
 (a) lazy (b) hard work (c) work hard (d) hardworking
- 6 Ali doesn't like science, he gets high marks in it.
 (a) Furthermore (b) Although (c) However (d) In addition

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Manal couldn't speak English when she was young. (able)

 2 Ahmed lives in an old house. I'm sure he isn't rich. (must)

 3 Why do people preserve fish? (preserved)

7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

A special day you celebrated with your family.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Marwa

Noha

Marwa

Noha

Marwa

Noha

Marwa

Noha

Marwa and Noha are talking together at school.

Hello Noha ! What are you going to do during the break?

Hello Marwa! I'm going to the school library.

1 ?

2 ?

Detective stories are enjoyable but they are too long .

3 ?

I prefer reading short stories. Can you help me choose a good one?

4 ?

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 Your sister spends too much time playing computer games. Advise her.



2 You see an old lady carrying a heavy bag. You offer to help her.



3 You ask your friend about his favourite sport.



B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

Egypt is our beloved country. It's so important for us because it is our real home. I think we all can't do without it. Its love runs in our blood. If we want to express and show our true feelings towards Egypt, we have to work hard. In addition, everyone must do their best to develop our country and make it a great one. We should put hand in hand to achieve more and more for all people. All Egyptians ought to make the best use of their powers and abilities. All of us should use our thoughts and ideas to help our country and take it to safety. Nothing in our life is like Egypt. In the end, we mustn't forget the saying: "East or west, home is the best".

A. Answer the following questions:

1 Why do you think Egypt is important for us?



2 What does the underlined pronoun "it" refer to?



3 What mustn't we forget?



B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 The words "put hand in hand" in the passage mean together.

a sing

b work

c eat

d study

5 Egypt's love runs in all the Egyptians'

a water

b hair

c electricity

d blood

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1	Farmer Grey	a stopped and refused to cross the bridge.
2	Black Beauty	b should live in a warmer climate.
3	Mrs. Gordon	c gave healthy food to his horses.
4	Joe Green	d would hurt other people.
		e gave Black Beauty cold water and he began to feel ill.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

1 Why do you think horses were so important in the past?



2 Do you think that people should hit horses hard with a whip? Why? Why not?



D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

1 To enjoy your holiday in a foreign country, you need to have a good book .

- a guide b guard c glider d gardener

2 Sleeping alone in a dark room always makes me feel

- a excite b exciting c excited d excitements

3 Engineers are now wanted for the new washing machine factory.

- a Export b Import c Experience d Expert

4 robots are designed to help people with jobs at home.

- a Public b Personal c General d Official

5 is being able to stand or move without falling.

- a Weight b Balance c Blank d Blanket

6 The toy is fantastic. Do you think in Egypt?

- a it is made b did it make c has it made d had it made

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

1 Sama was able to start the car alone.

(could)



2 We have to go to school on time.

(necessary)



3 Mr. Ali is very rich. His farm produces cotton clothes.

(whose)



7 Write an email of about 110 words to your friend Adel on: " 8 Marks "

The importance of sport ". Your email address is Nour@yahoo.com and your friend's email address is Adel@gmail.com

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Rami

Rami met his friend Ahmed who is going to a sports club.

Ahmed

Where are you going, Ahmed?

Rami

I'm going to my sports club.

Ahmed

①

Rami

I'm going there to practise my favourite sport.

Ahmed

②

Rami

Swimming. Do you like swimming, too?

Ahmed

No, ③ I like (4)

Rami

Great. Basketball is a popular game.

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 You advise your brother not to play in the street.



2 Your cousin asked about your feelings when you won a prize.



3 You want to invite your friend to your house this Saturday.



B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

Water is essential to our life. If there is no water, there will be no life on Earth. Man, animals and plants would have died. Water is necessary for every living thing. We can get **it** from rains, rivers, wells and sometimes from seas after removing salt from their water.

People use fresh water in drinking, washing and cooking. Scientists do a lot of research to find solutions to the problem of water in some places. The world would use little water in all fields. Another solution is re-using water. This means using water again instead of wasting it away. To increase the supply of water, dams have been built to store large amounts of water behind them to use it in time of need.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 How can we get water?



2 What would have happened without water?



3 What are the uses of fresh water?



B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 The underlined "it" refers to

a life

b earth

c water

d animal

5 Dams are used to much water.

a waste

b need

c cook

d store

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1	Farmer Grey	a was a short, fat horse.
2	John Manly	b Black Beauty's first owner.
3	Merrylegs	c reported the rude driver to the police.
4	Joe Green	d the horse who tells the story.
		e was Squire Gordon's helper.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- Why do you think that Squire Gordon's children stopped visiting the horses?
.....
- Do you think that Black Beauty's journey with Squire Gordon and John was difficult? Why? Why not?
.....

