

A. Structure Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. You revise for the exam; it's my advice.

a. must

b. should

c. shouldn't

d. mustn't

2. You spend much time watching TV. It's a waste of time.

a. must

b. should

c. shouldn't

d. can

3. What I do to be better at English? – I advise you to practise more English.

a. should

b. am

c. can't

d. must

4. It's You should take some rest.

a. necessary

b. advisable

c. a must

d. inadvisable

5. She should the doctor's advice.

a. follow

b. follows

c. followed

d. following

6. You read this new story; it's recommended.

a. must

b. should

c. can

d. mustn't

7. Please, tell me what I should and do.

a. has to

b. can

c. shouldn't

d. mustn't

8. What should I to lose weight?

a. do

b. doing

c. did

d. done

9. I'm able to solve this problem. This means I solve it.

a. can't

b. must

c. should

d. can

10. It's useful to take this medicine: you take it.

a. must

b. should

c. mustn't

d. shouldn't

11. Your lessons well.

a. should revise

b. should be revised

c. should be revising

d. must revise

12. It is a good idea. You do more sports to keep fit.

a. shouldn't

b. ought

c. ought to

d. ought not to

2. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I advise you to do more exercise.

(should)

2. If I were you, I'd read this book.

(should)

3. It's bad to spend so much time watching TV.

(You ...)

4. It's good for you to go to bed early.

(I advise you ...)

5. I want to keep fit, what do you advise me to do?

(What should ...)

6. You should avoid bad friends.

(shouldn't)


1. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. You can find out information about the monuments of Luxor at the information centre.
 a. tour b. tourist c. tourism d. tours
2. The police is next to the park.
 a. stop b. platform c. port d. station
3. You should snorkelling at Hurghada.
 a. take b. make c. try d. buy
4. Tourists like to scuba diving when they visit Hurghada.
 a. buy b. take c. make d. go
5. Tourists like to different activities when they visit Sharm al-Shiekh.
 a. make b. do c. leave d. search
6. Young people like to go camping and stay at youth
 a. hostel b. hotel c. motel d. inn
7. Would you like to shopping with me?
 a. do b. go c. play d. make
8. I like music so much, so I want to go to
 a. the stadium b. the library c. a cafe d. a concert
9. Do you going to the park?
 a. advise b. let c. recommend d. ask
10. Tourists prefer to buy a to know information about the places they visit.
 a. notebook b. guidebook c. diary d. book
11. I suggest that Ali the lesson again.
 a. revises b. revise c. revised d. will revise
12. Let's go by the Nile.
 a. for walking b. walk c. walking d. walks

2. Read the following. Then answer the questions:

Dear Salma,

I'm so happy to hear that you and your family are visiting Bournemouth in England soon. All the hotels there are very modern and comfortable. You can find information about them at the tourist information centre. Bournemouth is next to the sea and it has a beautiful beach. When it's windy, you should definitely go windsurfing.

You should take a coat and jumper when you go to Bournemouth. It can be cold and rainy even in the summer! When it's sunny, you shouldn't go to the beach in the afternoon. Everyone goes then! It is best to go to the beach early in the morning, when it is quieter. You should try swimming too, but you should wear a wet *suit*. The sea is always cold.

Have a great time!

Catherine



Longman

a. Answer the following questions:

1. Where is Bournemouth?

.....

2. What clothes should Salma take and why?

.....

3. Why do you think it is quieter on the beach in the morning?

.....

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The underlined word them refers to

a. cities.

b. tourists.

c. hotels.

d. beaches.

5. The words wet suit mean clothes that you wear to

a. keep warm in water.

b. keep cool in summer.

c. make you float.

d. make you sink.

2. Read the following. Then answer the questions:

We are going on a boat trip today. It will be fun, but I know that some of you have not been on a boat before, so please listen carefully. The sea can be dangerous, so you should always do what I tell you. You should wear warm clothes because it can be cold on the water. You should wear sun cream, too, because the sun is very strong today. You shouldn't wear a hat. It's always windy on the boat so your hat will probably blow into the water!

You shouldn't run on the boat. I don't want anyone falling into the sea. Now, the waves are quite big today because it's windy. Some people feel ill on boats. You should tell me if you feel like that. Do any of you have any questions?

a. Answer the following questions:

1. Who do you think is talking?

.....

