

Practice Test 1a

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Heba is going to meet her friends today.

Mother: What are you going to do with your friends today?

Heba: We want to have a picnic but we don't know where to go.

1 **Where do you suggest we go**.....?

Mother: Garden Park is a nice place for a picnic.

Heba: Yes, it is. What can I take for the picnic?

Mother: 2 **You can take some sandwiches and cake.**.....

Heba: That's a good idea. Do I need my hat today, Mum?

Mother: 3 **Yes, you should take your hat.** The sun is very strong today.

Heba: 4 **When should I go?**.....?

Mother: Early in the morning. That's when the sun is not too hot.

Heba: I'll take your advice and wake up early, then!

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1 You drop a glass on the kitchen floor. Your younger sister walks into the room.

.....**You should put on your shoes. / You shouldn't walk in here.**.....

2 A friend asks you what you thought of a scary film that has just finished.

.....**I felt frightened.**.....

3 You tell a friend what you did last Saturday at midday.

.....**At midday on Saturday, I visited my grandmother.**.....

B Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

In Sweden, the longest day of the year is celebrated in June. It is the start of a five-week holiday. Most people go on a trip to the country with their families. Children put flowers in their hair and everyone eats a special cake. In the evening, a family meal is eaten. This usually includes *herring*: there are a lot of these in the sea around Sweden. After people have eaten, they usually go for a walk. Nobody goes to bed before twelve o'clock on this special day! There is sunshine until very late at night in Sweden at this time. In the north it does not get dark at all! It can be difficult to sleep. To help them, people should find a room that is not very light.

1 What do most people do in June in Sweden? **They celebrate the longest day of the year.**

2 How can Swedish people help themselves sleep in the long days of June?

.....**They find a room that is not very light.**.....

3 Why do you think that people do not go to bed early in June in Sweden?

.....**Because there is sunshine until very late at night.**.....

4 The word *herring* means a type of.....

a fish

b bird

c ship

d shell

5 The underlined word them refers to

a children

b people without a house

c people without families

d people in Sweden

C The Reader

4 a. Match column A with column B

A

- 1 Farmer Grey
- 2 Black Beauty
- 3 Merrylegs
- 4 Ginger

B

- a The horse who tells the story
- b A short, fat horse
- c A horse who had a difficult past
- d A horse who forgot his mother's advice
- e Black Beauty's first owner

1- e

2- a

3- b

4- c

b. Answer the following questions:

- 1 What advice did Black Beauty's mother give him? She told him not to bite or kick.
- 2 What was Birtwick Park like? It was a big house with large fields and comfortable stables.
- 3 Do you think that the horses liked Birtwick Park? Why? They liked it.
- 4 How do we know that Black Beauty had good owners? Farmer Grey gave the horses good food and spoke to them kindly. Squire Gordon was also kind and gentle. He never hurt his horses.
- 5 Do you think that Merrylegs was wrong to throw the older boys off his back? Why?/ Why not? He was not wrong to do this, because he did not hurt the boys and he wanted them to learn to be kind to horses.

D Usage and Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 When is Sham el-Nessim in Egypt?
☒ a celebrated b celebrate c celebrates d celebrating
- 2 This book has pages than that book.
 a little b less ☒ c fewer d least
- 3 People often drink water in hot weather than when it is cold.
 a less b least ☒ c more d most
- 4 It is not too hot on the beach because there is a nice
☒ a breeze b cloud c storm d wave
- 5 The restaurant in the guidebook was a very good
 a review b parade c information ☒ d recommendation
- 6 I don't know how to get to your house. Can you give me?
 a activities ☒ b directions c costumes d conclusions

6 Rewrite the following using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 When you go to Luxor, I think you should visit the museum. (recommend)
I recommend you visit the museum when you go to Luxor.
- 2 The blue bottle has more water than the green bottle. (less)
The green bottle has less water than the blue bottle.
- 3 Manal always helps people. (helpful) Manal is always helpful.

7 Write an email of seven (7) sentences about one of the following:

- You tell your English friend how Mother's Day is celebrated in Egypt.
- You just watched a great film and you want to tell your friend about it.