D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- The building is next to my school is very high.
a whose b which c when d where
- To be good at sports, you need strong
a physical b muscles c feeling d memory
- I don't know how to get to your house. Can you give me..... ?
a activities b directions c costumes d conclusions
- We often use salt to fish and other food.
a pack b decorate c celebrate d preserve
- Hassan's father said that the car was difficult to..... because it was raining.
a balance b score c control d hit
- Our team won a gold for winning the competition.
a trophy b plan c degree d ring

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

- Magdy wasn't able to ride a bicycle when he was two. (couldn't)
.....
- Samia took many photos at the museum yesterday. (taken)
.....
- The teacher gave my sister a present. (to)
.....

7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

Someone you know who is genius.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Reem and Amal are talking about the mid-year holiday.

- Reem The mid-year holiday will start the next week.
Amal That's right. ① ?
Reem I'm going to go to Sharm El-Sheikh.
Amal ② ?
Reem Because it's a wonderful place for a holiday.
Amal What activities can you do there?
Reem ③
Amal I wish you a happy mid-year holiday.
Reem ④

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

- 1 You want to invite your friend to your house this Sunday.
.....
2 A friend asks you to go to the beach on Friday. You would like to go.
.....
3 An old man wants to cross the street. You offer to help him.
.....

B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

How amazing is the life of animals! In the winter, many animals and birds travel hundreds of kilometres looking for a warmer climate and more food. This journey takes place every year at about the same time. It is common to see birds sitting on walls or telephone wires waiting to travel the long distance between the places where they spend their summers and their winters. Scientists do not know exactly how **they** find their way to and from their winter homes. Some people believe that birds depend on their senses, including their sense of smell, to help them find the way. Some animals and birds travel thousands of kilometres. It is surprising that blue whales have been known to travel up to 20.000 kilometres.

A. Answer the following questions:

- 1 Where do the birds sit waiting to travel the long distance?
.....
2 On which thing do the birds depend to find their way?
.....
3 Why do you think birds spend winter and summer in different places?
.....

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 The underlined pronoun "**they**" refers to
a scientists b homes c whales d birds and animals

- 5 The blue whale has been known to travel up to kilometres.
 a twenty thousand b ten thousand c forty thousand d thirty thousand

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1 Black Beauty	.....	a went with Squire Gordon to visit some friends.
2 John Manly	.....	b Black Beauty's new owners.
3 Mrs. Gordon	.....	c This horse which had one white foot.
4 Earl and Lady Smythe	.....	d was Squire Gordon's helper.
		e hit the horses very hard.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 What do you think people should do with horses that bite or kick?

 2 Do you think that Black Beauty was right to stop crossing the bridge? Why? Why not?

D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Salt is often used to fish and other food.
 a pack b preserve c celebrate d decorate
 2 There are eight that go around the sun.
 a plants b sails c planets d stars
 3 Wear a coat. It rain today.
 a might b must c can't d mustn't
 4 I'd like to you to my house today.
 a invent b interview c interrupt d invite
 5 Who is your in the tennis competition?
 a spectator b inventor c opposite d opponent
 6 You need strong to be good at most sports.
 a physical b muscles c feelings d memory

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

- 1 I couldn't find the pen that you lost. (able)

 2 I went to visit my cousin last week. She lives in Luxor. (who)

 3 Tourists take many photos of the Pyramids. (taken)

7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

Egypt is a good place for tourists to visit.

.....

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Jane
Basma
Jane
Basma
Jane
Basma
Jane
Basma

Basma and her American friend are talking about spring festival in Egypt.

Can we go for a walk now, Basma?

But we are getting ready for a more interesting thing.

① ?

The spring festival in Egypt. ② ?

No, I don't know its name. What is it called?

Sham El-Nessim. ③

You look very happy talking about the special food you have at this festival.
Where do you spend that festival?

④

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 You want to buy a new computer. Ask your teacher for recommendations.



.....

2 Your father asks about the weather for the next week. Express uncertainty.



.....

3 Your sister seems to have a problem. Offer help.



.....

B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

A hobby is an activity that we enjoy. It brings us happiness and makes our life rich. It gives us something fun to do during our free time and the chance to learn new **skills**.

We are very lucky to have so many different choices out there today. There are complete online websites for hobbies and interests. The best way to start a new hobby is to try something new. The world is full of wonderful, exciting activities that we can choose and follow as our own. A list of hobbies can be long, reading, exercising, drawing, writing, singing, playing music, doing sports and other things. Of course, all of us are not the same, so our interests and hobbies are different. But when we find a hobby that we truly enjoy and love, **it** becomes a part of our life.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 Why do we need a hobby in our life?



