



من ليس له طموح يعيش حياة فارغة لا طعم للسعادة فيها ولا لون للفرح ،،، يلبس ثوب اليأس و
التشاؤم فلا معنى للحياة لديه وماهي إلا تقضية أوقات وقضاء أيام مليئة بالحزن
والاكتئاب .

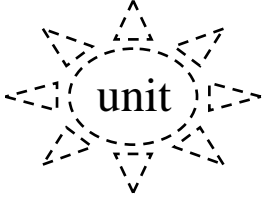
هذا عمر بن عبد العزيز خامس الخلفاء الراشدين
يقول معبرا عن طموحه " إن لي نفسا تواقه ،تمنت الإمارة فنالتها
وتمنت الخلافة فنالتها ،وأنا الآن أتوق
إلى الجنة وأرجو أن أنالها "



<https://www.facebook.com/muhammad.sobhy.7>

انضم إلي جروب المناهج الإضافية علي الفيس بوك





Happy birthday



Lessons 1

Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

an apple tree	شجرة تفاح	a ball	كرة
a birthday cake	كيك عيد الميلاد	A cat	قطعة
an aeroplane	طائرة	a hotel	فندق
an umbrella	شمسية	A camera	كاميرا
a round table	منضدة مستديرة	A rabbit	أرنب
a beautiful garden	حديقة جميلة	A chair	كرسي
an orange	برتقالة	A bird	طائر
A hamster	فأر كبير	A dog	كلب

At a birthday party

A	B
When is your birthday? متي عيد ميلادك ؟	It is on 16 th April. في ١٦ إبريل It is in April. أنه في شهر إبريل
What day is it today? ما هو اسم اليوم الذي نحن فيه ؟	Today is Saturday. اليوم هو السبت
Thank you for coming. شكراً علي حضورك	Good to see you. جيد أن أراك
This is for you. هذا من أجلك.	It's great . Thanks. أنها جيدة شكراً
Where is this doll from? من أين هذه اللعبة ؟	This doll is from America. هذه الدمية من أمريكا
Where is Mr. Muhammad Sobhy? أين مستر محمد صبحي ؟	Over there. He's with Mr. Ahmed Hassan. هناك أنه مع مستر أحمد حسن
How old are you? What age are you? كم عمرك؟	I'm ten years old. عندي عشر سنوات.
How are you? كيف حالك؟	I'm fine. Thank you. أنا بخير شكراً

Language Notes الملاحظات اللغوية

أحمد محمد صبحي

can

يمكن استخدام (can) للتعبير عن القدرة

We can get on the train at the station.

We can get off the bus when it stops .

وهنا تساوي am / is / are + able to + inf.

She is able to swim fast .

يمكن استخدام (Can) للتعبير عن الأذن .

You can go out now .

Can I go to the cinema , dad ?

can't

يمكن استخدام (can't) للتعبير عن عدم القدرة

You can't walk on the grass .

أدوات النكرة

A**An**

١- تأتي قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد والذي يبدأ بحرف ساكن :- a pen - a car	١- تأتي قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد والذي يبدأ بحرف متحرك :- an apple - an egg
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

C وفي الجمع يأتي بعدها

١- يجمع الاسم بإضافة s في نهايته

المفرد	الجمع
a pen	Pens

٢- إذا كان الاسم ينتهي ب (s , ss , sh , ch , x , z) فإنه يجمع بإضافة es

المفرد	الجمع
a bus	Buses
a dress	Dresses

٣- إذا كان الاسم ينتهي بحرف (y) قبله حرف ساكن نحذف ال (y) ونجمع الاسم بإضافة ies

المفرد	الجمع
a city	cities

٤- إذا كان الاسم ينتهي بحرف (f) أو (fe) يحذفوا ونجمع الاسم بإضافة ves

المفرد	الجمع
a thief	thieves
a knife	knives

٥- هناك أسماء شاذة مثل

a man	رجل	men	رجال
a woman	أمرأة	women	نساء
a child	طفل	children	أطفال
a mouse	فأر	mice	فئران
an ox	ثور	oxen	ثيران
a foot	قدم	feet	أقدام
a tooth	سنه	teeth	أسنان
a goose	وزه	geese	وز
a deer	غزال	deer	غزلان
a sheep	خروف	sheep	خرفان

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad : Good morning, Ahmed. How are you?

Ahmed:

Muhammad: When is your birthday?

Ahmed: Next week.

Muhammad :.....?

Ahmed : yes I'll have a party.

Muhammad: What time will you have it?

Ahmed:

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

1- Your friend gives you a present.

2- You want to ask your friend about his age.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

Ted had a party at home. He invited his friends. The party began in the evening. He had the party because it was his birthday. He is twelve years old now and his parents were very happy. His parents and his friends gave him very good presents. They enjoyed listening to music and songs. They had cakes and cold drinks. It was a good party.

Answer the following questions:

- 1- How old is Ted?
- 2- Why did Ted have the party?
- 3- What did he take from his parents and friends?

Choose the correct answer from a, b or c:

- 4- The underlined word "He" refers to.....

- a. Parent b. friend c. Ted

- 5- The party began at o'clock.

- a. 12 b. 7 c. 1

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – It's rainy outside. I need my

- a) dog b) orange c) umbrella

2 – This doll is America.

- a) to b) in c) from

3 – I love travelling by

- a) trees b) umbrella c) aeroplanes

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy has bought a digital

- a) umbrella b) camera c) table

5 – A lays under the table eating a bone.

- a) bird b) dog c) ball

6 – I'll have tea in my beautiful

- a) table b) umbrella c) dog

7 – He kicked the and scored a goal .

- a) ball b) dog c) rabbit

8 – A is a small animal with long ears .

- a) rabbit b) cat c) umbrella

5- Re-arrange:

- 1- can – see – an – apple – tree – I .

.....

- 2- is – for – you – This – present .

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1- My birthday is on May. (.....)

- 2- Today was Saturday. (.....)

- 3- How are she ? (.....)

محمد صبحي

7- Do as shown:

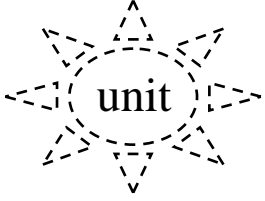
- 1- I can see a rabbit. (not)
.....
- 2- My bithday is on 6th September. (When)
.....
- 3- I can see a birthday cake. (What)
.....
- 4- It's an apple tree . (What)
.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :**(Your birthday party)****9- Translate into Arabic :****Ali is happy with his birthday present.****10- Translate into English :**

١- ما هي هوايتك المفضلة؟

٢- عيد ميلادي سيكون يوم ١٦ إبريل

سحر الدنيا يبان لما نشوف الالوان
الاسود موجود علشان الباقي يبان.👍
الصورة بتحلى بتفاصيلها حاجات لو بس هنعملها
نلقى الفرحة عايشة معانا ف كل مكان
لما القلب يدق يدق يدق🐱
صوت دقاته بيعلى وبيقولى اعيش
ممكن تبقى حياتنا جميلة ف غمضة عين😊
لما نأمن بيها ولما نكون عارفين
كنز حياتنا بيبقى الرحلة مره بتقسى ومره بتحلى🥰
من غير ده وده ماينفعش نكون عايشين🙌



Happy birthday

Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 2

أحمد صبحي

أيام الاسبوع on

Saturday	السبت	Wednesday	الإربعاء
Sunday	الأحد	Thursday	الخميس
Monday	الاثنين	Friday	الجمعة
Tuesday	الثلاثاء	Week	أسبوع
month	شهر	day	يوم
year	سنة	season	فصل من فصول السنة

In فصول السنة

Summer	الصيف	Autumn (fall)	الخريف
Spring	الربيع	winter	الشتاء

In شهور السنة

January	يناير	July	يوليو
February	فبراير	August	أغسطس
March	مارس	September	سبتمبر
April	إبريل	October	أكتوبر
May	مايو	November	نوفمبر
June	يونيه	December	ديسمبر

On أما التاريخ الكامل فيأتي قبله

I was born on April 16th, 1993.

الأرقام

number Cardinal	Ordinal numbers	Cardinal numbers	Ordinal numbers
1 one	1 st first	16 sixteen	16 th sixteenth
2 Two	2 nd second	17 seventeen	17 th seventh
3 Three	3 rd Third	18 eighteen	18 th eighteenth
4 four	4 th Fourth	19 nineteen	19 th nineteenth
5 five	5 th fifth	20 twenty	20 th twentieth
6 six	6 th sixth	21 twenty-one	21 st twenty first
7 seven	7 th seventh	22 twenty-two	22 nd twenty second
8 eight	8 th eighth	23 twenty-three	23 rd twenty third
9 nine	9 th ninth	24 twenty-four	24 th twenty fourth
10 ten	10 th tenth	25 twenty-five	25 th twenty fifth
11 eleven	11 th eleventh	26 twenty-six	26 th twenty sixth
12 twelve	12 th twelfth	27 twenty-seven	27 th twenty seventh
13 thirteen	13 th thirteenth	28 twenty-eight	28 th twenty eighth
14 fourteen	14 th fourteenth	29 twenty-nine	29 th twenty ninth
15 fifteen	15 th fifteenth	30 thirty	30 th thirtieth

Language Notes الملاحظات اللغوية

1-Cardinal Numbers الأعداد الأساسية	Ordinal Numbers الأعداد الترتيبية
وهي ما تستخدم للعد	وهي ما يستخدم للترتيب
I wrote six "6" stories. My brother has "2" two cars.	I was the first one to finish the exam. The ninth month is September.

المواقف

A	B
What day is it today? ما هو اسم اليوم الذي نحن فيه ؟	Today is Saturday. اليوم هو السبت
What is your favourite day? ما هو يومك المفضل؟	My favourite day is Monday. يومي المفضل هو الاثنين
Goodbye. إلى اللقاء	Bye. See you soon. إلى اللقاء أراك عن قريب

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad :

Ahmed: I was born in Zagzig.

Muhammad:

Ahmed: I was born on April 16th , 1993.

Muhammad :

Ahmed : I'm from Egypt.

Muhammad: What language do you speak in Egypt?

Ahmed:

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

1- You ask your friend about the day of today.

2- You want leave your friends.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

Most people have three meals every day; breakfast, lunch and dinner. Most of them don't care about what they should eat for each meal. Doctors say that healthy food is very important and people should eat lots of fruits and vegetables. People should not eat too many cakes. Doctors advise people to drink a lot of water and milk every day and not to have too many sugar drinks. To keep healthy, doctors advise people not to stay at home all the time. They should go for walks, do exercises or practice any sport.

Answer the following questions:

1-How many meals do most people have?

2- What do doctors say that people should eat?

3- Is doing exercise very important?

Choose the correct answer from a, b or c:

4-People should eat (few—many—little) cakes.

5-People (should—must—shouldn't) stay at home all the time.

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – It'sbirthday.

a) Ali b) Ali's c) Alis

2 – It's my..... birthday.

a) thirty b) thirteen c) thirteenth

3 – See you Saturday.

a) in b) on c) at

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy's birthday is..... April 16th .

a) in b) on c) at

5 – October is month of the year.

a) ten b) tenth c) A ten

6 – December is the month of the year.

- a) first b) last c) beginning

7 – What is she?

- a) old b) age c) tall

8 – In most hotels in the USA, there isn't a floor.

- a) thirteen b) thirty c) thirteenth

5- Re-arrange:

1- Thursday – April – day – month – My – my – is – is – favourite – favourite – and .

.....

2- 13 – is – Number – people – many – unlucky – for .

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- A hamster is a big cat. (.....)

2- We go swimming in winter. (.....)

3- My sister is very beauty. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

1- We take pictures with a camera. (correct)

.....

2- December is the last month of the year. (first)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Reading)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

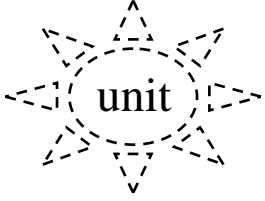
I won a prize because I came the first.

.....

10- Translate into English :

١- الأحد هو ثاني أيام الأسبوع في مصر

.....



Happy birthday



Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 3

Sports

Tennis	التنس	football	كرة القدم
Skiing	التزلج علي الجليد	swimming	السباحة
baseball	رياضة البيسبول	Ice-hockey	هوكي جليدي

Countries

Countries دول	Nationalities جنسيات
Italy إيطاليا	Italian إيطالي
America أمريكا	American أمريكي
England إنجلترا	English إنجليزي
Britain بريطانيا	British بريطاني
Brazil البرازيل	Brazilian برازيلي
Poland بولندا	Polish بولندي
Canada كندا	Canadian كندي
Japan اليابان	Japanese ياباني

المواقف

A	B
What is your favourite sport? ما هي رياضتك المفضلة ؟	Football is my favourite sport. كرة القدم
What is your first name? ما هو اسمك الأول ؟	My first name is Muhmmad. محمد
What is your last name? What is your surname ? ما هو اسمك الأخير ؟	Sobhy. صبحي
How do you spell "Muhammad"? كيف يمكن أن تتهجي ذلك ؟	M – U- H- A – M- M – A - D

- Where do you come from? - Where are you from? من أين أنت؟	- I come from Egypt. مصر
- What's your nationality? ما هي جنسيتك؟	- I'm Egyptian.

Introducing / one's self - someone: تقديم النفس أو شخص ما

Situation	Reply
Hello, I'm + اسم	How do you do?
This is my friend + اسم	Nice to meet you.
I'd like you to meet my friend+ اسم أود أن تقابل صديقي.....	Pleased to meet you.

Grammar

Pronouns

الضمائر

ضمائر الفاعل	ضمائر المفعول	صفات الملكية	ضمائر الملكية
I أنا	me فعل + ني	my+اسم +ي	mine ملكي
He هو	him فعل + هـ	his+اسم + هـ	his ملكه
She هي	her فعل + ها	her+اسم + ها	hers ملكها
It هو / هي لغير العاقل	it فعل + هـ / ها (لغير العاقل)	its+اسم + هـ / ها (لغير العاقل)
We نحن	us فعل + نا	our+اسم + نا	ours ملكنا
You أنت / انتم	you فعل + ك/كم	your+اسم + ك/كم	yours ملكك/ملككم
They هم / هن	them فعل + هم	their+اسم + هم	theirs ملكهم

ضمائر الفاعل

١- هي التي نبدأ بها الجملة وتعود علي الأسم .

٢- الضمير They جمع للعاقل ولغير العاقل.

٣- (He / She / It) جمعهم "they" أما (I) فجمعها "We"

Mr. Muhammad is a teacher. **He** teaches well.

ضمائر المفعول

١- هي التي تأتي بعد الفعل .

٢- تأتي بعد by في المبني للمجهول.