2. Why is the person giving this advice?

.....

3. What shouldn't you do on the boat and why?

.....

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The word waves means parts of water that move across the sea?

a. higher

b. colder

c. hotter

d. lower

5. The underlined words like that refer to

a. the waves.

b. feeling frightened.

c. having questions.

d. feeling ill.

A. Structure Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. We should spend time watching TV.

- a. fewer b. few c. a d. little

2. Samir has money than me. I'm richer than him.

- a. fewer b. few c. less d. little

3. There were than 20 people on the bus.

- a. little b. few c. less d. fewer

4. Students usually have sleep during exams than they have during holidays.

- a. little b. few c. less d. fewer

5. Sami is the poorest boy. He has the money of his friends.

- a. few b. least c. less d. fewest

6. There is water in the lake because it was very dry this year.

- a. little b. much c. few d. many

7. I want a book with pages to read because I don't have much free time.

- a. less b. much c. few d. many

8. This bottle has the water; it has only a few drops of water.

- a. least b. much c. fewest d. many

9. people think that English is not a useful language. Most people believe it's very important.

- a. Less b. Much c. Few d. Many

10. You should use salt in your food than you do now.

- a. less b. little c. few d. fewer

11. Ali got marks in class; he is really clever and active.

- a. little b. the fewest c. the most d. few

12. What is time you have spent waiting for a bus?

- a. little b. the fewest c. few d. the least

2. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I bought three books but Ali bought five. (fewer)

2. Salma has more money than Amal. (less)

3. All students got high marks. Only Adel got very low marks. (...fewer...than)

4. All students play football except for two students who play tennis. (the fewest)

5. Many people speak English. Only a few people speak Japanese. (fewer than...)

6. Ali drank three glasses of water, but Rami drank only one. (less)


1. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. I prefer reading stories.
 a. **historic** b. **history** c. **historical** d. **historian**
2. I have more schoolwork to today.
 a. **make** b. **do** c. **think** d. **agree**
3. A is the place where we can read or borrow books.
 a. **library** b. **laboratory** c. **class** d. **hall**
4. I read a / an about the new story I want to buy.
 a. **view** b. **interview** c. **review** d. **vision**
5. What kind of story do you to these children?
 a. **advise** b. **revise** c. **recommend** d. **ask**
6. What is the of the new book you want to read? – *Ten Facts About the World*.
 a. **owner** b. **author** c. **address** d. **title**
7. He is trembling; he is very hard.
 a. **shaking** b. **shaving** c. **feeling** d. **falling**
8. He is very tired; he is
 a. **strong** b. **weak** c. **fat** d. **fit**
9. Nagib Mahfouz is my favourite
 a. **leader** b. **player** c. **writer** d. **poet**
10. The story Amal read made her sad.
 a. **think** b. **do** c. **feel** d. **fall**
11. ! I have found my lost mobile.
 a. **Unluckily** b. **Unfortunately** c. **Likely** d. **Luckily**
12. Samir likes reading stories to know more about the work of detectives.
 a. **love** b. **crime** c. **short** d. **historical**

2. Read the following. Then answer the questions:

Dr Ali studied birds. Every day, he visited the park near his house to study the birds there. He liked the north of the park, because few people went there. It was always quiet. He usually spent 30 minutes watching the birds. He wrote how many of kinds of bird he saw in his notebook. He usually counted about ten different kinds of bird.

One Monday, he looked at his notes from the last year. Each month, there were fewer and fewer kinds of bird. That day, he only saw four kinds of bird. This was the fewest yet. He had a little time before he had to return to work. Perhaps he would see more kinds of bird. But he didn't. What was happening to them? He rushed to his office. He wanted to tell everyone about the problem.

3. Answer the following questions:

1. What is this text about?



2. Why do you think Dr Ali wanted to tell everyone about the problem?

.....

3. Why did Dr Ali go to the north of the park?

.....

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. One Monday, Dr Ali saw

a. ten kinds of bird.

b. the fewest kinds of bird.

c. four birds.

d. the most kinds of bird.

5. The word *rushed* means

a. went somewhere quickly.

b. took a bus.

c. walked carefully.

d. looked at.