.....

2 What is the best way to start a new hobby?



.....

3 What do you think a good title for this passage is?



.....

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 The underlined word "**skills**" means things that you can

a do well

b wear

c eat

d look at

5 The word "it" in the last sentence refers to

a love

b part

c list

d hobby

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1	Ginger	a said "Come on my beautiful horses, wake up, please".
2	Farmer Grey	b learnt to sweep the floor, bring the food and wash the carriages.
3	John Manly	c often bit or kicked.
4	Joe Green	d was a lovely place with comfortable stables.
		e was a good man and horse owner.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

1 How do you think Black Beauty saved Squire Gordon's life?



2 What do you think the important needs of a horse are?



D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

1 When the wind blows, the leaves on the trees

a grow

b carry

c tremble

d save

2 can give all the answers to the difficult sums.

a A genius

b A mechanic

c An athlete

d A player

3 Robots can be sent inside volcanoes to study things that are

a warm

b dangerous

c fast

d slow

4 You can very well by controlling your muscles and breathing.

a understand

b feel

c balance

d write

5 are good places to play tennis when it is very cold outside.

a Indoor courts

b Outdoor parks

c School labs

d Bedrooms

6 Most students get information from the internet and.....of them read books or magazines.

a much

b less

c little

d few

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

1 In Brazil, people play football everywhere.

(is)



2 Salma and Marwa look very similar. I am sure they are sisters.

(must)



3 Could you arrive at the party on time yesterday evening?

(Were.....)



7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

We need to understand and use new technology.

Handwriting practice area with lines.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Salwa

Amany

Salwa

Amany

Salwa

Amany

Salwa

Amany

Salwa

Amany

Salwa and Amany are talking about their summer holiday.

Hello, Amany. At last we have finished our exams.

Wow! That's very exciting.

① during the summer holiday?

I'm going to London with my dad. He works there.

Really, how interesting! ② ?

I'll visit Big Ben and London Bridge.

Do you have any friends there?

③ They take me to visit many places.

I wish you ④

Many thanks, Salwa.

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 You want your brother to go with you to the doctor this Sunday.



2 A friend asks your opinion about the film you saw yesterday.



3 Your mother asked you if you closed the doors well before leaving. (Express certainty)



B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

In England there are many famous buildings and places to visit. One of them is the Post Office Tower in London which was opened in 1965. The tower is 190 meters high. It is one of the highest buildings in London. The tower is used by the post office for telecommunication (telephone, radio & television). There are many aerials near the top where visitors can go to watch the amazing views of London. There is also a revolving restaurant near the top. The Post Office Tower is open daily from 9:30am. to 10:00 pm. The cost of admission is two pounds.

Longleat House is another famous place 140 km west of London. It is the home of Lord Bath. It is about 400 years old. People can walk through the house and look at the magnificent rooms with beautiful paintings and antique furniture in them. There is also a safari park with wild animals wandering freely.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 What is the Post Office Tower used for?



2 How much will you pay if you want to visit the tower?



3 If you go to London which place will you visit; the Post Office Tower or Longleat House? Why?



B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 The word "**magnificent**", in the second paragraph, means
 (a) **antique** (b) **wild** (c) **round** (d) **amazing**
- 5 The underlined pronoun them in the second paragraph refers to
 (a) **rooms** (b) **furniture** (c) **paintings** (d) **animals**

C. The Reader

4 A- Match column "A" with column "B":

"2 Marks"

A		B
1 Farmer Grey	.....	a took care of Mrs Gordon.
2 Mrs. Gordon	.....	b is the person who bought Black Beauty from Mr Gordon.
3 Dr. White	.....	c a boy who helped John Manly.
4 Earl Smythe	.....	d was Black Beauty's first owner.
		e is the person who gave Black Beauty his name.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 Why do you think some drivers hit the horses with a whip?

- 2 Why do you think Black Beauty was pleased to be home after the journey of the bridge?

D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Mr Mohamed has a BMW car and a villa. He..... be rich.
 (a) **might** (b) **must** (c) **should** (d) **can't**
- 2 The Noble prizes are for scientists and writers.
 (a) **stories** (b) **speeches** (c) **information** (d) **awards**
- 3 People who watch a match in the stadium are called.....
 (a) **spectators** (b) **athletes** (c) **players** (d) **footballers**
- 4 Students need a lot of to write a report about the experiment.
 (a) **money** (b) **Wi-Fi** (c) **data** (d) **pencils**
- 5 means to be able to stand or move without falling.
 (a) **Exercise** (b) **Intelligence** (c) **Remembering** (d) **Balance**
- 6 In spring we Sham ELNessim.
 (a) **celebrate** (b) **play** (c) **represent** (d) **see**

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Do you have a problem? (matter)

- 2 I visited my aunt last Friday. She lives in Tanta. (who)

- 3 January has more days than February. (February has.....)