٣- تأتي بعد بعض حروف الجر .

He visited me yesterday.
The letter was written by him.
He sat between me and her.

ضمائر الملكية

١- تأتي قبل الأسم لتبين ملكيته.

This is my book.

محمد صبحي

ضمائر الملكية

١- لا يأتي بعدها شيء وتساوى صفة الملكية والاسم الذي يليها.

٢- تأتي بعد حرف الجر of .

٣- يمكن أن تستخدم كفاعل.

٤- الضمير it ليس له ضمير ملكية لأن الجماد والحيوان والأشياء لا تملك

This book is mine.
He is a friend of mine.
Your car is new. Mine is old.

ضمير مفعول + belong to

يمكن التعبير عن الملكية باستخدام

This is my car = This car is mine. = This car belongs to me.

مهارات التواصل Communication skills

Situation	Question	Answer
للسؤال عن الملكية عندما تكون الأجوبة ضمير أو صفة ملكية أو اسم	- Whose pen is this ? - Whose pens are these?	- It's mine. / It is my pen. - They are mine.
للسؤال عن ملكية شخص عاقل لشيء معين	- Which pen is Mr. Muhammad's?	- It's the red one.

لا تنم وتحلم بالنجاح فانه حلم لا يتحقق إلا بالجد والاجتهاد...

لا تنم وليس في رأسك علم ولا في كتابك معرفة ...

قم لا تنم واستعن بالله الذي تستمد منه كل قوتك ...

قم وانطلق في أفق العلم واغتنم كل لحظه فالعمر ما هو إلا لحظات تنقضي.

ولا تنس انك بذلك تتقرب إلى الله وبالتفوق يرضى عنك.

All The best

MR. Muhammad Sobhy

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad :?

Ahmed: Football.

Muhammad:?

Ahmed: I usually play it in the club.

Muhammad :?

Ahmed : I play it twice a week.

Muhammad: With whom do you play?

Ahmed:

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

1- You want to ask about the owner of the book.

2- You can't spell your friend Ahmed's name.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

Every day, Hossam gets up at 7 o'clock. Then he washes. He has breakfast at 7.30 and then he gets dressed, says goodbye to his mother and goes to school. In the afternoon, at 1:00, Hossam comes back from school, has lunch, and does his homework. At 5 o'clock he goes to play tennis with his friends and after that, he eats dinner with his family at home. Hossam watches television in the evening and drinks a glass of milk. He goes to bed at 9:30.

A- Answer the following questions:

1- When does Hossam watch television?

2- What does he do before going to bed?

3- How often does Hossam get up early?

B- Choose the correct answer from a, b or c:

4- Hossam has dinner with his.....

- a) brothers b) teachers c) friends d) family

5- Hossam sleeps after

- a) playing tennis b) drinkmg milk c) eating dinner d) studying

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 –is a water sport.

- a) **Swimming** b) **Football** c) **Tennis**

2 – In..... we use a ball and a two bats.

- a) **football** b) **swimming** c) **baseball**

3 –..... is a game played on ice using a stick.

- a) **Ice-hockey** b) **skiing** c) **Swimming**

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy is from Egypt. He's

- a) **Japanese** b) **Egyptian** c) **Canadian**

5 – is a sport of moving on ice using skis.

- a) **Ice-hockey** b) **Skiing** c) **Football**

6 – Whose is this bike? It's

- a) Adel b) Ali c) Ahmed's

7 – Japan is a developed

- a) country b) town c) continent

8 – Sally is America. She is from

- a) USA b) Britain c) England

6- Re-arrange:

1- Party- Would – come – you – to- my – birthday – like – to ?

.....

2- me – Are – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy – Excuse – you?.

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- They live on the nine floor. (.....)

2- My birthday is the seven of May. (.....)

3- This is the two chance for you. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

1- It's sally's schoolbag. (Whose)

.....

2- This book belongs to Ali. (Ali's)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Your favourite sport)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

I like football, but swimming is my favourite sport..

.....

10- Translate into English :

٢- صنعنا مي تورتة جميلة واعطاني ابي خمسون جنيهًا واعطاني اصدقائي هدايا جميلة.

.....

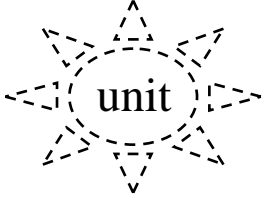
Exercises on Grammar

- Choose the correct answer :

- 1- This is her drum. It's
a- her b- hers c- ours d- theirs
- 2- This book isn't yours. It belongs to.....
a- mine b- me c- my d- I
- 3- Car is this? It's mine.
a- who b- where c- whose d- when
- 4- Tell me your name, please.
a- friend b- friends c- friends' d- friend's
- 5- This isn't my book. It's.....
a- his b- him c- he d- she
- 6- This is dress.
1- Nada b- Nada's c- Nadas d- Nadas'
- 7- It isn't my mobile. It to her.
b- belongs b- belonging c- belong d- belonged
- 8- Please, give your phone number.
2- he b- his c- him d- they
- 9- glasses are yours? The red one.
a- who b- whose c- which d- where
- 10- This car belongs to Amira. It's
a- her b- hers c- she d- herself
- 11- Ahmed his life to Mr. Muhammad who saved him from death.
a- owed b- has c- belonged d- had
- 12- There are lots of clothes in our shop.
a- child b- children c- children's d- childrens
- 13- This tennis racket is my
a- sister b- sister's c- sisters' d- stress
- 14- These are my DVDs.
b- parent b- parents' c- parents d- parents'
- 15- piano is that ? It's ours.
a- who b- whose c- which d- where
- 16- This is our school. It's
a- we b- us c- our d- ours

Read and correct the underlined word(s)

- 1- It isn't your T-shirt. It's me. [.....]
- 2- Who's book is this? [.....]
- 3- Those sweets aren't their. They are ours. [.....]
- 4- Who's bag is Ahmed's? The black one. [.....]
- 5- Who's bag is this? It's Ahmed. [.....]



unit

Happy birthday



1

Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 4

الكلمات الجديدة

Homepage	الصفحة الرئيسية	Excuse me	معذرة
Welcome to	مرحباً بك في	shine	تسطع الشمس
male	مذكر	Lucky number	رقم حظ
female	مؤنث	Unlucky number	رقم لا يجلب الحظ
Balloon	بالونة	A century	قرن (١٠٠ سنة)
Pen friend	صديق مراسلة	student	طالب
Single	أعزب	Married	متزوج
Mrs.	سيدة متزوجة	Miss(Ms)	سيدة غير متزوجة

conjugation تصريف الأفعال

Wake up	يستيقظ	woke up	woken up
Get up	ينهض	got up	got up
Wash	يغسل	washed	washed
stay	يقيم	stayed	stayed
spend	يقضي	spent	spent
Wear	يرتدي شئ على الجسم	wore	worn
Take me to school	يوصلني إلى المدرسة	took	taken
Arrive	يصل	arrived	arrived
Has / have فاعل جمع / فاعل مفرد	يملك / لديه / عنده	had	had
Study	يذاكر	studied	studied
Watch	يشاهد	watched	watched
Go to bed	يذهب للنوم	went to bed	gone to bed
Drive	يقود السيارة	drove	driven
Say	يقول	said	said
Do	يفعل / يعمل	did	done
Come	يأتي	came	Come
Eat	يأكل	ate	eaten
Drink	يشرب	drank	drunk
Pray	يصلي	Prayed	Prayed

المواقف

أحمد صبحي

(1) Greetings: التحيات

Situation	Reply
Good morning صباح الخير	Good morning
Good afternoon تحية بعد الظهر	Good afternoon
Good evening مساء الخير	Good evening
Hi – Hello أهلاً – مرحباً	Hi – Hello

(2) Meeting someone in the street: مقابلة شخص في الشارع

Situation	Reply
Hello! How are you? كيف حالك ؟	I'm fine, thanks. بخير شكراً Not too well. I'm afraid. أنا لست بخير. أنا خائف.
How are things? كيف الأمور؟	A lot better, thanks. أفضل كثيراً

(3) Meeting someone for the first time: مقابلة شخص لأول مرة

Situation	Reply
How do you do? تشرفنا	How do you do? تشرفنا
Nice to meet you. سعدت بلقائك	Nice to meet you, too. وأنا أيضاً
Pleased to meet you. سررت للقاءك	Pleased to meet you, too. وأنا أيضاً

(4) Asking about someone's health: السؤال عن صحة شخص

Situation	Reply
How are you feeling, now? بماذا تشعر الآن ؟	A lot better, thanks. أحسن بكثير، شكراً Not too well. I'm afraid. أنا لست بخير. أنا خائف.

(5) Meeting someone on the first day of the year: أول يوم في السنة

Situation	Reply
Happy New Year. عام سعيد	The same to you. أتمنى لك نفس الشيء.

Verb to be يكون

Present المضارع

Past الماضي

في الإثبات	في النفي	في الإثبات	في النفي
I am = 'm	I am not	I	I
He	He	He	He
She is = 's	She is not = isn't	She was	She was not
It يكون	It	It كان	It wasn't
We	We	We	We
You are = 're	You are not = aren't	You were	You were not
They يكونوا	They	They كانوا	They weren't

- ① I am playing tennis. ② He is playing tennis. ③ she is eating cake.
④ We are drinking coffee. ⑤ They are speaking English.

لاحظ أن الجمل تحتوي علي فعلاان أحدهما له معني (أساسي) والآخر ليس له معني (مساعد).

أول أهم ملحوظة في اللغة الإنجليزية

أي فعل له معني يبقي فعل أساسي

إذا جاء V.to Be (am /is /are / was / were) كفعل أساسي في الجملة يعني لو بقي له معني في الجملة

فلا بد أن يأتي بعده **صفة أو اسم**

I'm a teacher. He is happy. She is Farah. We are students. you are sad
They are girls.

نستنتج من ذلك أن نفي أي اسم أو صفة يكون بـ

am not / is not / are not في المضارع

Was not / were not في الماضي

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad :?

Ahmed: I'm American.

Muhammad:?

Ahmed: I speak English.

Muhammad :?

Ahmed : I will stay five days in Egypt.

Muhammad: Nice to meet you.

Ahmed:

أحمد صبحي

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

1- You introduce your friend , Faris to your father.

2- You ask your friend his health.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

My father and I visited Cairo last month. We spent a night there. We stayed in a big hotel. We wanted to go to the Egyptian Museum, so we took the metro because it is the cheapest and quickest system in Cairo. When we arrived at the museum, we saw a lot of amazing things and learnt a lot about Egypt's history. After that, we returned to the hotel by metro, too. It was an interesting trip!

a. Answer the following questions:

1. Why did they take the metro ?
2. What did they see in the Egyptian Museum ?
- 3- How did they return from the museum to the hotel?

b. Choose the correct answer from a , b . c or d :

4. In the museum, they knew things about
a. geography b. Arabic c. history d. maths
5. It was a/an..... trip.
a. boring b. interesting c. bad d.sad

4- Choose the correct answer :

- 1 – I'm a in prep 1.
a) **doctor** b) **student** c) **engineer**
- 2 – There are lots of to decorate the hotel.
a) **balloons** b) **cats** c) **Umbrellas**
- 3 – We have the twins Hala and Marwa.
a) **called** b) **age** c) **old**
- 4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy has no wife. He's
a) **married** b) **single** c) **Canadian**
- 5 – Ali has sisters.
a) **twice** b) **two** c) **second**

5- Re-arrange:1- best- Ahmed – friend – my – is

.....

2- Egypt – to – Welcome

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:1- Thanks to your coming. (.....)2- We pray AlGomaa in Friday. (.....)3- I'd like to having juice. (.....)**7- Do as shown:**

1- Where are you from? (do)

.....

2- I am a teacher. (are)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Your best friend)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

We should work hard to achieve our dreams.

.....

10- Translate into English :

١- رياضتي المفضلة هي السباحة. السباحة تساعدني في أن أكون لائقاً بدياً.

.....

لازم تتقبل فكرة إن طريقك هتمشييه لوحك ، ونجاحك محدش هيساعدك فيه، حزنك هيتقالك فيه معلى
وفرحتك هتتحد عليها ، أنت لوحك بس.. خليك فاكراً إن ده مصدر قوتك.!

All The best

MR. Muhammad Sobhy

Test

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad :?

Ahmed: My favourite hobby is collecting stamps.

Muhammad:?

Ahmed: I started it when I was ten years old.

Muhammad :?

Ahmed : you stop it?

Muhammad: because I don' have free time. What about you?

Ahmed:

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

1- You are introduced to your new boss.

2- You ask your friend his health.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

Ali and Hala are a brother and sister. They live in Cairo. There is a big supermarket far from their house. Their mother sends them to the supermarket to buy the house needs. They take line two on the metro to go to the supermarket. It's near Massara station. They come back in the same way. Ali and Hala are clever children.

a. Answer the following questions:

1- Where do Ali and Hala live?

2- Why do they go to the supermarket?

3- How do the children come back from the supermarket?

b. Choose the correct answer from a , b . c or d :

4" The supermarket is near station.

a) Massara b) Ataba c) Orabi d) Giza

5- Massara metro station is on line

a) three b) one c) two d) four

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – is this ? It's an ox.

a) **What** b) **Who** c) **Whose**

2 – There are lots of to decorate the hotel.

a) **balloons** b) **cats** c) **Umbrellas**

3 – In most aeroplanes there is not a 13

a) **seat** b) **row** c) **queue**

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy has no wife. He's

a) **married** b) **single** c) **Canadian**

5 – Ali has sisters.

a) **twice** b) **two** c) **second**

5- Re-arrange:

1- best- Ahmed – friend – my – is

.....

2- Egypt – to – Welcome

.....

3- camera – photos – take – We – with – a

.....

4- hotel- I – in – stay – big – a – London – in

.....

5- garden – apple – is – an – There – tree – in - my

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- What is your one name?

(.....)

2- My favourite month is Monday.

(.....)

3- I'd like to having juice.

(.....)

4- We live at the third floor.

(.....)

5- We don't happy.

(.....)

7- Do as shown:

1- This is Ali's car

(Whose)

.....

2- I am a teacher.

(not)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Your new school)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

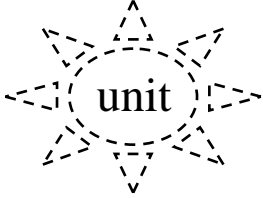
Hope is the only force that can turn you from a man to a hero

.....

10- Translate into English :

٢- الصلاة هي الطريق إلى الجنة.

.....



Can I help you?



Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 1

address	عنوان	surname	اللقب (اسم العائلة)
An account	حساب بنكي	Unusual name	اسم غير معتاد
Telephone number	رقم الهاتف	envelope	ظرف خطاب
sign	يوقع	double	ضعف
Here you are	تفضل	open	مفتوح
postcode	رمز بريدي	invite	يدعو
clerk	موظف	Don't miss the fun	لا يفوتك المرح
stamp	طابع بريدي	Write to me soon	اكتب لي لاحقاً
Fold the letter	يطوي الخطاب	meeting	اجتماع

At bank

A	B
Can I help you, sir? هل يمكن أن اساعدك؟	Yes, can I open an account , please? نعم . هل يمكن أن افتح حساب بنكي
What is your address ? ما هو عنوانك ؟	22, Green Road London.
What is your postcode? ما هو رمزك البريدي؟	Tw7 7pk.
What is your telephone number? ما هو رقم تليفونك؟	It's 01129561610. أنها جيدة شكراً
What do you do? What is your job? ما هي وظيفتك ؟	I'm a teacher. أنا مدرس.
Can you sign, here? يمكن توقيع هنا ؟	Sure. Here you are. Your account is open. بكل تأكيد.
Thank you. كم عمرك؟	You're welcome. العفو.
Excuse me! Are there any letters for me? هل يوجد خطابات لي؟	Yes, here is a letter for you. نعم يوجد هنا خطاب لك.

Language Notes الملاحظات اللغوية

How to write a letter ?

إن كتابة " خطاب " تعتمد علي التنظيم والتنسيق الجيد لما تكتبه ولضمان الحصول علي الدرجة النهائية كاملة اتبع التالي وبكل دقة:

اسم الشارع ورقم المنزل

اسم المدينة

البلد (نكتبها إذا كان الخطاب مبعوث خارج مصر فقط)

التاريخ

19 Alzahra'a Street,

Zagazig,

Egypt.

25th Jan, 2016.

Dear , اسم المرسل إليه

I'm happy to write this letter to you. How are you? How is your family ? I

write to + هنا نكتب بعدها واحدة بس من الأربع اختيارات القادمين وهذا حسب الموجود في السؤال

- 1- tell you about يخبر شخص بمعلومة
- 2- invite you to يدعو شخص
- 3- thank you for + v+ing يشكر شخص
- 4- apologize to you for + v+ing يعتذر لشخص

.....

.....

.....

.....

Good bye for now.

Yours,

اسم الراسل

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Banker: Can I help you?

Muhammad :

Banker:?

Muhammad: 22 Green Road, London.

Banker :.....?

Muhammad : 01129561610.

Banker: Here you are. Your account is open.

Muhammad:

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

3- You are at bank to open an account.

4- You ask your friend about his father's job.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

In half an hour, I'm going to go on a journey. My aunt has invited me to her house. My father is going to drive me there in the car. I'm going to stay with my uncle and aunt two weeks. I have got some nice presents for my cousins. They are both boys and they like toy cars. My mother has bought some lovely perfume for my aunt and an interesting book for my uncle . Now I must pack them carefully and get ready to go. I wish , my aunt's family would admire my presents and I wish , too , I could enjoy my journey.

A – Answer the following questions:

1.What are you going to do soon?

2.How long are you going to stay?

3.What are you going to take with you?

B- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

4.The writer is going to travel by

a) car b) train c) bus d) taxi

5.The underlined word “ Them” refers to

a) cousins b) uncle and aunt c) presents d) two weeks

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – I need a bank to save some money.

a) account b) country c) letter

2 – is a person who works in an office.

a) doctor b) teacher c) clerk

3 – "Muhammad " has a "M" in the middle.

a) couple b) double c) repeat

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy got a from the bank about his account .

- a) letter b) stamp c) envelope

5 – Ahmed stuck a on the envelope.

- a) letter b) sign c) stamp

5- Re-arrange:

3- letter – a – Here – for – you - is.

.....

4- an – name – That's – unusual .

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Can you sing , here? (.....)

2- Can you repeating what you said? (.....)

3- I am not know, sir. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

7- My address is 19 Alzahraa street. (What)

.....

8- My school is in Zagazig. (Where)

.....

9- He is a teacher. (What)

.....

8- Write a letter to your friend, Ahmed to invite him to your birthday party. Your name is Muhmmad and you live at 19 Alzahraa street , Alsharkia.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

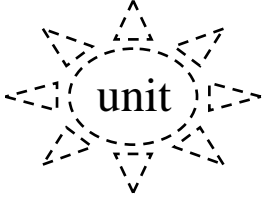
9- Translate into Arabic :

1- The internet is one of the most modern inventions today.

.....

10- Translate into English :

١. يحذر الاطباء من التدخين اذ انه السبب فى كثير من الامراض.



Can I help you?



Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 2

محمد صبحي

Jobs

pilot	طيار	clown	مهرج
teacher	مدرس	policeman	رجل الشرطة
postman	ساعي البريد	actor	ممثل
nurse	ممرضة	actress	ممثلة
dentist	طبيب اسنان	Fire fighter	رجل الإطفاء
cook	طباخ	scientist	عالم
engineer	مهندس معماري	architect	مهندس (تصميمات)
farmer	فلاح	mechanic	ميكانيكي
barber	حلاق	accountant	محاسب
chef	رئيس الطباخين	tour guide	مرشد سياحي
dentist	طبيب اسنان	circus	السيرك
Singer	مغني		

School subjects المواد الدراسية

Arabic	لغة عربية	English	لغة انجليزية
French	لغة فرنسية	German	لغة المانية
Maths	رياضيات	music	موسيقى
social studies	دراسات اجتماعية	geography	جغرافيا
history	تاريخ	science	علوم
art	رسم	computer studies	دراسات كمبيوتر
PE (physical education)	الالعاب		

conjugation تصريف الأفعال

grow	ينمو / يزرع	grew	grown
deliver	يوصل / يسلم	delivered	delivered
make	يصنع / يجعل / يُعد	made	made
build	يبني	built	built
teach	يُعلم	taught	taught
examine	يفحص / يعالج	examined	examined
repaire	يصلح	repaired	repaired
design	يصمم (مبني - نموذج)	designed	designed
cut	يقص	cut	cut



Reading



Asking and answering about jobs

السؤال والإجابة عن الوظائف

Job	Where does he work?	What does he do?
architect	He works in an office. يعمل في مكتب.	He designs buildings. يصمم مباني.
engineer	He works in a building site (street). يعمل في موقع بناء (أو في الشارع)	He builds bridges, dams, roads and new cities. يبنى كباري وسدود وطرق ومدن جديدة.
Farmer	He works on a farm.	He works with animals. He grows vegetables. يعمل مع الحيوانات . يزرع خضروات
doctor	He works in a hospital/ a clinic. يعمل في مستشفى أو في عيادة	He examines patients. يعالج المرضى
teacher	He works in a school. يعمل في المدرسة	He teaches new lessons. يشرح دروس جديدة

Asking and answering about jobs

السؤال والإجابة عن الوظائف

Job	Where does he work?	What does he do?
mechanic	He works in a garage. يعمل في ورشة.	He repairs cars. يصلح السيارات.
barber	He works at the barber's. يعمل في محل حلاقة.	He cuts hair. يقص الشعر.
accountant	He works in a bank. يعمل في بنك	He works with money. يعمل في النقود
chef	He works in a restaurant. يعمل في مطعم	He cooks food. يطبخ الطعام
Tour guide	He works in a tourist company. يعمل في شركة سياحة	e shows people famous places . يشرح للسياح تاريخ الأماكن المشهورة
scientist	He works in a laboratory. يعمل في معمل	He does experiments. يعمل تجارب

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Ali : ?
 Hassan : My brother gets up at seven o'clock.
 Ali : ?
 Hassan : He usually wears trousers and a school T-shirt.
 Ali : ?
 Hassan : He has nine lessons a day.
 Ali : ?
 Hassan : He likes science best.

محمد صبحي

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

3- You ask your friend about his favourite subject.

4- Your friend asks you "where does a clown work?"

3- Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Samira is a clever girl. She is going to be a nurse. She is having classes at a nursing school near her home. She has to study hard. She is already helpful to other nurses because she can feed and wash a sick child. She can also change its clothes. One day her little brother Ahmed, was sick. He had a bad cold and couldn't go to school.

Samira advised him to stay at home or other children would catch his cold. She gave him a glass of orange juice and opened the window wide to let fresh air in. Her mother smiled. "A sick child in the family is good practice for a nurse, isn't it Samira ?" she said.

Answer the following questions :

1. What is Samira going to be ?
2. How is Samira already helpful to other nurses ?
3. Why couldn't Ahmed go to school ?

Choose the correct answer :

4. Samira advised Ahmed to
 a) go to school. b) go to the park. c) stay at home. d) eat ice cream.
5. Samira opened the window wide to
 a) let fresh air in. b) help Ahmed to sleep.
 c) clean the room. d) catch cold.

4- Choose the correct answer :

- 1 – A wears funny clothes.
 a) clown b) doctor c) singer
- 2 – A can fly a plane.
 a) driver b) firefighter c) pilot
- 3 – My sister is a wonderful Her food is delicious.
 a) Cook b) pilot c) clown

- 5 – The has just left a letter to my father.
 a) clown b) Tour guide c) postman
6. A cooks in a restaurant.
 a- tourguide b- scientist c- chef
7. The barber my hair.
 a- burns b- mends c- cuts
8. A repairs cars.
 a- mechanic b- garage c- machine
9. A tour guide shows famous places.
 a- stones b-police c- tourists
10. A scientist works in
 a- cinema b- space c- laboratory
11. An accountant works money.
 a- to b- at c- with
12. I like eating Pizza in Seven Days restaurant because they have good
 a- Chiefs b- chefs c- cooker

10- Re-arrange:

- 3- often – We – experiments – do – lesson – the – science – in

- 4- geography – in – countries – about – learn - We .

- 5- science – I'm – excellent – very – not – at

- 6- six – age – children – to – go – school – of – at – the .

- 7- studies- social – geography – History – are - and

- 8- Egyptian – Arabic – I'm – so – is – language – first - my .

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1- We draw in the PE. Lesson. (.....)
- 2- Would you repeating this word, please? (.....)
- 3- We learn about countries in art. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

- 3- He design new buildings . (What)

- 4- She works in a clinic. (Where)

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

("Your sister who is a doctor")

9- Translate into Arabic :

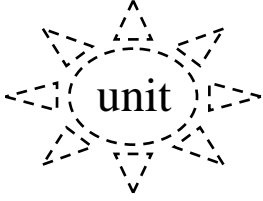
My brother is a mechanic. He works in a garage. He repairs cars and buses. He earns much money.

10- Translate into English :

٢. ان القراءة هي مفتاح المعرفة والعمل الجاد هو الطريق الى السعادة.

□ الذي يَبْحَثُ عَنِ السَّعَادَةِ بِدُونِ صَلَاةٍ
□ كالذي يُرِيدُ أَنْ يُصْبِحَ كَاتِبَ وَهُوَ لَا يَجِيدُ
□ القراءة !

All the best
Mr. Muhammad Sobhy



Can I help you?



Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 3

A compass بوصلة

N	North	شمال
S	South	جنوب
W	West	غرب
E	East	شرق
NE	North- east	الشمال الشرقي
SE	South-west	الجنوب الغربي
C	In the centre of In central	في المنتصف
NW	North-west	الشمال الغربي
SE	South-east	الجنوبي الشرقي

Countries

Countries دول	Capital city العاصمة	Nationalities جنسيات
Italy إيطاليا	Rome (C) روما	Italian إيطالي
America أمريكا The USA	Washington (E) واشنطن	American أمريكي
England إنجلترا	London (SE) لندن	English إنجليزي
Egypt مصر	Cairo (NE) القاهرة	Egyptian مصري
France فرنسا	Paris (N) باريس	French فرنسي
Poland بولندا	Warsaw (E) وارسو	Polish بولندي
Canada كندا	Ottawa(SE) أوتاوا	Canadian كندي
Japan اليابان	Tokyo(SE) طوكيو	Japanese ياباني

Portugal	برتغال	Lisbon (W)	لسبون	Portuguese	برتغالي
Turkey	تركيا	Ankara (NW)	أنقرة	Turkish	تركي
Germany	ألمانيا	Berlin (NE)	برلين	German	ألماني
Greece	اليونان	Athens (C)	أثينا	Greek	يوناني

School items

Ruler	مسطرة	sharpener	براية
schoolbag	حقيرة المدرسة	notebook	كراسة
blackboard	سبورة	briefcase	حقيرة أوراق
language	لغة		

المواقف

A	B
Where's Sally from? من أين سالي ؟	She is from Canada. من كندا
What is the capital of Canada ? ما هي عاصمة كندا ؟	Ottawa.
Where exactly is it? أين هي بالتحديد؟	It's in the south-east of Canda. في الجنوب الشرقي لكندا
What nationality is she? ما هي جنسياتها؟	She is Canadian. أنها كندية.

Language Notes الملاحظات اللغوية

South – southern – southerly

- * south جنوب (اسم) - نحو الجنوب (ظرف)
- * southern جنوبي (صفة) يقع في الجنوب أو يأتي من جنوب دولة وتتبع باسم

- * southerly نحو الجنوب (تشير إلى الاتجاه وطريقة الحركة) تستخدم كصفة و كظرف

Example:

- ❖ Aswan is in the south of Egypt. - He moved south for 2 hours.
- ❖ Aswan is in southern Egypt . - She drove in a southerly direction.
- ❖ They moved southerly .

Northern Europe = in the north of Europe

Southern Egypt = in the south of Egypt

In a southerly / northerly direction

تستخدم في تحديد اتجاه الرياح

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Ahmed and Zaki are talking about school subjects .

- Ahmed** : How are you ?
Zaki : I'm fine , thanks .
Ahmed : What's your favourite subject, Zaki?
Zaki : (1).....
Ahmed :(2).....?
Zaki : I have been learning English for nine years .
Ahmed : Do you read English books in your spare time ?
Zaki :(3).....
Ahmed : I'll do my best to learn English . Good bye.
Zaki : Good bye .

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

3- You meet a tourist. You want to know his nationality.

4- You want to know the capital of Greece.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

I prefer life in the country where one can enjoy simple, quiet and beautiful life. The villages in Egypt have improved lately. In the past, villages were just groups of poor houses. There was no electricity or clean water. There were very few schools. Sick people had to be carried to hospitals far from their villages.

Now, the picture is very different. The houses are well built like the houses in towns and cities. **They** are supplied with electricity and clean water. In every village, there are primary, prep and secondary schools. Pupils no longer go to cities and towns to join schools. Villagers now use modern technology such as fridges , washing machines , computers and mobile phones that make their life better and more comfortable . Villagers are proud because the best places are called villages such as smart villages and tourist villages.

A) Answer the following questions :

1. Why does the writer prefer living in the country?
2. What are the houses of the Egyptian villages like nowadays?
3. Why are villagers proud now?

B) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c , or d:

4. There were schools in the villages in the past.
 a) few b) very few c) many d) lots of
5. The underlined word " They " in the second paragraph refers to
 a) schools b) houses c) villagers d) roads

4- Choose the correct answer :

- 1 – Whatis Mr. Muhammad Sobhy? Egyptian.
 a) language b) nationality c) country
- 2 – Aswan is in the of Egypt.

- a) north b) south c) east

3 – He comes from Poland. He is

- a) polanding b) polish c) polandive

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy is the south east of France.

- a) from b) in c) at

5 – I sharpen my pencils with a

- a) ruler b) notebook c) sharpener

11- Re-arrange:

3- centre – city – in – the – My - lives - uncle

.....

4- case – ruler – a – my – I – have – pencil – in

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Alex is in the south of Egypt.

(.....)

2- She is at London.

(.....)

3- English is my first language.

(.....)

7- Do as shown:

3- Aswan is in the south of Egypt.

(Where)

.....

4- I speak English.

(What)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(A trip to the zoo)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

English is an important language and a useful school subject.

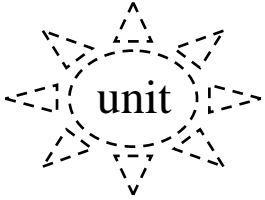
.....

10- Translate into English :

٣- اللغة العربية لغة عظيمة تتحدث بها أكثر من ٢٠ دولة عربية

.....

ما تستعجبش ما تستغربش فيه ناس بتكسب ولا تتعبش وناس بتتعب ولا تكسبش



unit

Can I help you?



2

Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 4

محمد صبحي

الكلمات الجديدة

outdoor (adj.)	خارج المنزل	Indoor(adj.)	داخل المنزل
Outdoors (adv.)	بالخارج	Indoors(adv.)	بالداخل
traditional	تقليدي	income	دخل مادي
Full-time job	وظيفة طول الأسبوع	Part-time job	وظيفة ليست كل ايام الاسبوع
Open air	في الهواء	fun	مرح
salary	مرتب	feeling	مشاعر
leader	قائد	Fill in a form	يملأ استمارة
Apply for	يتقدم لطلب وظيفة	different	مختلف
village	قرية	city	مدينة كبيرة
town	مدينة صغيرة	alphabets	حروف الهجاء
Can I help you with your homework?	يمكن مساعدني في عمل الواجب ؟	Can you give me an apple, please?	يمكن تعطيني تفاحة من فضلك؟

المواقف

Polite Requests: الطلبات المهذبة

Situation	Situation
هل يمكن أن ؟ ؟ مصدر + Can I / Can we	هل يمكن أن ؟ ؟ مصدر الفعل + May I
هل يمكن أن ؟ ؟ مصدر + Could I / we	هل تمنع ؟ ؟ مصدر الفعل + Is it Ok if I
مضارع بسيط + Do you mind if I	هل تمنع ؟ ؟ Do you mind + v. + ing?
ماضي بسيط + Would you mind If I	

قبول Accepting	رفض Refusing
Yes, of course. / Sure. بالطبع	آسف لا استطيع Sorry, I can't.
Certainly. Here you are. تفضل	آسف لا Sorry, no.

All right. Go ahead. تفضل

Sorry, I'd rather you didn't.
آسف أفضل ألا تفعل هذا.

- لاحظ استخدام (No, not at all) عند القبول أو الموافقة على أسئلة مثل:-

- Would you mind ? - Do you mind ?

Ex: - Would you mind if I took your mobile?

- No, not at all. القبول - Yes, I would. الرفض

Making offers: تقديم العروض

Offer	Agreeing	Disagreeing
Shall / Can I bring you + شئ ؟ هل تريد أن أحضر لك ؟	yes, please. Thank you. نعم من فضلك شكرا لك	No, thanks. لا ، شكراً
Can I help you ? هل تريد المساعدة؟	Thank you, that's a very kind of you. شكراً، هذا لطف منك.	No, thank you. I can manage. شكراً، أستطيع أن افعل ذلك بنفسى
What would you like to have? ماذا تريد أن تأكل ؟	I'd like to have fish and rice. أنا أريد أن أكل سمك وأرز.	No, thank you. I can do it myself. شكراً، أستطيع أن افعل ذلك بنفسى
You look + صفة + I will + المصدر أنت تبدو أنا سوف		
What can I do for you ? مالذي أستطيع أن أفعله من أجلك ؟		

خُلمنا نهار ونهارنا عمل
نملك الخيار وخيارنا الأمل
وتهدينا الحياة اضواء في آخر النفق
تدعونا كي ننسى ألما عشناه
نستسلم لكن لا ما دمنا احياء نرزق
مادام الأمل طريقا فسنحياء
بيننا صديق لا يعرف الكلل
مخلص رقيق وإن قال فعل
ميدو (مستر محمد صبحي) صديقي يحفظ عهد الأصدقاء
يعرف كيف يجابه الأيام
ميدو (مستر محمد صبحي) صديقي علمنا معنى الوفاء
علمنا ألا نخشى الالام

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad :?

Ahmed: I'm Ahmed.

Muhammad:?

Ahmed: I 'm in class 5.

Muhammad :?

Ahmed : My favourite subject is art.

Muhammad:?

Ahmed: I live in Zagazig.

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

3- You want to borrow five pounds from your older sister.

4- You prefer to eat fish not meat.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

People suddenly started seeing the strange plants in their gardens last spring. No one had ever seen anything like them before, and no one knew where they had some from: At first Some r people pulled them out and burned them because they thought they looked horrible

But most people left them where they were, without touching them. The next summer, people. enjoyed the big purple-coloured flowers that the plants produced.

It Was not until August that people read in their newspapers the first reports that the plants Could walk and run and even catch people and kill them. There is never much interesting news in august so people thought that journalists had made up these stories about waling plants to sell a few more newspapers and make money. Then in September, there was terrible news.....

a) Give short answers to the following questions:

1 Why did some people destroy the plants?

2 How were the plants dangerous to people?

3 What did people think when they read the newspaper stories for the first time?

b) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4) Where is this text from?

a- a newspaper

b- a science fiction story

c- a detective story

d- a book on gardening

5) What does them refer to in the plants could walk and run and even catch people and kill them?

a- the plants

b- the journalists

c- the newspapers

d- the people

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – I enjoy trips.

a) outdoor

b) outdoors

c) indoors

2 – My will be paid monthly.

a) salary

b) language

c) income

3 – She has s time job. She work only two days.

- a) part b) full c) all
 4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy has no wife. He's
 a) married b) single c) Canadian
 5 – A is used to draw lines.
 a) ruler b) sharpener c) notebook

5- Re-arrange:

3- Holland – Marc – from – years – eight – old – is – he – and - is

4- is – outside – but – There – aren't – blackboard – any – chairs – there
 - a

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1- Thanks to your coming. (.....)
 2- We pray AlGomaa in Friday. (.....)
 3- I'd like to having juice. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

- 3- Can I borrow your pen, please? (Do)

 4- I am a teacher. My father is a doctor. (She)

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(The job you want to do when you grow up)

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

You can draw a bright smile over poor children if you study hard and have a good job.

.....

10- Translate into English :

٣- أحب النجاح وأكره الفشل.

.....

Test 2

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Maha is busy sending an e-mail.

Noha : 1)..... ?

Maha : I'm sending an e-mail to my pen friend Lora.

Noha : 2) ?

Maha : She lives in London.

Noha : 3) ?

Maha : I've been writing to her for three years.

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

3- You want to help your younger brother with his homework.

4- Your friend wants to borrow your pen and you accept.

3- Read the following passage and answer the questions:

On June 16, 1963, Valentina Tereshkova became the first woman in space. She had been chosen from more than 400 others who applied. During her three-day flight, her rocket orbited the Earth 48 times. Valentina did tests on' herself to find out how the experience affected women's minds and bodies. She reported that she felt ill for most of the time she was in space. Valentina Tereshkova was born in 1'937 in the west of Russia. Her father worked as a tractor driver and her mother worked in a factory. She left school at the age of 16 and went to work in a factory. In her spare time, she enjoyed parachuting. After Valentina Tereshkova's space flight, it was 19 years before: another Russian woman was sent into space. Today, Valentina is still a hero in Russia.

a) Give short answers to the following questions:

1- How many women wanted to travel in space when Valentina applied for the job?

2- What does the experience mean in how the experience affected women's minds and bodies?

3- What was Valentina's hobby as a young woman?

b) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4- How old was Valentina when she went into space?

- a) 16 b)19 c)26 d)48

5- How did Valentina feel while she was in space?

- a) comfortable b) happy c) tired d) not well

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – Can you your name, pleas?

- a) excuse b) repeat c) delete

2 – There are two in my family.

- a) child b) children c) childs

3 – We learn about countries in

- a) Arabic b) English c) geography

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy likes to live in

- a) Village b) silly c) company

5 – Her villa is in the air.

- a) outdoors b) open c) fun

5- Re-arrange:

6- card – Can – by – I – pay - credit?

.....

7- open – Let's – air – have – in – walk – a - the

.....

8- exactly – uncle – your – Where – does – live?

.....

9- notebooks – in – are – There – two – classroom – the

.....

10- postman – He – He – is – delivers – a – letters

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- She name is Marwa. (.....)

2- Arabic is my first nationality. (.....)

3- Oh! Great. Sank you. (.....)

4- How do you do? A teacher. (.....)

5- Can I open a council, please?. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

3- Is it ok if I take a picture of the cat? (Can)

.....

4- There is a cat. (are)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Your favourite hobby)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

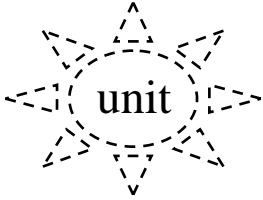
If you obey your parents , you will gain Allah's love.

.....

10- Translate into English :

٤- العلم والعمل الجاد هم الطريق الوحيد للنجاح.

.....



unit

Who's this?



3

Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 1

محمد صبحي

Family tree شجرة العائلة			
grandfather grand pa	جد	father	أب
grand mother grand ma	جدة	mother	أم
Grand parents	أجداد	Cousin	ابن العم أو ابن الخال
daughter	ابنة	son	ابن
uncle	عم / خال	aunt	عمة أو خالة
nephew	ابن الأخ أو الأخت	niece	ابنة الأخ أو ابنة الأخت
husband	زوج	wife	زوجة
كلمات أخرى			
nickname	اسم شهرة	brown wavy hair	شعر بني مموج
real name	اسم حقيقي	dark brown curly hair	شعر بني غامق مجعد
hair	شعر	grey hair	شعر رمادي
Straight blond hair	شعر ناعم أشقر	beard	لحية
moustache	شارب	glasses	نظارة
wrinkles	تجاعيد	Really pretty	جميلة جدا
kind	طيب	handsome	وسيم
friendly	ودود	funny	مضحك
single	اعزب	married	متزوج

المواقف

السؤال عن شخصية إنسان	- What is شخص ... Like?	He is kind and friendly.
السؤال عن مظهر الإنسان الجسمي	- What does .. شخص .. look like ?	He is thin and tall with green eyes.
أي شخص هو أخوك؟	Which one is your brother?	The one with long blonde hair.
لماذا تسميه "عظمة"؟	Why do you call him " Bones"?	Because he is very thin.



Language Notes الملاحظات اللغوية



Word	Meaning
grandfather	father 's father / mother ' father
grandmother	father 's mother / mother 's mother
sister	your mother and father's daughter.
Brother	your mother and father's son.
Uncle	Father 's brother / mother's brother
aunt	father ' s sister mother 's sister
cousin	uncle 's son / uncle's daughter aunt 's son / aunt 's daughter
mother	Father's wife
father	Mother's husband
nephew	Brother's son / Sister's son
niece	Brother's daughter / Sister's daughter

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Soha : Let's play a nice game, Adel.
Adel : Ok. I agree.
Soha : Who's your (1) ?
Adel : He's the child of my (2) or aunt.
Soha : Congratulations. Your turn.
Adel : Who's your aunt?
Soha : She's my mother or father's (3)
Adel : Congratulations. Your turn.
Soha : Who's your sister?
Adel : She's my mother and father's (4)

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

- 5- Your friend asks you " Why do people call you " watermelon"?
- 6- You friend asks you about your father's charcter.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

I'm Amir Hassan Al-Alfy. I'm still at school. I want to be an engineer. I want to build new bridges dams and roads. I'm very proud of my grandparents. They live in the countryside. My grandfather is a farmer.He always gets up very early because there are lots of jobs to do in the farm. Now, he is growing potatoes.

A) Answer the following questions :

- 1- What is Amir's grandfather growing now?
- 2- What is Amir's surname?

3- Why does Amir's grandfather get up early?

B) Choose the correct answer :

4- The underlined word They refers to

- a) jobs b) grandparents c) bridges, dams and roads.

5- Amir wants to be

- a) a farmer b) a doctor c) an engineer

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – Do you know any..... jokes?

- a) pretty b) funny c) kind

2 – Old people can't see well so they wear

- a) glasses b) moustache c) wrinkles

3 – He shaved off his

- a) glasses b) moustache c) wrinkles

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy gave a present to his In her birthday .

- a) husband b) wife c) son

5 – We have been happily for ten years.

- a) kind b) married c) celver

6 – My grandfather's is white and long.

- a) beard b) moustache c) wrinkles

7 – Amera is married to Ahmed, so Ahmed is Amira's

- a) wife b) husband c) son

8 –My is my father or mother's brother.

- a) cousin b) uncle c) brother

5- Re-arrange:

5- is – mother – the – with – short – hair – wavy – My - one

.....

6- father – My – has – got – brown – white – hair – beard – and

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Your husband is the father of your mother or father.(.....)

2- Your sister is your mother and father's sister. (.....)

3- She is true beautiful. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

12-Ali's parents is Hala nad Ahmed. (Who)

.....

13-My book is red. I like it. (Her)

.....

14-My father is kind. (What)

.....

15-My father has along beard . (What)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Describing one of your family)

9- Translate into Arabic :

Would you tell me your full name, age , what you look like and where you live?

10- Translate into English :

٣- أخي طويل ذو شعر أشقر وعيون زرقاء.

٤- زوجتي هي حياتي وأمي هي جنتي وأبي هو قدوتي

اللى معاه على طول مش ليه

ولا حنى روحه ملك إيديه

جواه فى قلبه وند عينيه

شايك أمل وشروق وحياة

إنسان بيحب ولا يكره

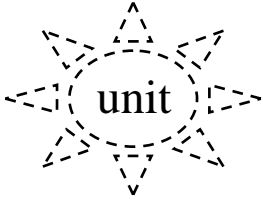
إنسان شايك أمل بكره

بيان فى الشدة ويضمن

ولا خان ولا عمره هيخون

هنالك قصة وراء كل شيء ..