Practice Test 1b

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Seif has just watched a film at Yassin's house.

Seif: That was a very good film.

Yassin: Yes, it was. 1 How did you feel when Detective Zaki was in the desert?

Seif: I was frightened when Detective Zaki was in the desert. Why did he go there?

Yassin: 2 He went there because he wanted to meet the old man. Or To solve a crime / mystery.

Seif: Now I understand. Do you recommend watching his other detective films?

Yassin: 3 Yes, I do. They are very interesting.

Seif: OK, I'll take your advice. 4 Where can I find many of his films?

Yassin: You can find many of his films on the internet.

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1 A tourist asks you where he can buy a map. You know that the tourist information centre gives out maps for free.

You can buy a map at the tourist information centre.

2 Your friend has finished a book. The end of the book made you feel sad. You want to know if your friend thinks the same.

Did the end of the story make you feel sad?

3 A friend asks you what you do before and after dinner.

Before dinner, I help my mother cook. After dinner, I wash the dishes.

B Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

It's my first visit to Egypt. My friends advised me to go to Alexandria. It's summer. However, it is not very hot there, so many tourists go at this time. I'm staying in a hotel in Alexandria now. It is Friday, so there is little traffic in the streets. The hotel is near the sea and I can hear the boats. The hotel is also near the tourist information centre, but it is closed today.

Tomorrow I will ask about what I should see in the city. The guidebook says that I should visit Fort Qaitbey. The stones in the fort are from the famous lighthouse. They were used after the lighthouse *collapsed* in an earthquake in 1303.

Best wishes,

Andy

1 Why do many tourists go to Alexandria in the summer? Because it is not very hot.

2 Who do you think Andy is writing this email to and why? I think he is writing to his grandparents to tell them about his holiday.

3 Which place does the guidebook advise Andy to visit? Fort Qaitbey

4 The word *collapsed* means

a was built

b fell

c started

d was seen

5 The underlined word it refers to

a the hotel

b the tourist information centre

c the road

d Fort Qaitbey

C The Reader

4 a. Match column A with column B:

A

- 1 Black Beauty
- 2 Black Beauty's mother
- 3 Squire Gordon
- 4 Squire Gordon's wife

B

- a She said, "Never bite or kick, even when you are just playing a game."
- b This horse had one white foot.
- c This horse had short, fat legs.
- d She named the horse "Black Beauty".
- e Farmer Grey sold Black Beauty to this person.

1- b

2- a

3- e

4- d

b. Answer the following questions:

- 1 Who helped Black Beauty to learn to pull a carriage? His mother helped him.
- 2 Why did Ginger sometimes bite or kick people? Because people were not kind to her in the past.
- 3 Why did Squire Gordon's children stop visiting the horses? They were frightened of Ginger.
- 4 Do you think that Merrylegs was right to behave badly with the children? Why? / Why not? Yes, because the older boys were not being kind to him.
- 5 Do you think that it was natural for Ginger to change her bad behaviour? Why? / Why not? Yes, because the man was not being kind to his horse.

D Usage and Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 It is cold and windy today. When you go outside, you a coat.
a wear **b** should wear c shouldn't wear d are wearing
- 2 students in our school have visited England.
a Few b Little c Less d The least
- 3 The museum by thousands of tourists every day.
a visited b is visiting **c** is visited d was visited
- 4 The students usually stay in a youth when they visit the city.
a hotel b centre **c** hostel d office
- 5 Salt is often used to fish and other food.
a pack **b** preserve c celebrate d decorate
- 6 The teacher asked us to write a of our visit to the museum.
a character b title c conclusion **d** description

6 Rewrite the following using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 March has more days than February. (fewer) February has fewer days than March.
- 2 You do not have to pay to go into the museum. (free) The museum is free. or It is free to go into the museum.
- 3 I advise you to visit Aswan. (should) You should visit Aswan.

7 Write a paragraph of seven (7) sentences about one of the following

- a review of a book you liked
- why you think Egypt is a good place for tourists to visit

Practice Test 2a

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Adam and Faris are talking about Dr Ali Moustafa Musharrafa.