7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

Your favourite book or story.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Rana and Noha are talking about Dr. Musharrafa.

- Rana Hi, Noha. What are you doing?
Noha I'm reading an interesting article.
Rana 1 ?
Noha It's about Dr. Mustafa Musharrafa, a famous Egyptian scientist of the twentieth century.
Rana 2 ?
Noha He was able to work out some really difficult problems in maths and science.
Rana What else does the article say ?
Noha It says he was the first Egyptian to become a doctor of science. Do you think he was smart?
Rana 3
Noha I think we should do our best to be like him.
Rana 4

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

- 1 You accept your friend's invitation to his wedding party.
2 Advise your sister not to spend much time watching TV.
3 Although you lost the game, you congratulate your opponent.

B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

Many famous people were amazing when they were children. Mozart was able to play music when he was three and could write music when he was five. Judit Polgar is a great chess player. She was able to win chess games against some adults when she was twelve years old and she won chess competition when she was fifteen. Karl Benz went to university to study to be an engineer when he was fifteen and he later invented the car. And the great scientist Marie Curie taught herself to read Russian and French when she was four. She could also help her older brothers and sisters with their maths homework! However, some people who do amazing things when they are children become ordinary adults: not all of them are able to become famous.

A. Answer the following questions:

- 1 Why did Karl Benz go to university?
2 Who taught Marie Curie to read Russian and French?
3 Why do you think that many amazing children are not able to become famous when they grow up?

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 The word ordinary means.....
 (a) wonderful (b) amazing (c) special (d) not special
- 5 The underlined word "they" refers to
 (a) ordinary people (b) some adults (c) famous people (d) only musician

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1 Black Beauty's mother	.....	a hit the horses with a whip.
2 Ginger	.....	b was a young helper.
3 Joe green	.....	c smoked a cigarette and caused a fire.
4 The rider in the stable	.....	d advised him not to kick or bite.
		e had a difficult past.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 What do you think people should do with horses that bite or kick?

- 2 Do you think that Merrylegs was wrong to throw the older boys off his back ? Why? Why not?

D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- 1 The museum, is near our school, is always busy in the afternoon.
 (a) whose (b) who (c) which (d) where
- 2 Alia is my She lives in the flat next to mine.
 (a) neighbour (b) hero (c) parent (d) uncle
- 3 The sheep was ill, so they took it to see a
 (a) landlord (b) patient (c) vet (d) detective
- 4 The students usually stay in a cheap youth..... when they visit the city.
 (a) hotel (b) hostel (c) centre (d) office
- 5 There are eight that go around the sun.
 (a) plants (b) sails (c) planets (d) ships
- 6 That man has a very loud I can hear him from across the road!
 (a) voice (b) face (c) graph (d) ability

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Not many people like historical novels. (Few)

- 2 I couldn't find the glasses that you lost. (able)

- 3 It's necessary for her to finish the project on time. (She)

7 Write a paragraph of about (110) words on: " 8 Marks "

Places that tourists can visit in Egypt.

.....

.....

.....

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Omar meets Reda in the school library.

Omar

Good morning, Reda.

Reda

Good morning, Omar.

Omar

1 ?

Reda

I'm preparing a project.

Omar

On what?

Reda

2 ?

Omar

Saving water! 3 ?

Reda

I'll finish it next month.

Omar

Wonderful and useful. Good luck.

Reda

4

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 A classmate asks you to go shopping together this evening. You would like to go.



2 Your favourite sports team got a gold medal in the Olympic Games.



3 You recommend an internet friend to visit Hurghada.



B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

"Pay only seventy pounds and get a kilo of meat." This notice stopped Mr. Khalil while going home last Thursday. Immediately, he left his bike beside a café and asked the waiter to take care of it. He spends three hours waiting in a long queue. Finally, he managed to buy two kilos of meat. He went back to the café to get his bike. It was closed and his bike wasn't there. He went back home on foot. To his surprise, he discovered that his wallet and the mobile weren't there, either. He thought that the fat woman who was standing behind him in a queue robbed him of them all. Since then, he decided not to stand in a queue any more.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 Why did Mr. Khalil stand in a queue for three hours?