3. Read the following. Then answer the questions:

Until the 1960s, the Aral Sea was one of the biggest seas in the world. Today, you can walk across a lot of it. It looks like a desert. There are boats now lying on sand that was once the bottom of the sea. The problem started in the 1960s when people started to irrigate the land around the Aral Sea to grow cotton. Every year after that, there was less and less water and the sea became smaller. Today, there is little water left in parts of the sea. In the east part, there is no water at all. In the 1980s, the fishing village of Muynoq was next to the sea. Today, the nearest sea water is about 70 kilometres away. Few people in the village have the same jobs now. They have to find different jobs.

a. Answer the following questions:

1. What is the problem with the Aral Sea?

.....

2. Why is the sea smaller now than in the past?

.....

3. Why do you think people in Muynoq have different jobs today?

.....

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The word *became* means

a. looked.

b. began to be.

c. wanted to be.

d. was made.

5. The underlined word that refers to

a. cotton.

b. water.

c. the 1960s.

d. the Aral Sea.

Best Wishes / Mr Mohamed Shaban

A. Structure Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Mobiles everywhere.
a. use b. is used c. uses d. are used
2. In Bosnia, eggs in a big pan.
a. are cooked b. are cooking c. cook d. was cooked
3. How fish preserved in the past?
a. is b. are c. was d. did
4. My car yesterday.
a. repaired b. was repairing c. is repaired d. was repaired
5. Sham el-Nessim was first to celebrate the start of spring.
a. hold b. holding c. held d. holds
6. Fish in special freezers.
a. is kept b. is keeping c. keeps d. keep
7. Special foods in festivals.
a. was eaten b. are eating c. are eaten d. eat
8. Bad habits by good students.
a. avoid b. are avoiding c. are avoided d. avoiding
9. My lessons are usually before exams.
a. revising b. revised c. revise d. revises
10. Few schools in our city in the past.
a. were building b. were built c. built d. are built
11. Who by?
a. the telephone is invented b. is the telephone invented
c. the telephone was invented d. was the telephone invented
12. The plane off an hour ago.
a. was taken b. took c. are taking d. takes

--- تمارين صعبة المستوى غير مرتبطة بالمنهج ---

2. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I travelled to Aswan in 2014. (ago)
.....
2. It's Salma's habit to wake up very early. (used to)
.....
3. Adel used to play football when he was young. (played)
.....
4. It's my habit to watch the news in the morning. (always)
.....
5. Many people speak English as a foreign language in Egypt. (usually)
.....
6. Unfortunately, Ali never drinks milk. (not)
.....


3. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Spring is a / an time of the year.

- a. private b. unknown c. special d. own

2. Sham el-Nessim is held to the beginning of spring in Egypt.

- a. hide b. celebrate c. give d. see

3. In Japan, people celebrate spring when flowers on thousands of trees across the country.

- a. hide b. appear c. fall d. take

4. In spring, people go outside and picnics under trees.

- a. allow b. see c. have d. do

5. To many people, flowers and eggs new life.

- a. represent b. present c. give d. take

6. The children wore historical for the school play.

- a. uniforms b. clothes c. costumes d. suits

7. In China, people decorate their homes with red paper

- a. lanterns b. clothes c. walls d. bags

8. Which countries the longest day of the year?

- a. represent b. celebrate c. give d. make

9. Many people like to freeze food to it.

- a. cool b. preserve c. reserve d. use

10. We walked in the street in a to celebrate the start of spring.

- a. queue b. group c. line d. parade

11. There is a nice on the beach.

- a. breeze b. wave c. cloud d. storm

12. I had a-five holiday.

- a. day b. days c. day's d. days'

A. Structure Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. You be Ali; he isn't tall like you.
a. must b. can't c. might d. should
2. You Amal's sister; you look very similar.
a. must be b. can't c. needn't d. should
3. Hala arrive late; I'm not sure
a. must b. can't c. might d. should
4. Kamel spend the weekend in the country. He hasn't decided yet.
a. must b. might c. mustn't d. should
5. Who is knocking on the door? - He be Adel; he usually returns home at this time.
a. mustn't b. might c. must d. can't
6. It's a gold watch. It be very expensive.
a. must b. might c. mustn't d. can't
7. That be a real dinosaur. There aren't any dinosaurs on earth!
a. must b. might c. mustn't d. can't
8. Is this Amal's bag? - It hers. Let's see if her books are in it.
a. must be b. might be c. mustn't be d. can't be
9. In the photo, everyone is wearing warm clothes. It very cold there.
a. must be b. might be c. mustn't be d. can't be
10. Hatim is absent. He ill who knows?!
a. must be b. might be c. mustn't be d. can't be
11. It easy to send an email if you don't know how to use the computer.
a. must be b. might be c. mustn't be d. can't be
12. You joking! A camel can't fly.
a. must be b. might be c. mustn't be d. can't be

2. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. I'm sure Faten is ill. (must)
.....
2. It's probable that Yaser will travel by train. (might)
.....
3. Perhaps Amal is in the office now. (Amal...)
.....
4. Hatim is definitely busy. (be)
.....
5. Samir must be ready for the exam. (I'm sure that...)
.....
6. It is certain that Rami isn't in the club. (can't)
.....


3. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Scientists are trying to the technology of the future.
 a. think b. leave c. avoid d. develop
2. Using technology is essential." Essential " means
 a. important b. unimportant c. boring d. bored
3. In STEM schools, teachers students to do projects.
 a. encourage b. discourage c. refuse d. frighten
4. In STEM schools, science lessons aren't the same lessons introduced in schools.
 a. usual b. unusual c. usually d. unusually
5. In STEM schools, all the lessons are English.
 a. by b. with c. at d. in
6. Expert teachers are the ones who have experience.
 a. much b. no c. little d. bad
7. STEM school students follow the technology.
 a. latter b. late c. latest d. least
8. is something that allows mobile phones and computers to connect to the internet.
 a. Net b. Laptop c. E-book d. Wi-fi
9. Can you tell me about the of STEM school students?
 a. achieves b. achievements c. achievable d. achieve
10. Only students who are very good at can join STEM schools.
 a. Science b. Science and maths c. Arabic d. Social studies
11. Who the telephone ?
 a. made b. did c. discovered d. invented
12. Children should how to develop their skills.
 a. learn b. do c. teach d. make

A. Structure Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

1. I ride a bike when I was seven.

- a. can't b. was able c. can d. could

2. Faten able to solve the problem?

- a. Can't b. Was c. Can d. Could

3. How old were you when you swim?

- a. can't b. were able c. can d. could

4. The clever mechanic to repair the very old car.

- a. can't b. was able c. can d. could

5. I could drive my father's car when I was sixteen, but my brother drive it until he was eighteen.

- a. can't b. wasn't able c. couldn't d. could

6. After only three months, he to read, write and speak English well; he is really intelligent.

- a. can't b. was able c. wasn't able d. could

7. I was able to fix my computer; this means that I fix it.

- a. can't b. couldn't c. could d. didn't

8. When you were ten, stand on one leg?

- a. could you b. can you c. were you able d. do you

9. Gamal could all his homework alone.

- a. does b. did c. do d. done

10. I wasn't able the heavy box yesterday.

- a. carry b. to carry c. on carrying d. carried

11. Were you able to answer all the difficult questions? — Yes I

- a. can b. wasn't c. was d. were

12. He could solve the problem. This means that he the ability to solve it.

- a. can b. had c. has d. could

2. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Rami was able to make food alone. (could)

2. Could he repair the car alone? (Was he...)

3. Amany couldn't do the maths sums. (able)

4. When Hatim was ten, he had the ability to ride the bike alone. (could)

5. What were you able to do when you were twelve? (What could...)

6. Kamel succeeded in solving the very difficult problem. (able)


3. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. My brother couldn't the maths exercise yesterday.