لكن وراء كل قصصك هنالك دوماً قصة ~ أمل ~ ، لأن قصتها هي بدايتك !! ..



Who's this?



Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 2

محمد صبحي

What color of eyes has he got? ما لون عينه ؟	What sort of hair has she got? ما نوع شعرها ؟	What color of hair has he got? ما لون شعره ؟
Black أسود	Short قصير	Blond(e) أشقر
Red أحمر	Long طويل	Grey رمادي
Green أخضر	Straight ناعم	Black أسود
Yellow أصفر	Curly مجعد	White أبيض
Blue أزرق	Wavy مموج	
White أبيض		
Orange برتقالي		
Brown بني		
Pink بمبي		
Grey رمادي		
Purple بنفسجي		

How heavy is he? ما وزنه ؟	How tall is he ? ما طوله	How old is he ? ما عمره ؟	What is he like ? ما هي شخصيته ؟
Fat سمين	Tall طويل	Old عجوز	Bossy محب للسيطرة
Thin رفيع	Short قصير	Young صغير السن	Miserable تعيس
Slim رشيق	Of medium height متوسط الطول	Middle-aged متوسط العمر	Noisy مزعج
			Shy خجول
			Friendly ودود
			Lazy كسول
			Kind طيب

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

- Sara : What kind of person are you?
 Amira : I am (1) -----, I don't like to be sad.
 Sara : What (2) -----?
 Amira : I don't like meeting (3) ----- people.
 Sara : What's your favourite subject?
 Amira : (4) -----, I like doing experiments.

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

- 5- You ask your friend about his hairstyle.
 6- Your friend asks you about your eyes' color.

3- Read the following passage and answer the questions:

What does it mean to be lucky? It commonly means someone who gets something valuable without really trying, someone who is in the right place at the right time. The person who buys a winning lottery ticket or who discovers a lost painting by a famous painter - these are lucky people. Yet, luck does not guarantee happiness. Accepting ourselves exactly as we are at this present moment provides the courage to move forward. Believing that all our choices in the past were the best we could have made frees us from regret. It also reinforces our belief that we are as good as we can be now.

The best preparation for the future is self-acceptance in the present. Self-acceptance and trust in people are the foundations of confidence and courage. Added to action, they lead to more opportunities for unexpected events - which people call luck - that can enrich our lives.

A) Give short answers to the following questions:

- 1- Why is self-acceptance important?
 2- How can we best prepare for the future?
 3- What does the underlined word refer to?

B. Choose the correct answer from a. b. c or d:

- 4- Trust in people.....
 a) leads to unexpected events b) reminds us of the past
 c) means a good choice d) leads to confidence and courage
 5- A person who.....is a lucky person.
 a) passes a final exam b) breaks a record
 c) runs into an old friend d) buys a car of the latest model

4- Choose the correct answer :

- 1 - He is He isn't fat.
 a) slim b) thick c) sized
 2 - She can't have a
 a) nose b) moustache c) ear
 3 - She has got blue
 a) hair b) face c) eyes
 4 - Mr. Muhammad Sobhy isn't tall. He is
 a) curly b) short c) medium
 5 - Ahmed is of medium

- a) size b) color c) height
 6 – We call him " Joker" because he's very
 a) shy b) lazy c) funny
 7 – We call him " Loud Mouth" because he is very
 a) shy b) bossy c) noisy
 8 – We call him " Lazy bones" because he is very
 a) funny b) noisy c) lazy

16- Re-arrange:

9- eyes- Ahmed- got – has – brown – dark – face – round – a - and

10- got – How – have – many – cousins – you? .

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1- I'm thirteen years age. (.....)
 2- She's fat with middle height. (.....)
 3- He is tall in short brown hair. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

5- We call him " tree" because he is tall. (Why)

6- She has long blonde hair. (What)

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Your father)

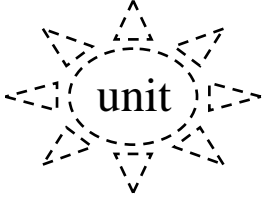
9- Translate into Arabic :

We should fight terrorism as terrorism is against Islam.

10- Translate into English :

٤ - تبذل الحكومة أقصى جهودها لتوفير فرص عمل للشباب.

اشترى احذية لاحلامك
 وستصبح كل الطرقات الى الفرح سالكة



Who is this?



Lessons 3

Possession الملكية

صفات الملكية	ضمائر الملكية
اسم + my	ملكي mine
اسم + his	ملكه his
اسم + her	ملكها hers
اسم + its
اسم + our	ملكنا ours
اسم + your	ملكك/ملككم yours
اسم + their	ملكهم theirs

صفات الملكية

١- تأتي قبل الأسم لتبين ملكيته.

This is my book.

ضمائر الملكية

١- لا يأتي بعدها شيء وتساوي صفة الملكية والاسم الذي يليها.

٢- تأتي بعد حرف الجر of .

٣- يمكن أن تستخدم كفاعل.

٤- الضمير it ليس له ضمير ملكية لأن الجماد والحيوان والأشياء لا تملك

This book is mine.

He is a friend of mine.

Your car is new. Mine is old.

Communication skills مهارات التواصل

Situation	Question	Answer
للسؤال عن الملكية عندما تكون الأجوبة ضمير أو صفة ملكية أو اسم	- Whose pen is this ? - Whose pens are these?	- It's mine. / It is my pen. - They are mine.
للسؤال عن ملكية شخص عاقل لشيء معين	- Which pen is Mr. Muhammad's?	- It's the red one.

The possessive ('s)

الملكية

أولاً: متى نستخدم ('s)

للتعبير عن الملكية نستخدم:-

- ('s) إذا كان المالك الذي يسبقها اسم مفرد أو جمع شاذ لا ينتهي بـ

Muhammad's book is wonderful.

Women's clothes are expensive.

- ('s) بعد الوظائف للأشارة لمكان العمل .

I buy medicine from the chemist's.

I buy meat from the butcher's.

- ('s) مع بعض الأسماء التي تشير إلى الوقت أو الكمية أو القياس إذا كانت تلك الأسماء مفردة

I will travel a week's holiday.

This bag of chips is a pound's worth.

This film will take an hour's time.

- الاسم المركب نضيف الملكية في نهاية الاسم

My mother-in-law's cooking is good.

- عند اشتراك شخصين في ملكية واحدة نضيف الملكية للأخير فقط

You can get anything you want at Muhammad and Ahmed's library.

ثانياً: متى نستخدم (')

- (') للأسماء الجمع المنتهية بـ s

Girls' clothes are expensive.

- (') أو ('s) للأسماء المفردة المنتهية بـ s

Lamis's studio is clean. / Lamis' studio is clean.

- (') مع بعض الأسماء التي تشير إلى الوقت أو الكمية أو القياس إذا كانت هذه الأسماء جمع.

- I will travel two weeks' holiday.

- This bag of chips is three pounds' worth.

- This film will take five hours' time.

ثانياً: متى لا نستخدم ('s) ولا (')

مع اسماء الجملات بل نضع الكلمتان متتاليتين

Computer screen

Table legs

ملحوظة

1 - يمكن ايضا ان نستخدم للملكية of The.....

مشكلة البطالة The problem of unemployment

ضمير مفعول + belong to

2- يمكن التعبير عن الملكية باستخدام

This is my car = This car is mine. = This car belongs to me.

Some & any

Some

بعض

• يأتي بعدها

اسم يعد أو لا يعد

* تستخدم في الإثبات أو في السؤال الذي يدل على عرض

أو طلب أي الذي يبدأ بـ **Will / can / may / would**

any

أي

• يأتي بعدها

اسم يعد أو لا يعد

* تستخدم في النفي والسؤال

Ex:

* He has some water.

* Can you give me some soup, please?

Ex:

* He hasn't got any water.

* Do you have any sisters?

يوجد

	يأتي بعدها اسم مفرد يعد أو اسم لا يعد	يأتي بعدهما اسم جمع	
يوجد	There is+ اسم مفرد يعد أو اسم لا يعد يمكن أن نستخدم معها (some - too much – too little) *There is an apple on the table. * There is some rice in the bag. * There is too much rice in the bag. * There is too little rice in the bag.	There are+ اسم جمع يعد يمكن أن نستخدم معها (some - too many – too few) *There are two apples on the table. * There are some apples in the box. * There are too many apples in the box. * There are too few apples in the box.	الإثبات
لا يوجد	There isn't+ اسم لا يعد يمكن أن نستخدم معها (any - much) *There isn't any rice in the bag. * There isn't much rice in the bag	There aren't+ اسم جمع يعد يمكن أن نستخدم معها (any - many) * There aren't any apples in the box. * There aren't many apples in the box.	النفي
هل يوجد	Is there+ اسم مفرد يعد أو اسم لا يعد يمكن أن نستخدم معها (any - much) * Is there any rice in the bag? * Is there much rice in the bag?	Are there+ اسم جمع يعد يمكن أن نستخدم معها (any - many) * Are there any apples in the box? * Are there many apples in the box?	السؤال

كان يعلم انها حلم ليلة صيف ستقضي تفاصيله مع خيوط الشمس

ارادها ابتسامة تحرر ما خلفه الرصاص في احشاء الامل

كان بها متعب لدرجة الهوس

كان كما شئتم ان تكتبو في باقي الاسطر

ومنذ ان عرفها لم تشرق الشمس ولم ينتهي الحلم .

لاحظ الفرق بين (has / has got & have / have got)

الأثبات	النفي	السؤال
فاعل مفرد has He has a car.	Doesn't have He doesn't have a car.	Does فاعل مفرد have ...? Does he have a car?
فاعل جمع have They have a car.	Don't have They haven't a car.	Do فاعل جمع have ...? Do they have a car?

فاعل مفرد has got He has got a car.	hasn't got He hasn't got a car.	Has فاعل مفرد got ...? Has he got a car?
فاعل جمع have got They have got a car.	Haven't got They haven't got a car.	Have فاعل جمع got ...? Have they got a car?

Exercises

- There..... any tourists in the museum today.
b- isn't b- aren't c- wasn't d- am n't
- Would you like..... Coffee?
a- some b- no c- any d- many
- Have you got money?
a- some b- no c- any d- few
- there any oranges?
c- Is b- Are c- Do d- Many
- There isn't milk in the jug. I'll buy some.
a- any b- some c- no d- few
- there any rice in this dish?
a- Is b- Are c- Do d- Much
- Has it got cheese in this dish?
a- any b- some c- no d- many
- any shops in that street?
b- There are b- Are there c- Is there d- There is
- There is rice on the plate.
b- a b- some c- any d- few
- There any lentils in the dish.
a- aren't b- don't c- isn't d- are
- I like to drink coffee.
a- any b- some c- an d- many
- There is sugar in my tea. It is very sweet.
a- any b- a lot of c- many d- much
- There are sweets.
a- any b- a c- many d- lots of
- This isn't Ali's camera. It's
a – mine b- my c- me d- myself

- 15- Are these books?
a- their b- theirs c- them d- themselves

Read and correct the underlined word(s)

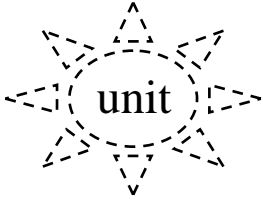
- 1- Can I have any juice? [.....]
2- Has it got some soup in it? [.....]
3- There isn't any books in the bag. [.....]
4- We lived in an city called Zagazig. [.....]
5- Would you like any tomato sauce? [.....]
6- There isn't any students in the class. [.....]

شيئان يؤذيان الانسان : الإنشغال بالماضي ، والإنشغال بالآخرين !
الحل الوحيد للمشاكل النفسية : هو ألا تكن عاطل ولا تكن وحيد !
لا تشرح للناس مشاكلك الصحية فقولهم : (كيف حالك؟) مجرد تحية وليست سؤالاً !
لا يوجد إنسان تعيس ولكن توجد أفكار تسبب التعاسة ، ولا توجد أفكار متفائلة لكن يوجد
أشخاص متفائلون ، لأنهم قرروا أن يكونوا ذلك !

النكسات : هي من تصنع النجاح !!

لا تقول أبدا أنك لا تملك الوقت الكافي ، فإن جميع العظماء كان يومهم ٢٤ ساعة ولم يزد !
ليس هناك من يمسح دموعك سوى يديك ، وليس هناك من يحقق أحلامك بعد الله ، سوى عقلك
ويديك !

أنا متفائل دائماً لسبب واحد بسيط ..
أنني لم أجد أي فائدة تعود علي إذا كنت عكس ذلك !
مزاجك : أعلى ما تملك ، فاجعله مرتفعاً ، لتقرأ ، لتكتب ، لتعمل ، لتتفاعل بإيجابية .. لهذا لا
تعطي أي مخلوق فرصة لتعكيره !
ابتسم : فأنت لا تعلم أي باب من الأمل تفتحه لغيرك



Who is this?

Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 4

الكلمات الجديدة

sunglasses	نظارة شمس	Different from	مختلف
freckles	نمش	The same as	نفس الشيء
flippers	زعانف	community	مجتمع
attractive	جذاب	Pen friend	صديق مراسلة
Only child	طفل وحيد	Sense of humor	روح الدعابة
Pen friend	صديق مراسلة	basket	سلة
neighbors	جيران	towel	فوطه
Full of	ممتليء بـ	As well / too	أيضاً
member	عضو	describe	يصف
features	صفات / سمات	character	شخصية

المواقف

Asking for opinion	Expressing opinion
What do you think of/about + اسم / v+ing? ما رأيك في ؟	I think فاعل (am/is/are) + صفة أمثلة I think it is (wonderful, smart fantastic / fashionable)
What's your opinion of/about + اسم / v+ing? ما رأيك في ؟	In my opinion, فاعل (am/is/are) + صفة أمثلة In my opinion, it is (bad, dull , rather short, too long, out of fashion, too tight, too loose , expensive)
How do you like your fish / meat?	I like it grilled.
How do you like your tea?	I like it with little sugar. I like it with black without sugar.
مصدر + 'd rather + فاعل مصدر + 'd prefer to + مصدر rather than + فاعل مصدر + prefer (N/v+ing) to (N/v+ing)	

Agreeing الموافقة	Disagreeing عدم الموافقة
I agree with you. اننى أو افك	I don't agree with you. لا أو افك
I think so. اعتقد ذلك.	I don't think so. لا أعتقد ذلك
That's what I think. ذلك ما أعتقد	No, I disagree with you. كلا لا أو افك
Absolutely. Exactly. قطعاً / بالضبط	Really, I can't agree with you. حقاً لا أستطيع أن أوافق .
I couldn't agree more. أوافق تماماً	

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad :

Ahmed: My hair is short blonde hair.