2 What does the underlined word "it" refer to?



3 Do you think that Mr. Khalil was careful or careless? Why?



B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 When Mr. Khalil went home, he discovered that he lost the.....

a bag

b bike

c meat

d mobile

- 5 Mr Khalil decided not to..... in the end.
 (a) go to work (b) ride a bike (c) sit in a café (d) wait in a queue

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1	Joe Green	a hit the horses with a whip.
2	Farmer Grey	b kicked cruel people.
3	Ginger	c caused the fire at the stables.
4	The factory driver	d was Black Beauty's first owner.
		e was a happy boy and he was always singing.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 Do you think that Merrylegs was right or wrong when he threw the boys on the ground? Why?

 2 Do you think that Black Beauty was right or wrong when he stopped crossing the bridge? Why?

D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- 1 February has..... days than March.
 (a) as few (b) few (c) fewer (d) fewest
 2 October 6, 1973 is..... all over Egypt every year.
 (a) celebrated (b) communicated (c) decorated (d) painted
 3 People walk along the beach to enjoy the cool..... blowing from the sea.
 (a) breeze (b) cream (c) smoke (d) steam
 4 go around the sun get heat and light.
 (a) Planes (b) Planets (c) Plants (d) Plates
 5 The gardener uses a..... to cut the grass in parks and gardens.
 (a) computer (b) lawn mower (c) ruler (d) vacuum cleaner
 6 Naguib Mahfouz was a great..... He won the Nobel Prize for writing.
 (a) player (b) inventor (c) sailor (d) writer

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Maha likes to draw pictures. It's her hobby. (Drawing)

 2 You don't have to get up early tomorrow. It's a holiday. (necessary)

 3 I advise you to carry your passport when you are travelling. (should)

7 Write a paragraph of about (110) words on: " 8 Marks "

Books you like to read.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Lucy

Lucy is speaking with Lara about her visit to Aswan.

Lara

Where did you go last month, Lara?

Lucy

1 ?

Lara

It is in the south of Egypt.

Lucy

Why did you go there?

Lara

2 ?

Lucy

3 ?

Lara

On holiday! 4 ?

5 ?

6 ?

7 ?

8 ?

9 ?

10 ?

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 You ask a friend about the best place to see dolphins.



2 You tell a friend what you could do when you were eight.



3 Your friend invites you to lunch. Refuse politely.



B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

Ten years ago Salma, who was seven years old then, went into her father's library and asked him if she could borrow some books. Salma's father was happy, he thought his daughter was interested in reading. He said to her, "You can take any books you want." When Salma heard that, she chose some big books and took them to the garden outside the house. She put the books under an orange tree. Salma's father and mother followed her to see what she would do with the books. They were surprised when they saw their daughter standing on the books and picking some oranges. Salma's father and mother laughed, then they helped her to pick some oranges. Her father told her not to stand on the books again.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 Why was Salma's father happy at first?



2 What did Salma need the books for?



3 Do you think we should stand on books? Why? Why not?



B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 Salma is..... years old now.

a seven

b seventeen

c seventy

d ten

5 The underlined word "them" refers to

a gardens

b Salma's parents

c oranges

d books

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1	John Manly	a is a short, fat horse.
2	Farmer Grey	b is Squire Gordon's helper.
3	Merrylegs	c kicked the children.
4	Ginger	d is Black Beauty's first owner.
		e had a difficult past.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 Why do you think Farmer Grey sold Black Beauty to Squire Gordon?
.....
- 2 Do you think that John was right to have a helper who was only fourteen? Why? Why not?
.....

D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- 1 A bazaar is a place where you can go.....
 a **fishing** b **shopping** c **running** d **swimming**
- 2 We decorate our homes with red paper.....
 a **costumes** b **fireworks** c **parades** d **lanterns**
- 3 Ali's cousin is studying..... at university.
 a **engine** b **engineering** c **engineer** d **engineers**
- 4 We get a / an for completing a university course.
 a **trophy** b **medal** c **degree** d **award**
- 5 By 1500, tennis was played with a wooden.....
 a **rocket** b **racket** c **rock** d **pole**
- 6 My brother works in the bank,..... is near my school.
 a **where** b **which** c **who** d **whose**

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Do you feel happy when you listen to music? (Does)
.....
- 2 Not many students read magazines. (Few)
.....
- 3 Samir bought me a present on my birthday. (for)
.....

7 Write an email of about 110 words: " 8 Marks "

To your friend Mona who is entering a writing competition. Your name is Sama. Your email address is sama@student.com. Your friend's email address is mona@student.com.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Shop-assistant

Nader

Shop-assistant

Nader

Shop-assistant

Nader

Shop-assistant

Nader

Shop-assistant

Nader

Nader is buying a suit at a store department.