- a. think b. solve c. make d. do

2. Ahmad was clever; he could all the answers to the sums.

- a. thank b. think c. give d. take

3. There are a lot of TV that will show the final match on air.

- a. channels b. canals c. studios d. programmes

4. Hamdy me to his birthday party.

- a. invented b. invited c. saw d. asked

5. A genius is a person with a very highly brain.

- a. natural b. normal c. developed d. undeveloped

6. A / An is a prize given for an achievement.

- a. gift b. crown c. present d. award

7. This course will help you to your English.

- a. improve b. prove c. remove d. move

8. His English is very good. It helps him to study maths to a great

- a. mark b. level c. degree d. height

9. If you go the supermarket, please buy me two kilos of apples.

- a. pest b. post c. paste d. past

10. My friend studies computer

- a. programme b. programming c. programmer d. programmes

11. Ali is genius maths.

- a. for b. on c. at d. in

12. Aya is a six-year pupil.

- a. old b. older c. age d. ages

A. Structure Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

1. They asked a difficult question.

- a. she b. her c. hers d. to her

2. Ahmad sent a nice present.

- a. to me b. for me c. me d. mine

3. Take off your shoes. Take off.

- a. him b. them c. it d. its

4. Another email was sent yesterday.

- a. to him b. him c. he d. his

5. Who can answer these questions? — I can answer well.

- a. him b. them c. it d. its

6. I bought a mobile phone

- a. to my brother b. my brother's c. for my brother d. my brother

7. Here is Ali's book. — Can you ?

- a. give it him b. give it to him c. give him it him d. give it for

8. I sent a message.

- a. my friend b. for my friend c. to my friend d. his

9. Have you sent the new book?

- a. she b. for her c. to her d. her

10. The teacher rewarded the boys. He rewarded well.

- a. theirs b. their c. them d. him

11. Please, read the latest news.

- a. I b. for me c. to me d. me

12. Did you read the email I sent yesterday?

- a. no pronoun b. it c. its d. it's

2. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Maysa sent some flowers to Amal. (...sent Amal)

2. We give our relatives presents on holidays. (to our relatives ...)

3. Did you receive a fax from the German company? (send)

4. I sent Dalia my email address. (I sent my email address ...)

5. I like the present you bought your mother. (for)

6. I sent the manager the final report. (The final report ...)



2. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Some robots under water to study the sea.
 a. dive b. drive c. live d. leave
2. Other robots are sent into instead of people because it's dangerous work.
 a. wells b. rocks c. earthquakes d. volcanoes
3. Personal robots are to help people with jobs at home.
 a. done b. designed c. advised d. refused
4. We use to cut the grass in garden and parks.
 a. personal robots b. vacuum cleaners c. lawn mowers d. space robots
5. A / An is a large place from which fire and rocks sometimes come out.
 a. well b. storm c. earthquake d. volcano
6. A is a machine that keeps your house clean.
 a. sea robot b. vacuum cleaner c. lawn mower d. space robot
7. When water, we can see steam.
 a. boils b. freezes c. increases d. rises
8. The got into the boat and used the oar strongly.
 a. driver b. rider c. pilot d. sailor
9. The film was ; I really enjoyed it much.
 a. unknown b. terrible c. fantastic d. boring
10. In the past, some people were at building boats.
 a. exports b. experts c. imports d. reports
11. People the sail in order to move boats faster.
 a. invented b. discovered c. refused d. did
12. In the twentieth , oil was used to take powerful ships around the world.
 a. month b. year c. century d. decade



A. Structure Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. You take photos here. It's forbidden.

a. must

b. mustn't

c. have to

d. don't have to

2. We follow school rules.

a. mustn't

b. have to

c. don't have to

d. shouldn't

3. Hala go to hospital yesterday as she was ill.

a. mustn't

b. must

c. has to

d. had to

4. You see a doctor; you look so ill.

a. have to

b. need

c. mustn't

d. must

5. Dalia clean the house as her sister had already cleaned it.

a. mustn't

b. don't have to

c. didn't have to

d. must

6. You buy bread now; we have a lot.

a. should

b. don't have to

c. didn't have to

d. must

7. How long did she wait for the school bus yesterday?

a. must

b. have to

c. had to

d. has to

8. You aren't allowed to park here; you do it.

a. mustn't

b. must

c. have to

d. had to

9. She hurry. She isn't late for school.

a. should

b. doesn't have to

c. didn't have to

d. has to

10. We go to school on time.

a. mustn't

b. don't have to

c. have to

d. has to

11. You study biology to join the Faculty of Medicine.

a. mustn't

b. must

c. have to

d. don't have to

12. We travel to Alexandria; it was a must to go there.

a. didn't have to

b. have to

c. had to

d. must



b. Vocabulary

2. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Nobody is using the tennis , so let's play tennis.