Adam: Hi, Faris. What are you doing?

Faris: I'm reading about Dr Ali Moustafa Musharrafa.

Adam: 1 What does it say?

Faris: Dr Musharrafa was able to work out some really difficult problems in maths and science.

Adam: 2 That's interesting. What else does the article say?

Faris: It says here that he was the first Egyptian to become a doctor of science.

Adam: That's a great achievement! 3 Do you think he was genius? or Did he win any prizes?

Faris: I'm not sure but he was definitely really smart.

Adam: 4 I don't know, but I am sure he was very intelligent. or We should be proud to have Egyptians like him.

Faris: I agree. We should do our best to be like him.

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

- 1 Your mother asks you how you did on your English exam. Express certainty.
I'm sure I'm passed.
- 2 Your friend asks you if you met the writer who visited your school last week. This was not possible because you were ill. I couldn't meet him because I was ill.
- 3 You are in a busy street with your younger brother. You advise him not to walk too close to the road. You must remember not to walk too close to the road.

B Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

There have been hotels for hundreds of years, but they might be different in the future. Usually there are friendly people who write your name and address, carry your bags to your room and give you breakfast in the morning. In Japan, there is a hotel where there are no people working at all: all the work there is done by robots.

When you first arrive at the hotel to *check in*, a robot tells you what to do: you should enter information about yourself on a computer. The robot is able to communicate in lots of different languages. You don't need a key for your room because a computer in the door will recognise you. There is even a robot in each room who is able to turn lights on and off and answer simple questions!

- 1 Why are there no people working in this hotel?
There is a hotel where all the work is done by robots.
- 2 Why don't you need a key to your room in this hotel? A computer in the door will recognise you.
- 3 What problems do you think you might have in a hotel like this?
If there is a problem with electricity or if a robot breaks, then things will stop working in the hotel.

4 *Check in* means

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> a report that you have arrived | <input type="radio"/> b sleep |
| <input type="radio"/> c wake up | <input type="radio"/> d park your car |

5 The underlined word there refers to

- | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> a the hotel | <input type="radio"/> b Japan | <input type="radio"/> c the robot | <input type="radio"/> d the future |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|

C The Reader

4 a. Match column A with column B:

A

- 1 John Manly
- 2 Black Beauty
- 3 Ginger
- 4 Merrylegs

B

- a saved Squire Gordon from the broken bridge.
- b hit the horses hard.
- c began to respect Squire Gordon.
- d was Squire Gordon's helper.
- e wanted to teach the boys a lesson about horses.

1- d 2- a 3- c 4- e

b. Answer the following questions:

- 1 What made Black Beauty's journey with Squire Gordon and John difficult?
The weather was very rainy and windy. The fields were flooded.
- 2 What happened at the bridge? They realised that the bridge was broken and they could not cross it.
- 3 Who started the fire at the stables? The young rider who smoked a cigarette
- 4 Why do you think that John was able to take the horses from the burning stables?
John was very calm so the horses stopped feeling anxious.
- 5 Why do you think that moving horses when there is a fire is very hard?
Horses are frightened by fire and do not want to move.

D Usage and Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 I gave the message.
☒ a my sister b for my sister c to my sister d hers
- 2 There is a lot of traffic today. We be late.
a must b should ☒ c might d won't
- 3 The maths homework was very difficult. Were you do it?
a could ☒ b able to c able d can
- 4 It is to take your passport when you go to another country.
a easy ☒ b essential c enjoyable d enormous
- 5 Ola is always She will do very well in her exams.
a noisy b lazy ☒ c hardworking d exhausted
- 6 There are eight that go around the sun.
a plants b sails ☒ c planets d stars

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 I couldn't find the pen that you lost. (able) I wasn't able to find the pen that you lost.
- 2 Perhaps I'll wear a jacket today, I'm not sure. (might) I might wear a jacket today. I'm not sure.
- 3 Adel might visit us tomorrow. (I'm not sure) I'm not sure if Adel will visit us tomorrow.

7 Write a paragraph of seven (7) sentences about one of the following:

- a form of technology that is most useful to you
- someone you know who is a genius

Practice Test 2b

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Salem and Omar are talking outside a classroom in their school.