Can I help you?

Yes. I ①, please.

I've got different styles of suits. Here you are. ② ?

I'd like the blue one.

What do you think of this suit? It's the colour you like and it's fashionable.

Yes, I like it. It's fashionable ③ ?

Five hundred pounds. It's imported from France.

Oh! It's ④ I'd like one made in Egypt, please.

Well, here it is. Only two hundred pounds. It's cheap, isn't it?

Yes, it is and of a good quality as well.

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 You are in a busy street with your younger brother. You advised him not to walk too close to the road.

2 You offer to help your sister with her homework.

3 You apologize for breaking your brother's mobile phone.

B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

Mr. Saeed is a teacher of English. He works hard to make his small family happy. One day, his daughter Hanan asked him to bring her a new mobile as her old one was broken and **it** didn't have a good camera. He decided to buy the mobile and present it to his daughter on her birthday. He prepared the money needed. On his way to the shop, he met an old lady who asked him to help her as she was in need of money for her sick husband.

Mr. Saeed was puzzled and he thought long and hard. When he went home that night, he told his family what had happened. His daughter wasn't sad that she wouldn't have a new mobile. The whole family spent a wonderful night with their kind-hearted father.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 What did Hanan ask her father to do?

2 Why did the old woman need money?

3 What would you do if you were Mr. Saeed?

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 The word "**it**" refers to.....

a money

b the old mobile

c the new mobile

d the camera

- 5 Mr. Saeed
- a bought the mobile b was sick
- c helped the old woman d broke the mobile

C. The Reader

4 **A) Match column "A" with column "B"**

"2 Marks"

A		B	
①	Merrylegs	a	was John's new helper.
②	Squire Gordon's wife	b	smoked a cigarette and caused a fire.
③	Ginger	c	was a short, fat horse.
④	Joe Green	d	named the perfect handsome horse "Black Beauty".
		e	was coughing because the air was filled with smoke.

.B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

1 Why do you think that it is not easy to move horses when there is a fire?

2 What do you think people should do with horses that bite or kick?

D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Tourists get information about tourist attractions from a.....
a notebook b textbook c guidebook d concert
- 2 This tradition also dates..... to ancient Egyptian times.
a up b back c behind d over
- 3 About 50,000..... attended yesterday's match.
a spectators b referees c degrees d trophies
- 4 STEM schools on developing students' ability.
a teach b focus c learn d study
- 5 I used my father's computer to buy the book.....
a offline b free c expensive d online
- 6 Would you like me to make a cup of tea?
a you b to you c for you d yourself

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Amany couldn't do the maths sum. (able)
- 2 The bank is near the school. My brother works there (where)
- 3 Nadia has more books than Adel. (fewer)

7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

Reading.

[illegible]

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Yasmeen

Nashwa

Yasmeen

Nashwa

Yasmeen

Nashwa

Yasmeen

Nashwa

Yasmeen meets Nashwa who has just bought a new mobile.

What a nice mobile. When did you buy it?

1

2 ?

900 pounds.

It's not expensive. Can you come with me to buy one for dad?

3

4 ?

We can go this evening.

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 Your sister always stays up late.



2 You are asked how you felt when you saw a snake in your bedroom.



3 You are invited to a wedding party. You like it.



B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

I am greatly interested in reading because it is very useful and necessary in our daily life. So, it is my favourite hobby. We should read a lot of different books during our free time to increase our knowledge. We can get much information that helps us make our life better and easier. We should encourage our pupils to go to the school library to read and borrow books. Although we are living in the age of modern technology, most people prefer reading printed books which they can carry with them anywhere. We have computers, laptops and the internet at homes and in our schools, but our best friend is still the printed book. Books should be cheaper and school libraries must be open during the summer holidays.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 Why should you read books?



2 When does the writer ask you to read?



3 Do you think that one day there will be no printed books? Why? Why not?



B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 The underlined word "that" refers to.....

a information

b reading

c hobby

d books

5 The "age" in the second paragraph means

a old

b time

c place

d history

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1	Ginger	a treated his horses gently.
2	Merrylegs	b always followed his mother's advice.
3	Black Beauty	c had a sad face.
4	Gordon	d didn't love his wife.
		e made people laugh at the way he walked.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

1 Horses can feel danger. Give an example.



2 Do you think that people must hit animals? Why? Why not?



D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- All people are talking about the..... written about your last film.
 a review b poem c programme d reviewer
- People who go....., often sleep in tents.
 a studying b swimming c walking d camping
- In Sinai, women wear traditional.....
 a costumes b projects c festivals d parades
- The little boy invents things of his own. He's.....
 a stupid b lazy c genius d cruel
- There are eight that go around the sun.
 a plants b planets c planes d stars
- This short story is..... in simple English.
 a writes b wrote c written d writing

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

- It is necessary for him to lose weight. (has to)
- I gave her a ring, so she thanked me. (for)
- The cat which has black hair is ours. (whose)

7 Write a paragraph of about (110) words on: " 8 Marks "

A day you spent in Hurghada.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Manal

Manal is inviting her friend Nadia for a mid-year holiday with her school.