a. court b. craft c. crop d. field

2. A long bit of metal or wood is called a

a. Pavement b. planet c. plough d. pole

3. Tennis can be a/an Sport.

a. Door b. indoor c. in door d. at door

4. Some people believe that tennis was by the French.

a. Invented b. made c. done d. discovered

5. The very first tennis balls were made leather.

a. out b. by c. in d. from

6. A tennis ball has to 6.54-7.3 centimeters across the middle.

a. weigh b. count c. measure d. add

7. Basketball players are usually tall. anyone can play it.

a. However b. Although c. What d. because

8. A tennis ball has to 56-59.49 grams.

a. Weigh b. count c. hit d. add

9. It's often too cold to play in Canada in winter.

a. Outside b. inside c. out d. indoor

10. In basketball, players have to the ball into the basket.

a. kick b. score c. throw d. join

11. In football, the team that the most wins the match.

a. scores b. throws c. kicks d. loses

12. It is easy to carry this bag. It's very

a. light b. unimportant c. boring d. popular

A. Structure Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. is my favourite hobby.
 a. To swimming b. Swimming c. Swim d. Swimmer
2. I was interested in football when I was young.
 a. play b. player c. play d. playing
3. Thank you me.
 a. to help b. helping c. for helping d. helping
4. This mechanic is good at modern cars.
 a. repairing b. repair c. repaired d. repairs
5. very intelligent can help a person do amazing things.
 a. To being b. Being c. Be d. For being
6. Einstein had problems with
 a. reading b. read c. reads d. reader
7. I'm fond of novels.
 a. writer b. wrote c. writing d. write
8. It's not easy to understand people's
 a. felt b. feel c. feels d. feelings
9. is fun.
 a. To diving b. Diver c. Diving d. Dives
10. My favourite hobby is pictures.
 a. paint b. to painting c. painting d. painter
11. Is he worried the exam?
 a. passing b. pass c. about passing d. on passing
12. I'm my homework now.
 a. do b. doing c. done d. did

2. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Rami likes to watch TV. (interested)

2. My favourite hobby is to play tennis. (Playing tennis ...)

3. Sara couldn't do the maths sums. (failed فشل)

4. Do you prefer to play computer games? (Are you ...)

5. Don't park here. It's not allowed. (Parking ...)

6. To help others is a great thing. (Helping ...)



b. Vocabulary

2. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Being very can help you to do amazing things.
a. Intelligent **b. intelligently** **c. controlling** **d. enjoyable**
2. Athletes usually have very strong
a. music **b. muscles** **c. mysteries** **d. mud**
3. People are intelligent in different
a. gates **b. lines** **c. roads** **d. ways**
4. Some people prefer to learn by drawing pictures or
a. grams **b. diagrams** **c. gyms** **d. guitars**
5. if you have a problem, ask for your parent's
a. balance **b. afterwards** **c. advice** **d. advantage**
6. Everyone should do 30 minutes of exercises each day.
a. chemical **b. souvenir** **c. physical** **d. software**
7. Do you know how to this computer?
a. be **b. do** **c. make** **d. use**
8. Pupils should different activities at school.
a. do **b. make** **c. stop** **d. see**
9. You need good to ride a bicycle.
a. place **b. police** **c. balance** **d. plans**
10. Pupils should be quiet when they tests.
a. peel **b. make** **c. draw** **d. do**
11. Scientists do different experiments to animal's intelligence.
a. count **b. measure** **c. weigh** **d. add**
12. It's difficult to your car while it's raining.
a. count **b. weigh** **c. take** **d. control**

A. Structure Exercises

1. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. I asked him a question he couldn't answer.
a. whose b. who c. which d. what
2. Ahmad, father is ill, is really sad.
a. who b. whose c. which d. that
3. Adel, is a kind manager, is respected by all.
a. who b. whose c. which d. that
4. The email I received yesterday gave me exciting news.
a. who b. when c. what d. that
5. I don't know your friend Hatim lives.
a. where b. when c. who d. what
6. I bought the mobile phone about you told me.
a. what b. that c. which d. who
7. Winter is the quietest time I can travel to Alexandria.
a. where b. when c. what d. that
8. I saw Ali in the new villa فيلا he lives.
a. that b. which c. when d. where
9. This is the company شركة we work in.
a. when b. which c. when d. where
10. The teacher rewarded the boys got full marks.
a. where b. whose c. who d. which
11. Zewail was the Egyptian scientist discovered the femtosecond الفيمتوثانية.
a. when b. whose c. who d. what
12. This is the novel رواية
a. I read it b. that I read it c. which I read it d. I read

2. Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

1. Mona travelled to Hurghada. She spent a nice holiday there. (where)
.....
2. Moneer is ill. He has to see his doctor. (who)
.....
3. Did you receive the fax? I sent it yesterday. (that)
.....
4. Rami went to the police station. His car was stolen. (whose)
.....
5. This is the house where I live with my family. (which)
.....
6. Ramzy sent beautiful flowers to his mother. (which)
.....



b. Vocabulary

2. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. People from many different countries can in English.
a. communicate b. communication c. collect d. correct
2. The letter "i" has a above it.
a. top b. dot c. eye d. drop
3. My cousin gave me a/an to a family party.
a. Congratulation b. completion c. communucation d. invitation
4. The football team was set In 2017.
a. off b. in c. up d. on
5. we all need to help protect our country.
a. dolphins b. soldiers c. professors d. spectators
6. The writing of most languages uses different lines.
a. survey b. system c. surname d. measure
7. Can you work what that new word means?
a. out b. off c. up d. in
8. Manal's sister plays the violin in a/an
a. opponent b. orchestra c. nursery d. oud
9. people can read by using Braille.
a. Blog b. Brave c. Blind d. Broken
10. The on the door said that the shop was closed.
a. sink b. size c. soil d. sign
11. Which new sport would you like to take next year?
a. up b. down c. for d. off
12. I'm that I can't come to your house because I must finish my homework.
a. frightened b. frozen c. afraid d. please



هذا السؤال غير مطابق لمواصفات الامتحان و لكنه موجود في تمارين كل وحدة .
لذلك قمت بتجميعه ووضعتة في آخر الملف لمن أراد أن يحل تمارين اضافية .

1. Read and correct the underlined words:

Structure (Units 1-9)

1. It's better for you. You must read your answer again. (.....)
2. You shouldn't follow my advice to improve your English. (.....)
3. Is it a must to go to hospital now? – No, but I think you must ask the doctor's advice later. (.....)
4. Which way must I take? - You had better take the highway. (.....)
5. What do you advise me to do? (.....)
6. Your teeth should brush after meals. (.....)

المبني للمجهول مع should نستخدم بعدها be ثم التصريف الثالث للفعل .

1. Many sugar can make you ill. (.....)
2. I have little money than my friend. (.....)
3. I didn't revise many lessons; I revised only a lot. (.....)
4. In Egypt, many people study English, but the few study Spanish. (.....)
5. Poor counties have many disease than rich countries. (.....)
6. A few people listen to the radio, but even less people watch TV. (.....)

1. Few letters write nowadays. (.....)
2. Was your watch find yesterday? (.....)
3. Silly mistakes are repeating by careless students. (.....)
4. A large factory built near our village a month ago. (.....)
5. The internet uses all over the world. (.....)
6. Good food are always made by my mother. (.....)

1. Ali mustn't be mistaken. I'm sure he is right. (.....)
2. This must be my mobile; it is not the same kind like this. (.....)
3. Prices must go down, who knows?! (.....)
4. This can by Samir; Samir is abroad now. (.....)
5. STEM school students might be studying hard. I'm sure. (.....)
6. He has been working hard all day. He can't be tired. (.....)

1. Is he able to swim when he was ten? (.....)
2. I can answer the easy question, but I couldn't answer the difficult one yesterday. (.....)
3. Leila was able ride her bicycle when she was nine. (.....)
4. The young boy could tidied his room well. (.....)
5. Did you able to draw that picture alone? (.....)
6. I wasn't able to drive the car, but I couldn't show my friend the way. (.....)



1. Type the reports and send it to the company. (.....)
2. I bought some flowers to my uncle who was in hospital. (.....)
3. I sent to Rasha my camera. (.....)
4. You must tell to your parents the truth. (.....)
5. If you see Ali, ask he to telephone me. (.....)
6. Have you listened to the news? – Yes, I listened to them. (.....)