Muhammad:

Ahmed: I have green eyes.

Muhammad :

Ahmed : I'm thin and tall.

Muhammad: What are you like?

Ahmed:

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

5- You ask your friend about his opinion of weather in Egypt.

6- Your friend asks you about your opinion of your teacher of English.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

The basic function of education is to teach children knowledge, values, and pattern of behaviour they will need in the adult World and will move from generation to another. Education is largely informal that occurs within the family. Family members teach children the values of their society as well as certain basic skills. Parents may teach their children the skills of cooking, food gathering, hunting and fishing. By this way Children learn the way of society by participating in adult activities.

Formal education which involves instruction by specific trained teachers who follow officially recognized policies, is called schooling, Schools fulfill this function through a set of courses that include such subjects as languages and literature, history, geography, mathematics, science and foreign Languages. Also schools develop the critical thinking of students' skills that are necessary to meet their needs in the future.

A) Answer the following questions

1- What is the aim of education?

2- How will schools achieve their goals?

3- How do children learn from societies?

B) Choose the best answer from a. b. c or d:

4- The underlined word "their" refers to....

- a) members b) parents c) students d) teachers

5- This passage mentioned..... types of education.

- a) two b) three c) one d) four

4- Choose the correct answer :

- 1 – She is very girl.
a) attraction b) attractive c) attract
- 2 – My school bag is of books.
a) fill b) full c) feel
- 3 – I hope you long life.
a) live b) work c) same
- 4 – Muhammad Sobhy is an child.
a) only b) alone c) lonely
- 5 – Mr. Ahmed Hassan has the age as Mr. Muhammad Sobhy.
a) well b) same c) different

5- Re-arrange:

5- hairstyle – a lovely – My – has – sister - younger

6- Can – write – you – about – dad – your ?

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1- We have lots off fun together. (.....)
- 2- Mr. Muhammad Sobhy's charcter is fun. (.....)
- 3- He is kind and friend. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

5- Because he is fat. (Why?)

6- I have some pens. (not)

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(An Accident you had)

9- Translate into Arabic :

Fruits have big differences in colour, shape and taste. However, they are all tasty لذيق and useful to our health.

10- Translate into English :

٥- دعاني صديقي لحفل عيد ميلاده و قبلت الدعوة ..

Test 3

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad :?

Ahmed: I travelled to London three years ago.

Muhammad:?

Ahmed: People there speak English.

Muhammad :?

Ahmed : They are kind and friendly.

Muhammad:?

Ahmed: It is sunny.

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

5- Your friends thinks that Al-Ahly is a good team.

6- Your friend wants you to help him with his homework. You agree.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

Dentists recommend brushing our teeth twice a day, after breakfast and before going to bed. They say that there is a special technique for brushing your teeth. First you have to clean the outsides of your teeth. You have to hold the toothbrush at an angle of 90 degrees against the outer surface of your teeth and gently move it up and down against each tooth. Then you have to do the same thing on the insides of your teeth. You have also to brush the chewing surface of the back teeth. The more you look after your teeth, the stronger they are. So it is very essential to keep your teeth clean.

As for the tongue, it is a very important organ in the body so, you have to brush it gently to remove bacteria from your mouse and keep your breath fresh.

Concerning the best type of toothbrush, you ought to buy a soft toothbrush with a small head so that you can get into difficult spaces inside your mouth. You have to buy a new toothbrush every three or four months.

Answer the following questions:

1- What is the best kind of toothbrush, mentioned in the passage?

2- How can you keep your tongue clean?

3- What should you do when you brush the insides of your teeth?

Choose the correct answer:

4- According to the passage, we have to brush our teeth a day.

a) once b) with every meal c) more than once d) irregularly

5- The underlined word ' it ' in the second paragraph refers to the

a) tongue b) mouth c) head d) toothbrush

4- Choose the correct answer :

- 1 – My mother is my father's.....
a) husband b) wife c) daughter
- 2 – Her is friendly .
a) size b) character c) size
- 3 – Her hair is
a) medium b) blonde c) size
- 4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy has no wife. He's
a) married b) single c) Canadian
- 5 – some things are the but others are different.
a) some b) same c) a like

5- Re-arrange:

- 11- jacket – blue – Who's – man – in – the – the ?
.....
- 12- desk – the – on – are – There – pens – some
.....
- 13- classroom – in – a – Is – there – blackboard – the?
.....
- 14- humour – sense – He – of – has – great – a
.....
- 15- isn't - It – mobile – my – is – It - your

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1- I bought this T- shirt. It's my (.....)
- 2- Can I borrow any pens?. (.....)
- 3- It's the childrens' ball. (.....)
- 4- Are that your books? (.....)
- 5- She is me sister. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

- 5- I has five children. (Negative)
.....
- 6- This is my friend. (Plural)
.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(TV)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

Television is a great invention. It is a good means of culture , knowledge , and entertainment

10- Translate into English :

لكي نمنع انتشار الأمراض علينا إتباع قواعد النظافة العامة والشخصية.

ودائماً مبيتحركش 🤔 همه على بطنه thinks only of his belly كان فيه ملك تخين وضخم جداً
 🦶 يهز طوله to shake a leg ويبستنى الأكل يجي له لحد عنده وفي يوم الأكل أتأخر جداً فقرر الملك
 يهل بطلعته darkens their door وينزل للمطبخ يشوفهم يتأخروا ليه.. ودي كانت أول مرة الملك
وينزلهم 😊 البهية

فين الأكل ؟ 🤔 يا جرابيع! you trashy good-for-nothing! دخل عليهم وهو بيزعق

He chills their blood ف

..ومكنوش عارفين يردوا يقولوا آيه 🤔 نشف دمهم

you take me to the cleaners! فرد واحد منهم وقالوا أن الأكل خلص ... فالملك اتعصب أكثر وقالهم

🤔 إزاي ده انتوا نفضتوا جيوبي

what a dead loss you are! قالوا له بصراحة امبارح لما نزلنا على السوق اتسرقنا .. فرد الملك

وقرر يروح بنفسه السوق 🤔 يهري وينكت فنفسه eats his heart out وفضل الملك 🤔! يا خبيتكم القوية

يجيب الأكل .. وقبل ما ينزل كان رفدهم كلهم .. وهو في طريقة للسوق طلع عليه نفس اللصوص، وفي

منظره) loses face و 🤔 منفوخ على الفاضي is full of himself اللحظة دي ظهر أن الملك الضخم

..قدام الناس 🤔 ضاع

الخدم 🤔 نجده من السما manna from heaven وكان اللصوص على وشك إنهم يقتلوه ولكن جتله

شافوه بالصدفة وانقذوه .. ورجعوا القصر مع بعض ولما سألهم بالطريق انتوا ليه سعدتوني؟

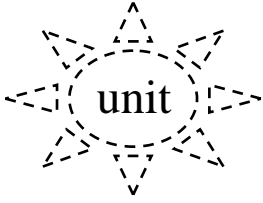
على الحلوة والمرة with you through thick and thin قالولوا أحنا عشرة عمر ولازم نكون

(معاك 🤔)

♥️الوفاء loyalty وضرب الخدم دول مثال فال

All the best

Mr. Muhammad Sobhy



Here we are !



Lessons 1

Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Neighbor	جار	garden	حديقة منزل
neighborhood	الجيرة / المنطقة المجاورة	garage	جراج
Living room	حجرة المعيشة	1 st floor	الدور الأول
dining room	حجرة السفرة	2 nd floor	الدور الثاني
bathroom	دورة المياه	a flat / an apartment	شقة
master bedroom	حجرة نوم رئيسية	attic	حجرة علي السطوح / سقفية
Child's bedroom	حجرة نوم الأطفال	block of flats	عمارة
kitchen	مطبخ	perfect	مثالي
downstairs	الطابق السفلي	upstairs	الطابق العلوي
floor	دور / طابق / أرضية	ground floor	الطابق الأرضي
a study	غرفة المكتب	huge	كبير

المواقف

How much is the rent of your flat? ما هو ايجار شقتك ؟	1000 a month.
How many rooms are in your house? كم عدد غرف بيتك ؟	We have three rooms.

خلي بالك من المحادثة ديه

- A) This is a great neighbourhood.
 B) It's a perfect place to live in.
 A) There is a flat **for sale on** the second **floor**.
 B) Maybe we can be neighbours.
 A) Why not?

- B) Come upstairs to my flat.
 A) It's very big and we use it as a study.
 B) Let's go inside.
 A) Great. Thank you a lot.
 B) That's okay.

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad :?

Ahmed: Yes, the people are very nice.

Muhammad: Is this your block of flats?

Ahmed: Yes, my flat is on the fourth floor.

Muhammad :.....

Ahmed :

Muhammad: Really ? Maybe we can be neighbours.

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

- 7- Your friend asks you about your opinion of your neighborhood.
 8- You want to know the number of rooms in your friend house.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

Writers express themselves in words. There are many different kinds of writers, for instance, journalists who report for newspapers and technical writers who explain how machines work. However, many of the best known authors write fiction and are valued for the way they tell stories and how they use language.

A good writer has a style of writing that attracts your attention whether in a long novel or a short poem. Style includes creation of language and how a piece of work is structured.

Children's writers feature children as main characters, and write from the point of view of a child. Children's stories often appeal to the imagination and have a lot of humour. Children's authors choose subjects that are part of a child's world such as school, or the family. However, many themes of children's writing appeal to old ages, such as love, friendship and adventure. Some writers are famous because they sell lots of books. Others win prizes, such as the Nobel Prize for literature or have a successful film made of their books.

Answer The following questions:-

- 1- What are the different kinds of writers?
 2- How can a good writer attract the reader's attention?
 3- What subjects appeal to all ages? 4- Why are some writers famous?

Choose the correct answer:-

5- Children's stories appeal to

- a) children's hearing memory
b) what children know
c) children's talents and skills
d) children's imagination

7- What does the underlined word "others" refers to?

- a) children b) scientists c) writers d) families**

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – We have a master to sleep in.

- a) bedroom b) dining room c) Living room**

2 – We have lunch in

- a) bedroom b) dining room c) Living room**

3 – We put our old things in the

- a) attic** **b) study** **c) dining room**

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy has a flat the second floor .

- a) in b) on c) at**

5 – I park my car in the

- a) garage b) dining room c) living room**

6 – There is a flat sale in our block of flats.

- a) in b) for c) at**

7 – We use my room a study .

- a) as b) like c) such**

8 – There is a beautiful painting on the.....

- a) room** **b) flat** **c) wall**

5- Re-arrange:

7- house – the – back – of – is – There – beautiful – a – the – at - garden

.....

8- your – rent – flat – of – much – How – is – the ?

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- We have a flat for sell. (.....)

2- On which ground is your flat? (.....)

3- Her we are. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

17- There are three rooms in my house. (How)

.....

18- Yes my flat is on the second floor. (Is)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Your neighborhood)

9- Translate into Arabic :

The government must exert great efforts to find work for unemployed عاطلين people, because unemployment is the cause of many crimes جرائم.

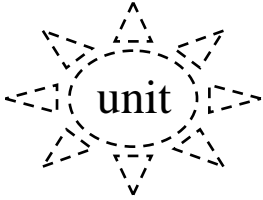
10- Translate into English :

- لا أحب هؤلاء الأشخاص الذين لا يتسامحون tolerant والأنانيين selfish .

“الفكرة نبتة صغيرة في أرض الخيال ،
تسقيها العزيمة إلي أن تصبح
شجرة علي أرض الواقع”
مسافر أنت والآثار باقية ،
فأترك وراءك ما تحيي به أثر
إذا كان الأمس ضاع فبين يديك اليوم !! ،
وإذا كان اليوم سوف يجمع أوراقه ويرحل !
فلديك الغد ، ، !!
لا تحزن على الأمس فهو لن يعود ، ،
ولا تأسف على اليوم فهو راحل ، ،
واحلم بشمس مضيئه في غد جميل ، ،

All the best

Mr. Muhammad Sobhy



Here we are !



Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 2

محمد صبحي

Shops محلات

Florist's	محل ورد	Butcher's	محل جزارة
toyshop	محل لعب	bookshop	محل بيع كتب
shoe shop	محل أحذية	Newsagent's	مكتب صحف
Chemist's	صيدلية	Greengrocer's	محل خضار

Giving directions إعطاء اتجاهات

Giving directions إعطاء اتجاهات			
in	في (بداخل الشيء)	In front of	أمام
at	في (عند بداية الشيء)	on	على
Turn left	اتجه يساراً	Turn right	اتجه يمينا
next to	بجوار	behind	خلف
opposite	مقابل	under	تحت
Go straight on	أمشي في طريق مستقيم	near	قريب
On the right	على اليمين	On the left	على اليسار
between	بين	On the corner	على الناصية

Furniture أثاث

mirror	مرآة	bookcase	مكتبة كتب
lamp	اباجورة	sink	حوض مطبخ
picture	صورة	vase	زهريّة ورد
pillow	وسادة	cupboard	دولاب مطبخ
wardrobe	دولاب (ملابس)	cushions	وسائد
sofa	كنبة	fireplace	مدفأة
carpet	سجادة	curtains	ستائر
armchair	كرسي بذراع	mat	سجادة صغيرة
cooker	بوتجاز	painting	صورة زيتية
fridge	ثلاجة	wall	حائط

قاعدة

يوجد

	يأتي بعدها اسم مفرد يعد أو اسم لا يعد	يأتي بعدهما اسم جمع	
يوجد	There is+ اسم مفرد يعد أو اسم لا يعد يمكن أن نستخدم معها (some - too much – too little) *There is an apple on the table. * There is some rice in the bag. * There is too much rice in the bag. * There is too little rice in the bag.	There are+ اسم جمع يعد يمكن أن نستخدم معها (some - too many – too few) *There are two apples on the table. * There are some apples in the box. * There are too many apples in the box. * There are too few apples in the box.	الاثبات
	There isn't+ اسم لا يعد يمكن أن نستخدم معها (any - much) *There isn't any rice in the bag. * There isn't much rice in the bag	There aren't+ اسم جمع يعد يمكن أن نستخدم معها (any - many) * There aren't any apples in the box. * There aren't many apples in the box.	
هل يوجد	Is there+ اسم مفرد يعد أو اسم لا يعد ؟ يمكن أن نستخدم معها (any - much) * Is there any rice in the bag? * Is there much rice in the bag?	Are there+ اسم جمع يعد ؟ يمكن أن نستخدم معها (any - many) * Are there any apples in the box? *Are there many apples in the box?	السؤال

شكراً □

للذين يتركون بنا أشياء سعيدة تجعلنا نبتسم حين تبدو الحياة

كئيبه □

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Assistant : Hello. Can I help you?