Salem: Who is our science teacher talking to in the classroom?

Omar: She is talking to the scientist who is giving us a talk next week.

Salem: Oh, yes, I forgot.

Omar: 1 You mustn't forget to go to the talk. It's essential.

Salem: Yes, you're right, it is very important. 2 What is it going to be about? ?

Omar: 3 I'm not sure. I think he's going to talk about useful robots.

Salem: That's a very interesting topic. 4 Do you think he will bring a robot with him?

Omar: Maybe he'll bring a robot with him!

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1 A friend says that Athens is bigger than London. You don't think this is correct.
I'm not sure that is right.

2 Your friend thinks he saw a cat in the hotel. You are certain that cats aren't allowed in the hotel.
It can't be a cat. I'm sure that cats aren't allowed in the hotel.

3 A friend asks you for the best way to revise before the test.
You must remember not to wait until the day before the test.

B Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Many famous people were amazing when they were children. Mozart was able to play music when he was three and could write music when he was five. Judit Polgar is a great chess player. She was able to win chess games against some adults when she was twelve years old and she won chess competitions when she was fifteen. Karl Benz went to university to study to be an engineer when he was fifteen and he later invented the car. And the great scientist Marie Curie taught herself to read Russian and French when she was four. She could also help her older brothers and sisters with their maths homework! However, some people who do amazing things when they are children become *ordinary* adults: not all of them are able to become famous.

- Why did Karl Benz go to university? He wanted to be an engineer.
- Who taught Marie Curie to read Russian and French? Nobody.
- Why do you think that many amazing children are not able to become famous when they grow up?
Perhaps many amazing children do not have other useful skills when they are adults.
- The word *ordinary* means
a not helpful b amazing c special **d not special**
- The underlined word they refers to
a Mozart and Polgar b some adults c scientists d Benz and Curie

C The Reader

4 a. Match column A with column B:

A

- 1 Squire Gordon's friend
- 2 The rider in the stable
- 3 Ginger
- 4 Mrs Gordon

1- d 2- c 3- b 4- e

B

- a didn't listen to Black Beauty when he called out.
- b walked out of the stable when Black Beauty called her.
- c smoked a cigarette and caused a fire.
- d was amazed because John saved the horses.
- e went with Squire Gordon to visit some friends.

b. Answer the following questions:

- 1 Why didn't Black Beauty return Squire Gordon and John home the way they came?
Because a tree fell in front of them on the road and later a bridge was broken.
- 2 Why didn't John drive Black Beauty over the bridge?
Because Black Beauty felt that something was wrong and then a man told them that the bridge was broken.
- 3 "And thank you, Black Beauty. You saved us." Who said this? What does it show about the kind of man he is?
Squire Gordon says this. It shows that he is a kind man who understands his horses.
- 4 Why do you think that the horses wanted to stay in the stables although there was a fire?
They felt safe in the stables and did not understand what was happening.
- 5 What happened when John came to take the horses from the stables?
The horses became calm because John was calm. He could take them out of the stables.

D Usage and Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 you speak English when you were six?
a Were b Do c Able **d** Could
- 2 Eman sent an email.
a for me **b** me c mine d to me
- 3 Wear a coat. It rain today.
a might b must c can't c mustn't
- 4 Use the cleaner to clean the kitchen floor.
a lawn b mower **c** vacuum d oar
- 5 I'd like to you to my house this Saturday.
a invent b interview c interrupt **d** invite
- 6 That man has a very loud I can hear him from across the road!
a voice b face c graph d ability

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 I know that it is my pen. It is the only one that is red. (must) **That must be my pen because it is the only one that is red.**
- 2 Mona wasn't able to finish the project yesterday. (could) **Mona couldn't finish the project yesterday.**
- 3 Hassan is interested in reading. He also writes short stories. (in addition) **Hassan is interested in reading. In addition, he writes short stories.**

7 Write an email of seven (7) sentences about one of following:

- an email to your teacher explaining why you would like to go to a STEM school
- an email to your friend who is entering a writing competition

Practice Test 3a

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Fatma is at school with her friend Lamia.