Nadia

Hi! Nadia. I'm going to Matrouh next Friday with my school.

Manal

Really! Matrouh is a very beautiful city.

Nadia

I'm sorry. I will be in Alexandria on Friday.

Manal

When will you come back?

Nadia

1 ?

Manal

2 ?

Nadia

I will go with my father and my brother.

Manal

So, I will miss you.

Nadia

3 ?

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 Your brother watches too much television. Advise him not to do so.



2 You ask your friend about his favourite subject.



3 You are sure that your mum is at home.



B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

One day, a barber was busy cutting a man's hair in his shop when a handsome young man with a small boy in his hand came in. They sat down until the barber finished. Then, the young man asked the barber to cut his hair first and then cut the small boy's hair because he wanted to have a cup of tea while he was cutting the boy's hair. After having his haircut, the man said he would have tea at the café nearby. The barber asked him not to be late. The barber soon finished and waited for the man. At the end of an hour, the barber said to the boy "Your father's taking such a long time. Where has he gone?" "I can't guess." Answered the boy "And that man wasn't my father. I've never seen him before in my life. I was playing in the street when he came and asked me whether I'd like to have my haircut without having to pay money."

A. Answer the following questions:

1 What was the barber doing when the young man came into the shop?



2 Why did the man take the boy with him to the barber's shop?



3 What does the underlined word "he" refer to?



B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 The barber waited for..... for the young man to come?

a 60 minutes

b 2 hours

c half an hour

d 30 minutes

- 5 The barber was paid by
 a the young man b the boy
 c neither the man nor the boy d the police

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1	Joe Green	a threw the boys on the ground to give them a lesson.
2	Merrylegs	b could move the horses when there was a fire.
3	John Manly	c were the last horses to leave Birtwick Park.
4	Black Beauty	d was a happy boy who was always singing.
		e has never forgotten his mother's advice.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

- 1 Why do you think Black Beauty was very pleased to be home after Gordon's business journey?
 2 What do you think Ginger needed to be a good horse?

D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

- 1 Almost all of the..... of the book were good.
 a reviews b invention c revision d discoveries
 2 The girl was..... with fear.
 a treating b happy c trembling d funny
 3 She designed beautiful..... for the party.
 a customs b costumes c coasts d costs
 4 We enjoy the cool blowing from the sea.
 a breathe b birth c price d breeze
 5 Tourism to grow in the near future.
 a is expected b will expect c was expected d expects
 6 Do you know who radio?
 a intended b invited c invented d insisted

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

- 1 It is not necessary for you to get up early on Friday. (have to)
 2 Could your son read when he was six? (able)
 3 Amal bought Salwa a present. (for)

7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

Egypt is a good place for tourists to visit.

Handwriting practice area with lines for writing.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

- Ali: Welcome to Egypt.
Tourist: Thank you.
Ali: ① ?
Tourist: I come from England.
Ali: ② ?
Tourist: No, this is my second visit.
Ali: What do you think of Egypt?
Tourist: ③
Ali: ④ ?
Tourist: Thanks, you are very kind.

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

- ① Your friend isn't studying for the exam.
.....
② You ask your friend about his favourite subject.
.....
③ A friend asks you what you think of a scary film you have just watched.
.....

B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

Mr Abdelkhalik is our model teacher. My friend and I visited him last Friday. On our way to his home, we passed by a lot of villages. We admired the beautiful landscape on both sides but the busy roads prevented us from enjoying the beautiful nature. After we reached our teacher's home at 8 p.m., we chatted together. He gave us some advice and told us that we should work as one team. Also, he added that we should set our goals and co-operate to achieve them. Suddenly my friend felt sick. He had a headache and his temperature was very high. Mr Abdelkhalik's daughter who was a doctor examined our friend and gave him some medicine. He began to feel better. Finally, we wished him good night and left at 11 p.m. Really we enjoyed our time.

A. Answer the following questions:

- ① How many people visited Mr Abdelkhalik?
.....
② What prevented the writer and his friend from enjoying the beauty of nature?
.....
③ What does the underlined word "them" refer to?
.....