1. You must make noise in a library. (.....)
2. Did you had to travel alone? (.....)
3. You mustn't worry. The matter isn't serious. (.....)
4. I have to buy a present for Adel on his birthday. (.....)
5. You must follow traffic rules. (.....)
6. I don't have to do computer studies when I was at primary school. (.....)

1. Are you interested in watch TV? (.....)
2. Catch fish is an exciting hobby. (.....)
3. Leila was able to riding the bike when she was nine. (.....)
4. Are you tidy your room now? (.....)
5. Are you keen on help others? (.....)
6. I refer reading to watch TV. (.....)

1. Type the reports who I told you about. (.....)
2. This is the laptop about that I told you. (.....)
3. I met Adel who father works as a general manager. (.....)
4. Ahram Hotel is the best place when he likes to stay during his holidays in Cairo. (.....)
5. I met Amal who's car was painted. (.....)
6. Have you listened to the news who was really surprising? (.....)

2. Read and correct the underlined words:

Vocabulary

1. We want to go for walking in this quiet street. (.....)
2. Staying in a hostel is more expensive than staying in a hotel. (.....)
3. Would you like to go at a tour into the old part of the town? (.....)
4. You should definite try this food. It's delicious. (.....)
5. Tourists like to visit ancient seats. (.....)
6. Tourists like to buy presents to remind them of the places they visit. (.....)
1. I tried hard to answer the problem. (.....)
2. Few People have interesting in historical stories. (.....)
3. The story I read made me feel fright. (.....)



4. Farmer Grey bought Black Beauty to Squire Gordon. (.....)
5. Try to give a short summer of "Black Beauty." (.....)
6. You should try to drink a good number of water. (.....)
1. You don't have to pay to go into the museum; it's fare. (.....)
2. On the feast, children like to wear colour clothes. (.....)
3. Who was the first pizza discovered by? (.....)
4. When is Mother's week celebrated? (.....)
5. Sham el-Nessim marks the end of spring. (.....)
6. In conclude, tourism is very important. (.....)
1. Ali must be at home. This sentence shows uncertainly . (.....)
2. We need date about the new project. (.....)
3. Our exports try to develop education. (.....)
4. STEM schools are private schools which focus on developing students' abilities . (.....)
5. STEM school students will be able to work in excited jobs. (.....)
6. He is an excellent scientist. He has great skilled. (.....)
1. Hardware is a different system that is used by a computer. (.....)
2. He is intelligent. He learns things and understands slowly. (.....)
3. He could do great things although he is alone seven. (.....)
4. The athlete got a model for winning the race. (.....)
5. A lot of students study inline; they depend on the internet completely. (.....)
6. You are amazed, Adel! Great answer! (.....)
1. People have used the river for transplant. (.....)
2. Ships could travel cross the sea to sell goods to other countries. (.....)
3. The ancient Egyptians used ears to move boats forwards. (.....)
4. Lawn movers are used to cut the grass in parks and gardens. (.....)
5. Personal rabbits are used to help people with jobs at home. (.....)
6. Some robots remove skillfully inside volcanoes. (.....)
1. The opposite of outside is beside. (.....)
2. Mariam has got a trophy for losing the sports competition. (.....)
3. In the football game, the recommendation told the player that he did something wrong. (.....)
4. There were about 20,000 inspectors in the stadium. (.....)
5. Today, most tennis balls are made from rubbish. (.....)
6. I congratulated my opinion after he won the tennis game. (.....)
1. Athletes are good at controlling their breathe. (.....)
2. A sail spends a lot of time working at sea. (.....)



3. The travel is that I don't know the answer to the question. (.....)
4. Mona always makes her homework after she has lunch. (.....)
5. What is the medal? You look worried, Amal! (.....)
6. It's difficult to understand people's fallings. (.....)
1. Tarek cannot hear anything because he is dot. (.....)
2. To find the meaning of a word, you should look it down in the dictionary. (.....)
3. The computer is lightly broken, but we can still use it. (.....)
4. People who cannot hear can talk to each other in line language. (.....)
5. The moon is the same sheep as letter O. (.....)
6. Louis Braille made off signs for maths and music, as well as letters. (.....)



Mr. Mohamed Shaban

للاقتراحات ٠١٠١١٩٩٥٦٣١

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