Fatma: You look worried.

Lamia: Yes, I am very worried.

Fatma: 1 What's the matter?.....?

Lamia: I'm afraid that I can't find my book.

Fatma: 2 Let me see if I can help...... Is this it?

Lamia: Yes, it is. Thank you! We're discussing the book in my book club.

3 I'd love to!.....?

Fatma: Yes, I would love to come. Thank you for inviting me.

Lamia: 4 We will start at 5. / I'll meet you there at 5......

Fatma: OK. I'll be there at 5.

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1 Although you lost the game, you congratulate your opponent.

Well done!.....

2 You want to invite your friend to your house this Saturday.

Would you like to come to my house this Saturday?.....

3 You see a person looking under their car. You want to know if they need help.

Have you got any problems?.....

B Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

Many experts think that people first played rugby in 1823. At this time, students at Rugby School in England were playing football. Then, a boy called William Webb-Ellis took the ball in his hands and ran towards the opponents. This made a new game. To score in rugby, teams have to run with or kick the ball to one end of the field. The ball is *oval*, like an egg. You have to be fast and strong to be good at playing rugby. Many players, who can weigh about 100 kilograms, are very big! Today, rugby is very popular in many countries. About 100 countries play the sport. However, it is not as popular as football. More than 200 countries play that sport.

1 What is the main idea of the passage?

The story of rugby......

2 What sort of person do you need to be in order to play rugby well?

Fast and strong......

3 Why do you think that William Webb-Ellis decided to take the ball with his hands?

Perhaps he was excited and wanted to go faster......

4 An *oval* is

☒ a shape ☐ a kind of football ☐ a kind of plastic ☐ a kind of egg

5 Rugby got its name from

☐ a player ☐ a country ☒ a school ☐ an egg

C The Reader

4 a. Match column A with column B:

A

- 1 Joe Green
- 2 John Manly
- 3 The factory driver
- 4 Mrs Gordon

B

- a was angry with Joe for taking care of Black Beauty.
- b reported the rude driver to the police.
- c had to move to a warmer climate.
- d took a note to Dr White.
- e hit the horses with a whip.

1- b

2- d

3- e

4- c

b. Answer the following questions:

- 1 Why did John ride Black Beauty to another village during the night?
Mrs Gordon was very ill so John needed to find the doctor.
- 2 What happened to Black Beauty after he returned with the doctor?
Black Beauty was very tired and hot. Joe tried to help but Black Beauty became ill.
- 3 Do you think that John was right to have a helper who is only fourteen?
Yes, because Joe works hard and will learn how to look after horses very well.
- 4 Why do you think that the driver of the carriage near the factory was rude to Joe?
Perhaps he did not like being told what to do by a young boy.
- 5 Why did the doctor ride Black Beauty instead of his own horse?
The doctor's son had the doctor's horse so the doctor rode Black Beauty.

D Usage and Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 blind means that you cannot see.
a Be b Will be **c Being** d Am
- 2 My neighbour, is a teacher, sometimes helps me with my English.
a whose **b who** c which d where
- 3 What did you do before you came to school this morning?
a must b have **c have to** d had to
- 4 Who is your in the tennis competition?
a opponent b spectator c inventor d opposite
- 5 Hassan's father said that the car was difficult to because it was raining.
a balance b score **c control** d hit
- 6 The teacher asked me to the books to the class.
a hand out b hand up c look up d look out

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 Tarek is very good at tennis. He's good at basketball, too. (furthermore)
Tarek is very good at tennis. Furthermore, he's good at basketball.
- 2 It is not necessary to get up early tomorrow. It's a holiday. (have to)
We don't have to get up early tomorrow. It's a holiday.
- 3 Do you have a problem? (matter)
What's the matter?

7 Write a paragraph of seven (7) sentences about one of the following:

- a sport you like

- what a player should do to be a good sport

Practice Test 3b

A Language Functions

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Fawzi is talking about sport with his friend Munir.

Fawzi: How do you become good at basketball, Munir?