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- ④ The doctor is Mr Abdelkhalik's
a friend b wife c daughter d writer

5 They spent hours with Mr Abdelkhalik.

a three

b two

c four

d eight

C. The Reader

4 A) Match column "A" with column "B"

"2 Marks"

A		B
1	Black Beauty	a covered Black Beauty with blankets.
2	Merrylegs	b gave Black Beauty cold water to drink.
3	John Manly	c threw boys on the ground.
4	Farmer Grey	d saved Mrs. Gordon's life
		e was the first owner of Black Beauty.

B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

1 Do you think that the horses liked Birtwick Park?



2 How was Black Beauty's mother a good one?



D. Usage & Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

"3 Marks"

1 Ahmed likes sports like swimming and running.

a inside

b soft

c indoor

d outdoor

2 I gave the message.

a my sister

b to my sister

c for my sister

d hers

3 The scientist has an important research on climate change.

a done

b made

c used

d brought

4 There was a strong wind, so the streets are full of of trees.

a loaves

b leaves

c lives

d shelves

5 Mariam got a for winning the sports competition.

a metal

b price

c present

d trophy

6 The player showed us amazing during the football match.

a hills

b skills

c nails

d notes

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets:

"3 Marks"

1 I visited my uncle last week. He lives in Luxor.

(who)



2 Mona bought more books than Mayar.

(fewer)



3 Must I take a taxi?

(Do)



7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following:

"8 Marks"

A form of technology that is most useful to you.

A. Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

"4 Marks"

Maher
Khalid
Maher
Khalid
Maher
Khalid
Maher
Khalid
Maher
Khalid

Maher and Khalid are talking about sports.

What's your favourite sport, Khalid?

1

I think you must be tall and fast to be good at that sport.

That's right.

Where do you play it?

2

3 ?

I play it three times a week.

4 ?

We win by scoring the most points.

2 Write what do you say in the following situations:

"3 Marks"

1 You advise your friend not to smoke.



.....

2 A friend says that Athens is bigger than London. You don't think so.



.....

3 You want to invite your friend to your house next Saturday.



.....

B. Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following passage and answer the questions:

"5 Marks"

Reading is a useful and important habit in our modern life. It gives us the chance to think and dream. It provides us with a lot of information that helps to make our life better.

When you read, you need to be in a quiet place. It's better to wear your reading glasses if it is necessary. To remember what you read, it is a good idea to have a pen in your hand to underline or circle the important points. Try to discuss what you read with your friends.

People read for different goals. Some people read for **enjoyment** just to feel happy and spend a nice time. **Others** read for work. Students read for their study or research. All of us read the news and the weather reports. We also read the messages and the emails that we receive.

A. Answer the following questions:

1 Why is reading important and useful?



.....

2 Why do students read?



.....

3 How can you remember what you read?



.....

B. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4 What do you think the word "Others" refer to ?

a goals

b people

c points

d glasses

- 5 The underlined word "enjoyment" means
 (a) discussion (b) pleasure (c) sadness (d) mysterious

C. The Reader

- 4 A) Match column "A" with column "B" "2 Marks"

A		B
1 John Manly	.....	a saved Squire Gordon from the broken bridge.
2 Black Beauty	.....	b hit the horses hard.
3 Ginger	.....	c began to respect Squire Gordon.
4 Merrylegs	.....	d was Squire Gordon's helper.
		e wanted to teach the boys a lesson about horses.

- B. Answer the following questions: "2 Marks"

1 Why do you think that the driver of the carriage near the factory was rude to Joe?



2 Why do you think that moving horses when there is a fire is very hard?



D. Usage & Writing

- 5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: "3 Marks"

- 1 I don't know how to get to your house. Can you give me ?
 (a) activities (b) costumes (c) conclusions (d) directions
- 2 The teacher asked us to write a of our visit to the museum.
 (a) description (b) character (c) title (d) hostel
- 3 There are eight that go around the sun.
 (a) plants (b) sails (c) planets (d) stairs
- 4 you speak English when you were six?
 (a) Were (b) Could (c) Do (d) Able
- 5 Who is your in the tennis competition?
 (a) opponent (b) spectator (c) inventor (d) opposite
- 6 You need strong to be good at most sports.
 (a) physical (b) muscles (c) feelings (d) memory

- 6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets: "3 Marks"

1 I don't have as much interest in adventure stories as I do in mysteries. (less)



2 Mona received a medal for winning the race. She is an excellent runner. (who)



3 I know that it is my pen. It is the only one that is red. (must)



- 7 Write a paragraph of (110) words on one of the following: "8 Marks"

Robots in our lives.