Munir: You have to be tall and fast. **1 What's the matter?**

Fawzi: I'm not tall or fast. **2 The trouble is that I'm not good at any sports.**

Munir: I'm sure that you are good at some sports. What about chess? I'm playing a game of chess this evening. Would you like to play?

Fawzi: **3 I'm sorry, but I'm visiting my grandparents.**

Munir: OK, we can play another evening when you're not visiting your grandparents.

4 What about tomorrow evening?

Fawzi: Tomorrow evening is perfect. See you then!

2 Write what you would say in each of the following situations:

1 A friend asks you to go to the beach this Saturday. You would like to go.

..... **I'd love to!**

2 A friend asks you why you look worried. It's because you have a problem using the printer.

..... **I'm afraid that I have a problem using the printer.**

3 You want a friend to go with you to the museum this Thursday.

..... **Would you like to go to the museum this Thursday?**

B Reading Comprehension

3 Read the following, then answer the questions:

There are about 285 million people in the world who are blind or find it difficult to see. However, not many of these people can read Braille. The problem is that Braille books are not cheap. The cost of making a Braille book is four or five times more than any other book.

Technology can help blind people. Some of them can listen to news and information on smartphones. There are also "talking books" which blind people can listen to. However, some blind people prefer to read. Now, you can also buy Braille ebooks. At the moment, these are difficult to make and expensive to buy. However, scientists are now working on Braille ebooks that might be cheaper than Braille books in the future. These ebooks might be the best way to help blind people. That would be good news for millions of people.

1 How many people have problems with seeing?

..... **285 million people.**

2 Why do you think that Braille books are not cheap to make?

..... **They have dots, not words, so perhaps they are difficult to make.**

3 What does the underlined word that refer to?

..... **Cheaper Braille ebooks.**

4 The cost of something is how

a much money you need to buy it

b long it takes to make

c many people use it

d you make something

5 If they become cheaper, more blind people will probably use in the future.

a Braille books

b Braille ebooks

c smartphones

d books

C The Reader

4 a. Match column A with column B:

A

- 1 Joe Green
- 2 John Manly
- 3 Squire Gordon and Mrs Gordon
- 4 Earl and Lady Smythe

B

- a were Black Beauty's new owners.
- b stayed with Black Beauty until he became better.
- c hit the horses near the factory.
- d stopped singing after Black Beauty became ill.
- e had to leave England.

1- d 2- b 3- e 4- a

b. Answer the following questions:

- 1 Why did Joe Green have to brush Merrylegs but not the other horses?
He was too small to brush the bigger horses.
- 2 Why was Black Beauty not able to rest when John rode him to get a doctor in the night? The doctor did not have a horse so he had to ride Black Beauty back again.
- 3 Was John right to be angry with Joe Green after Black Beauty became ill?
Why? / Why not?
No. Joe tried to help Black Beauty but he did not know what to do.
- 4 What happened to the man who hit the horses near the factory?
He went to prison for two or three months.
- 5 Why do you think John said that Joe Green "looked taller"?
Joe learned from his mistakes. John was pleased with him and Joe felt happier.

D Usage and Writing

5 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 The museum, is near our school, is always busy in the afternoon.
a whose b who **c** which d where
- 2 television for a long time is not good for you.
a Watch b To watch c Watches **d** Watching
- 3 He wash his hands before he eats.
a mustn't **b** must c have to c hasn't
- 4 You become when you are eighteen years old.
a an adult b a soldier c an opponent d honest
- 5 The tourist did not speak Arabic, but we in English.
a handed out b set up **c** communicated d made up
- 6 You need strong to be good at most sports.
a physical **b** muscles c feelings d memory

6 Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning:

- 1 It's sunny today, but it's not very hot. (However) ~~It's sunny today.~~ However, it's not very hot.
- 2 I went to visit my cousin last week. She lives in Luxor. (who) ~~I went to visit my cousin last week.~~ I went to visit my cousin, who lives in Luxor, last week.
- 3 It isn't healthy to lie in bed for a long time. (lying) ~~Lying in bed for a long time isn't healthy.~~

7 Write an email of seven (7) sentences about one of the following:

- inviting your friend to your birthday party.
- telling your friend what you have to and don't have to do every day at school.