Customer : Hello. I want to buy a suit.

Assistant : (1).....?

Customer : I want size No.46.

Assistant : Here's a grey one.

Customer : But I don't like this color. Can you show me another one?

Assistant : (2).....?

Customer : Ok. (3).....?

Assistant : It's 800 pounds.

Customer : Here's the money. Thank you.

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

7- Someone asks you where he can buy flowers.

8- Someone asks you where he can buy medicine.

3- Read the following passage and answer the questions:

I really have a wonderful break time at school. It comes in the middle of the school day after the third lesson. It is usually between 11 and 11:30 in the morning. Break time is quite important because it makes us fresh again for the coming lessons. We never stay in our classes during the break. Some students have a walk in the playground. Others open their lunch boxes and start eating together. I really enjoy myself during the break. After eating, I go to the school library where there are plenty of good books to read or borrow. Other times I go to the music room to train for the school party. As soon as the bell rings, we rush to our classes with fresh minds.

A- Answer the following questions:

1. When is the break time?

2. Why is break time important?

3. What do students do during the break?

B- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4. The break lasts for.....

a) a quarter of an hour b) half an hour c) an hour d) an hour and a half

5. Students.....in classes during the break

a) don't stay b) always stay c) revise d) study

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – Go straight. The supermarket is the right.

a) in b) on c) at

2 – Our school is to the bank.

a) between b) next c) front

3 – We use to cover the window.

a) carpets b) mats c) curtains

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy puts his head on the and sleep.

- a) **curtain** b) **pillow** c) **mirror**

5 – I turn on the while sleeping.

- a) **cushions** b) **lamb** c) **lamp**

6 – My mom washes the dishes in the

- a) **think** b) **sink** c) **hall**

7 – What is she?

- a) **old** b) **age** c) **tall**

8 – In most hotels in the USA, there isn't a floor.

- a) **thirteen** b) **thirty** c) **thirteenth**

19- Re-arrange:

11- downstairs – room – My – is – brother's

.....

12- here – from – walk – minutes' – two – just – It's

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- There is a bank in behind of the school. (.....)

2- I have many furniture at home. (.....)

3- There is a cooker in the bathroom. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

7- There is a car in the garage. (not)

.....

8- I can buy a car. (He)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(A day at the beach)

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

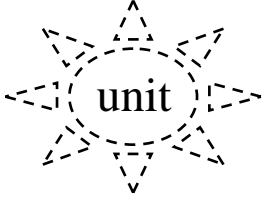
I live in a town, which is not very big. However, means of transport وسائل المواصلات are needed to go from place to another.

.....

10- Translate into English :

يأتى الزوار من جميع انحاء العالم لرؤية مبانى من عصر القماء المصريين وبخاصة الاهرامات.

.....



Here we are !



Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 3

Proud of	فخور بـ	Step away from	كرة القدم
City centre	وسط البلد	Full of life	مليء بالحياة
harbour	ميناء	castle	قلعة
admire	يعجب بـ	windmill	طاحونة هواء
countryside	الريف	imagine	يتخيل

Words and opposites الكلمة وعكسها

الكلمة	عكسها	الكلمة	عكسها
giant عملاق	Tiny ضئيل	Thick سميك	Thin رفيع
Dark مظلم	Light مضيء	Beautiful جميل	Ugly قبيح
Inside داخل	Outside خارج	Terrible كريه	Perfect مثالي
downstairs الطابق السفلي	Upstairs الطابق العلوي	quiet هاديء	noisy مزعج

إذا لم تجد سببا للابتسامة
اغلق عينيك لدقائق
ستجد ان النور وحده سبب لترسم الابتسامة على شفثيك...

All the best
Mr. Muhammad Sobhy

Grammar

ضمائر الإشارة " وهي :-

للمفرد	للجمع
This هذا للقريب	These هؤلاء للقريب
That ذاك للبعيد	Those أولئك للبعيد

① This is my pen.

② That car is mine

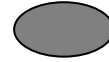
③ These are my pens.

④ Those are my cars.

خلي بالك :

What is this ? / What is that ?

It's a circle.



What are these ? / What are those ?

They are circles.



(سأل رجل الحسن البصري)
 ما سر ذهدك في الدنيا يا إمام؟؟❤️
 فقال أربعة أمور 🙏
 علمت أن رزقي لن يأخذه غيري فاطمئن قلبي ❤️
 علمت أن عملي لن يقوم به غيري فأسرعت به وحدي 🕒
 وعلمت أنه مطلقاً على فخشيته أن يراني على معصية 🚫❤️
 وعلمت أن الموت ينتظرني فأعددت الزاد للقائه 🍷

All the best

Mr. Muhammad Sobhy

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Fayez meets Mohsen who is learning Chinese to help sell machines in China.

Fayez : Hello, Mohsen. Where're you going?

Mohsen: I'm going to the afternoon school to learn Chinese.

Fayez :Why are you learning Chinese, Fayez?(1).....

Mohsen: Are you learning any other language?

Fayez : Yes, I'm learning (2).....

Mohgsen: Me, too. English is very important because(3).....of computer and internet.

Fayez : That's right.

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

5- You want to ask about the owner of the book.

6- You can't spell your friend Ahmed's name.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

A sports teacher wanted to find a game his students could play indoors because it was very cold in winter. He wanted a game of skill; so he invented basketball. It's one of the world most popular sports. Fans love watching basketball because **it** is fast and exciting. Basketball is also popular because it can be played anywhere. It is also one of the cheapest sports, it only needs a ball and a hoop! In the USA, more than \$ 2 billion are spent on basketball shoes.

a-Answer the following questions:

1-Why do people love basketball?

2-What do you need to play basketball?

3-Why did the teacher want an indoor game?

b-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d :

4-Americans.....basketball.

a- hate b-didn't love c-encourage d-don't play

5-The underline word "it" refers to.....

a-the winter b-basketball c-money d-the year

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – I saw some ships in the

a) **airport** b) **harbour** c) **Out door**

2 – We use To produce energy.

a) **windmills** b) **airport** c) **harbour**

3 –The electricity went off. I need a

a) **torch** b) **lamb** c) **lamp**

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy likes the of the sea.

a) **view** b) **see** c) **furniture**

5 – I can see insect.

- a) any b) an c) some

6 – I searched for it And there.

- a) thier b) their c) there

7 – My brother is School now.

- a) in b) on c) at

8 – Is your father Home?

- a) in b) on c) at

20- Re-arrange:

5- streets – You – the – can – in – see – and – people – cars

.....

6- supermarket – a – Can – imagine – you – city – a – without ?

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- We have flowers in our park of our house. (.....)

2- These bus is new. (.....)

3- Is there some rats in your room? (.....)

7- Do as shown:

5- I have some apples. (any)

.....

6- This is a new car. (are)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(The city you live in)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

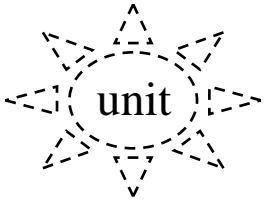
Freedom is to live in peace and let others live in peace too.

.....

10- Translate into English :

مما لاشك فيه أن للتلوث اثار خطيرة على البيئة سواء كان ذلك للانسان او الحيوان او النبات.

.....



Here we are !



Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 4

الكلمات الجديدة

cosy (cozy)	لطيف / مريح	dream	حلم (يحلم)
Wooden	خشبي	spacious	كبير / واسع
relax	يسترخي	comfortable	مريح
lovely	محبب إلى النفس	modern	حديث
magnificent	عظيم	For rent	للإيجار
chance	فرصة	exception	استثناء
as possible	علي قدر الإمكان	recommendation	توصية / تزكية
palace	قصر	a bath	بانيو
President	رئيس	exact	مضبوط
Light bulb	مصباح كهربائي	unique	فريد من نوعه

المواقف

Making suggestions: عمل اقتراحات

Situation	Situation
Why don't you/we + مصدر ؟ لما لا ؟	Let's + مصدر هيا بنا
We could + مصدر يمكننا أن ؟	Shall we + مصدر هل لنا أن ؟
What / How about + v. + ing	ما رأيك في ؟

Accepting قبول	Refusing رفض
That's a good idea. يالها من فكرة رائعة.	No, I'm not very keen on that. أنا لست متحمسا للقيام بهذا الأمر
OK, why not. وهو كذلك ولم لا ؟	I'm not sure about that. أنا لست متأكد أنني سأقوم بهذا الأمر
Yes, let's do so. هيا نفعل هذا.	Maybe some other times. ربما في وقت آخر

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

1. Between Sherif and Ali :

Sherif :?

Ali : My goal in life is to be an accountant.

Sherif :

Ali : Because I've graduated from the faculty of commerce.

Sherif : Do you think it's easy to you to find a job?

Ali :

Sherif : Why don't you read the advertisement in the newspaper?

Ali :

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

7- You are at home. You suggest watching a film.

8- Your friend suggests going swimming. You like the idea.

3- Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Long after the discovery of electricity, man found that he could use the great power of water to produce it. At first, man used waterfalls from high mountains. Later, he began to build dams across rivers to form a lake behind. The water is then allowed to fall under control through huge pipes to run turbines below and produce electricity.

This runs into wires and treated before it goes to homes and factories. Dams have also been built along rivers in the world to make full use of the water, so it runs to the driest and least fertile to open them to farming.

A- Answer the following questions:

1- Give a suitable title for the passage.

2- Where are dams built?

3- How do dams help farming?

B- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4- The underlined word “ full ” means

a) some b) complete c) a little d) not all

5- The underlined word ‘ it ’ refers to the

a) water b) electricity c) dam d) farm

6- below dams help us produce electricity

a) Pipes b) Lakes c) Turbines d) Waterfalls

4- Choose the correct answer :

- 1 – We enjoyed the day. It was a time.
a) love b) lovely c) loved
- 2 – All the studentsAhmed will go to Dream Park.
a) accept b) except c) expect
- 3 – Usually have high towers.
a) Castles b) Houses c) Rooms
- 4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy didn't a chance and visited Mecca.
a) miss b) lose c) catch
- 5 – New York is a city Of life.
a) fill b) full c) feel

5- Re-arrange:

7- here – from – walk – minutes' – two – jut – It's

.....

8- sea – the – of – the – view – magnificent – You – admire – can - here

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1- Our house is a quit area. (.....)
- 2- Her we are. (.....)
- 3- This flower is very attraction. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

7- I can buy meat from the butcher. (sell)

.....

8- This hotel is spacious . (Ask a question)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Camping)

.....
.....
.....
.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

A good citizen مواطن is the one who does his best to achieve يحقق progress and prosperity الرخاء to his country.

.....

10- Translate into English :

٦- من المؤكد أن السعادة لا تشتري بالمال .

.....

Test 4

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Hady is introducing his friend John to his father.

Hady : Hi, Dad. This is my friend John.

Father : How do you do?

John : (1)?

Father : Where are you from?

John : I'm from America.

Father : Is this your first visit to Egypt?

John : (2) I haven't visited Egypt before.

Father : I hope you will enjoy your stay here.

John : (3)

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

7- Your friend suggests going to Misr Theatre . you like the idea.

8- You visit your friend in the hospital.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

We learn a lot of subjects at school. Everything we study has some uses in our life. We learn Arabic to be able to tell others what we want and understand each others. We learn foreign languages to communicate with people from overseas and to know how they think and talk. Maths helps us to think.

Computers are also very important. They can do sums quickly and store information. They can work with words and numbers. History tells us about our country and people from all over the world. Geography tells us about plants, animals and people and where they live. Exercise helps us to be fit.

A- Answer the following questions:

1- Why do we learn foreign languages?

2- How are computers important for us?

3- Why do we learn our language Arabic?

B- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

4- Exercises and games help us to keep

a) fat b) fit c) happy d) sad

5- The underlined word "They" refers to

a) people b) computers c) sums d) information

6- helps us to think.

a) Arabic b) maths c) art d) music

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – Can you see bird above the tree?

a) **this** b) **that** c) **these**

2 – My car is sale.

a) **in** b) **for** c) **with**

3 – there any food left?

a) **Is** b) **Are** c) **Does**

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy lives a huge house.

- a) in b) on c) at
 5 – boys are absent today.
 a) Some b) There c) Any

5- Re-arrange:

- 16- buy – You – chemist' – can't – flowers – at – the

 17- room – in – are – There – armchairs – the

 18- chemist's – is – Where – the ?

 19- first – We – have – can - coffee

 20- the – in – harbor – You – see – can – ships

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

- 1- You get oil from the florist's. (.....)
 2- I want to hear the radio. (.....)
 3- Their is a lot of noise here. (.....)
 4- Our flat is at the first floor. (.....)
 5- I'm sleeping on my bed. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

- 7- I have got three brothers. (How)

 8- There is some water. (bottles)

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Why tourists visit Egypt?)

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

Although Beethoven was deaf, he composed لحن a lot of wonderful symphonies مقطوعات موسيقية.

10- Translate into English :

يفضل كثير من الناس السفر بالطائرة لأنها توفر save لهم الوقت والجهد effort

سألني فتي عن أهم أحلامي فقلت أن أموت وأحلامي تنبض بالحياة وتواجه التحدي وتنفخ روح الأمل في ضمائر
البائسين واليائسين والمحبتين

أمل نحيا به حتي نموت خير من يأس يقتلنا قبل أوان الرحيل

افتح رثيتك للهواء واستقبل يومك غير آس علي ما فات

ولا خائف علي ما هو آت

اطرد الهموم وكلّ للحي القيوم

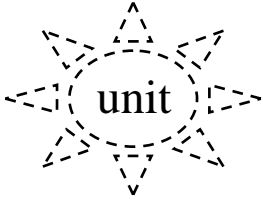
الأمر الذي لا يخبوه هو ذلك النور المقتبس من جدوة الإيمان يضيء ضروب الحياة حتي في الليالي السود

إن حالت ظروف في دون لقياك فالقادم أجمل

وإن فات العمل فلا يفوت الأمل

All the best

Mr. Muhammad Sobhy



I'd love to !



Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 1

hobby	هواية	ticket	تذكرة
good at	جيد في	thriller	فيلم / كتاب شيق
horror film	فيلم رعب	news	أخبار
favourite	مفضل	game show	عرض رياضي
a band	فرقة	laugh	يضحك
Science fiction	خيال علمي	prize	جائزة
comedy	مسرحية كوميدية	practise	يتمرن
mixture	خليط	interesting	شيق
brilliant	عبقري	crazy	مجنون
concert	حفلة موسيقية	Soap opera	مسلسل
documentary	فيلم وثائقي	cartoon	كارتون
cowboys	رعاة البقر	programme	برنامج
singer	مغني	actor	ممثل
string	خيوط	funny	مضحك
instrument	آلة موسيقية	musician	موسيقي
prison	سجن	arrest	يقبض علي
robbery	عملية سطو مسلح	album	البوم غنائي
comics	مجلات كوميدية	a play	مسرحية
western	فيلم عن الحياة السابقة في الغرب الأمريكي	Indians	الهنود

Kind of music أنواع الموسيقى

rock	موسيقى الروك الاهتزازية	Classical	الموسيقى التقليدية (ام كلثوم)
rap	موسيقى الراب	reggae	نوع من الموسيقى الجامايكية الصاخبة
Jazz	موسيقى الجاز (اشهر موسيقى في القرن العشرين)	heavy metal	موسيقى الروك المزعجة جداً
Pop	موسيقى البوب (الموسيقى الشعبية)	techno	موسيقى إلكترونية راقصة

المواقف

A	B
What is your favourite kind of music? ما هو نوع الموسيقى المفضل لك؟	I like classical music.
Who is your favourite singer? من هو مطربك المفضل؟	Maher Zain.
Who is your favourite actor? من هو ممثلك المفضل؟	Ahmed Helmi.

Language Notes الملاحظات اللغوية

play – hit – blow

*Play

*hit

*blow

هذه الأفعال تستخدم مع الآلات الموسيقية
 نستخدم الفعل play بمعنى يعزف جميع الآلات الموسيقية ويتبعه أداة المعرفة the
 يدق / يقرع / يعزف على طبلة (the drum)
 ينفخ (the trumpet / the flute / the tuba / the recorder)

love يحب like يحب mind يمانع

(v+ ing / noun) يأتي بعدهما

Example:

- ❖ I don't like swimming.
- ❖ I don't mind playing the drum.

إن مرت الأيام ولم تروني.
 فهذه أعمالي فتذكروني .
 وإن غبت يوما ولم تجدوني .
 ففي قلبي حبكم فلا تنسوني.
 وإن طال غيابي عنكم .
 دون عودة أكون وقتها بحاجة .
 للدعاء فادعوا لي.

All the best
Mr. Muhammad Sobhy

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad :

Ahmed: reggae

Muhammad:

Ahmed: Amr Diab.

Muhammad :

Ahmed : Ahmed Helimi.

Muhammad: What do you think of his film " urgent circumstance "?

Ahmed:

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

9- Your friend asks you about going to see a horror film.

10- You want to ask your friend about his favourite actress .

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

Some people come to Cairo and visit some special places in Old Cairo, For example. Khan El Khalili and El-Hussein. In these places, they like to hear some kinds of music. In Old Cairo, people hear the oud, it is a musical instrument like the violin. In other places, they can hear the simsimiya, a musical instrument similar to the guitar.

a. Answer the following questions:

1. Why do some people come to visit Cairo?
2. Where can you hear special kinds of music?
- 3- What is Simsimiya similar to?

b. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d:

4. Khan al-Khalili and El-Hussein are in Cairo.

- a. Old b. New c. Modern d. Bad

5. The underlined word "these" refers to.....

- a. Cairo b. Old Cairo c. Khan al-Khalili and El-Hussien d. Aswan

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – This Plays pop music.

- a) band b) actor c) singer

2 – The can play the saxophone.

- a) teacher b) door c) musician

3 – Have you heard Hamkey's new musical

- a) band b) album c) band

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy loves films. They make him laugh .

- a) comedy b) horror c) action

5 – The police the thieves yesterday.

- a) arrest b) arrested c) arresting

6 – I like music . Let's go to the

- a) film b) play c) concert

5- Re-arrange:

9- concert – I've – the – to – two – tickets - got

.....

10- comedy – think – of – What – do – you ?

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Rock is a kind of films. (.....)

2- When are the main character? (.....)

3- Comedy is a type of music. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

21- I can see a rabbit. (not)

.....

22- My bithday is on 6th September. (When)

.....

23- I can see a birthday cake. (What)

.....

24- It's an apple tree . (What)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Your favourite kind of music)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

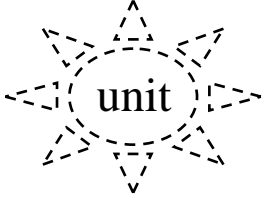
We should be very careful about the food we eat and the water we drink.

.....

10- Translate into English :

violence والعنف theft السرقة علي الناس بعض أحيانا حب المال

.....



I'd love to !



Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 2

camping	يعسكر	fishing	رياضة صيد الأسماك
Collecting stamps	يجمع طوابع	Taking pictures	التصوير
Planting flowers	يزرع ورود	Playing computer games	لعب ألعاب الكمبيوتر
painting	الرسم بالألوان	Collecting coins	يجمع عملات
Playing rugby	رياضة الرجبي	rollerblading	رياضة التزلج علي الأرض بحذاء تزلج
windsurfing	رياضة ركوب الأمواج	skiing	رياضة التزلج علي الجليد
sailing	رياضة الإبحار	football	كرة قدم
hockey	الهوكي	handball	كرة يد
basketball	كرة السلة	game of chess	لعبة الشطرنج
baseball	البيسبول	Do activities	يقوم بأنشطة

الشَّمْسُ تُشَبِّهُ الْأَحِبَّةَ؛ تَجِيءُ وَتَذْهَبُ بِلَا اسْتِئْذَانٍ وَعِنْدَمَا تَذْهَبُ يُظْلَمُ كُلُّ شَيْءٍ
بِقَدْرِ مَا تَمْنَحُ الْأَخْرَيْنَ مِنَ الْحُبِّ يَتَسَّعُ قَلْبُكَ وَتَسْمُو رُوحُكَ وَتَرَقُّ مَشَاعِرُكَ
وَ يَمْنَحُكَ اللَّهُ السَّعَادَةَ وَالنَّجَاحَ.

All the best
Mr. Muhammad Sobhy

المواقف

Likes	Dislikes
1- I love (n / v+ing). 2- I like (n / v+ing). 3- I prefer (n / v+ing) to (n / v+ing). 4- I don't mind (n / v+ing). 5- I'm crazy about (n / v+ing).	1- I don't like(n / v+ing). 2- I really don't like(n / v+ing). 3- I hate (n / v+ing). 4- I can't stand (n / v+ing).
Why?	Why?
1- It's great. 2- It's exciting 3- It's fun.	1- It's awful 2- It's terrible 3- It's horrible

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad : Do you like windsurfing?

Ahmed:

Muhammad: What do you think of sailing?

Ahmed:

Muhammad :?

Ahmed : I'm can't stand collecting stamps.

Muhammad: Why?

Ahmed:

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

9- You ask your friend about his opinion of collecting coins.

10- You ask your friend why he doesn't like hockey.

3- Read the following passage and answer the questions:

My name is Hassan. I'm eleven years old. I had a music class yesterday. After school I talked to my family about the musical instruments. My father likes the piano but he doesn't like the drum. My mother doesn't like the clarinet. She thinks that clarinet music isn't beautiful. My brother Ali likes the trumpet, but my sister Fareeda thinks it's noisy. Her favourite instrument is the violin . I like Egyptian instruments. The shabbaba is one of them, it's a kind of flute.

a. Answer the following questions;

1- What did the family talk about yesterday?

2- Who likes the shabbaba?

3- What does Fareeda like?

b. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d:

4- The shabbaba is a kind of

- a) drum b) flute c) oud d) piano

5" Fareeda thinks the is noisy.

- a) violin b) drum c) piano d) trumpet

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – This is a about life of lions.

- a) documentary b) comedy c) horror

2 – It's film about crimes.

- a) thriller b) comedy c) horror

3 – "Waness's diaries" is my favourite

- a) comedy b) soap opera c) horror film

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy went.....,but he didn't catch any fish .

- a) skiing b) sailing c) fishing

5 – He is crazy..... football.

- a) on b) in c) about

25- **Re-arrange:**

13- a good – There – documentary – is – T.V. – on – tonight - film

14- policeman – arrest – manages – The – to – criminal – the

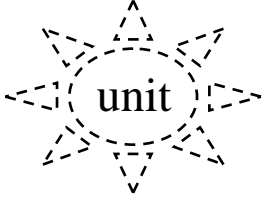
6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- Cowtoys can ride horses. (.....)

2- Comedy films make us afraid. (.....)

3- The west is my favourite movies. (.....)

اجْعَلْ حُبَّكَ وَ قَلْبَكَ لِمَنْ يَسْتَحِقُّوْهُ وَهُمْ كَثِيْرٌ وَاجْتَهِدْ اَنْ تُضَيِّقَ خَاْنَةَ الْبُغْضِ
اجْعَلْ مُقَدِّمَةَ قَلْبِكَ حَدِيْقَةً غَنَاءَ تَمْنَحُ اَصْدِقَاءَكَ الْحُبَّ وَالْوَرْدَ وَالسَّلَامَ وَالْاِبْتِسَامَ
وَخَلْفَهُ مَقْبَرَةً لِدَفْنِ عَثْرَاتِهِمْ وَاَخْطَائِهِمْ وَنَزَقِهِمْ بِصَمْتٍ



I'd love to !



Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 3

محمد صبحي

Musical instrument

Wind instruments آلات نفخ	Keyboard instruments آلات بمفاتيح	Percussion instrument آلات إيقاع	String instrument آلات وترية
Saxophone ساكسفون (شبه الزمارة)	Piano البيانو	drums الطبول	Violin آلة الكمان
Harmonica هارمونيكا (شبه الصفارة)			guitar الجيتار
bagpipes مزمار حديث			harp قيثارة
			electric bass الكونترباص بتاع محمد هندي
			banjo البانجو (عامله زي الربابة)

أحبك.. لَأَتَسَّالَ لِمَاذَا؟!
لَأَتَسَّالَ الْوَرُودَ لِمَاذَا يَفُوحُ غَيْرُهَا
أَحْسِنَ لِقَاءَكَ بِمَنْ تُحِبُّ لِأَنَّكَ لَا تَدْرِي مَتَى يَكُونُ الْإِلْقَاءُ الْأَخِيرُ بَيْنَكُمَا
قَدْ يَحْرِمُكَ اللَّهُ مَحْبُوبًا أَوْ صَدِيقًا بَعْضَ الْوَقْتِ لِتَعْرِفَ قِيَمَتَهُ وَتَشْعُرَ بِأَهْمِيَّتِهِ
قَدْ أَسْتَطِيعُ أَنْ أَسْأَلَ عَنْكَ لَكِنْ هِيَآتِ أَنْ أُنْسَاكَ

المواقف

Apologizing: الاعتذار

Apologising	meaning
I'm very sorry, but + فاعل + (has) or (have) + p.p.	أنا آسف ، لأنى
Excuse me. I'm afraid + فاعل + فعل في زمن الماضي البسيط	أعذرني لأنى
I must apologize as I + فعل في زمن الماضي البسيط	يجب أن أعذر لأنى
I apologize for + v. + ing	أنا أعذر عن
I'm very Sorry for not +v+ing	آسف عن عدم

Accepting قبول	Refusing رفض
That's OK. كل شئ على ما يرام	Well, I hope you will + الفعل (replace it).
It doesn't matter. ولا يهكم	حسناً أتمنى أن
Never mind. لا تشغل بالك	Oh dear! can you + الفعل (mend it) ?
Don't worry about it. لا تقلق بشأن هذا	يا إلهي ، هل يمكنك أن تصلحها؟ Oh! No, it was new. ياه ! لقد كان جديداً.

“لم أكن اعلم ان الثقة أجمل ما في الحب..
الثقة التي تجعلنا ننام كل ليلة ونحن ندرك أن الحب سيظل يجمعنا.. أننا سنستيقظ في الغد
لمجد الطرف الآخر عاشقاً لنا وغارقاً بنا.. مثلما نام وهو عاشق غارق..
أجمل ما في الحب هي تلك الثقة في أننا سنكبر معاً، نفرح معاً.. نبكي معاً.. نمرض معاً..
ونظل أوفياء لبعضنا البعض حتى لو اختطف الموت أحداً”

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad :?

Ahmed: No, the piano is a keyboard musical instrument.

Muhammad:?

Ahmed: The guitar is a string instrument.

Muhammad :?

Ahmed : I play it twice a week.

Muhammad: Where do you play it?

Ahmed:

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

7- You ask your friend about his favourite musical wind instrument.

8- Your friend sees that music is the food of the soul. You disagree.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

Hi Omnia,

Yesterday Mum took us shopping at a big shopping centre. I needed some shoes and my brother needed a new T-shirt. First, we went to a clothes shop where my brother bought a size medium Tshirt. Then we started shopping for my shoes. I tried on a 37 in the first shop but it was too small. The next shop had 39, but it was too big! We went to more shops before we found my size, 38!

Love,

Nadine

a. Answer the following questions:

1. What size T-shirt does Nadine's brother wear?
2. Who went shopping with Nadine?
3. What size of shoes did Nadine buy?

b. Choose the correct answer from a , b, c or d :

4. How many shoe shops did Nadine visit?.....

- a. 3 b.4 c.5 d.2

5. Nadine is writing.....

- a. a blog b. a book c. an email d. a letter

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 –is a musical wind instrument.

- a) **bagpipes** b) **piano** c) **drums**

2 – is a musical percussion instrument.

- a) **bagpipes** b) **piano** c) **drums**

3 –We play..... With our fingers.

- a) **saxophone** b) **harp** c) **harmonica**

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy is blowing the

- a) violin b) guitar c) drums

5 – The piano is a musical instrument.

- a) string b) percussion c) keyboard

6 – The Banjo is a Musical instrument.

- a) string b) percussion c) keyboard

26- Re-arrange:

7- festival – many – How – the – at – performance – there – are ?

.....

8- a lot – laugh – you – that – In – comedy - will.

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- The guitar is a percussion instrument. (.....)

2- My favourite tool is piano. (.....)

3- Music are beautiful. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

7- My habit is to play football. (usually)

.....

8- I read English stories from time to time. (sometimes)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(The hobby you practise in your free time)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

Do not forget to ask your colleague زميلك to stay for dinner. I am going to be back سآعود soon.

.....

10- Translate into English :

عالم اليوم يختلف عن عالم الأمس لما فيه من اختراعات و اكتشافات علمية

.....

The Present simple tense

زمن المضارع البسيط

التكوين

❖ يتكون المضارع البسيط من التصريف الأول للفعل (المصدر) بدون إضافات إذا كان فاعل الجملة جمع (I- we – you- they- اسم جمع)

❖ أما إذا كان فاعل الجملة مفرد (He – she- it – اسم مفرد) فله ثلاث حالات :-

❶ - إذا كان الفعل ينتهي ب (s- ss – sh-ch- o –x-z) فأنا نضيف للفعل es

Noha goes to school early.

o → go

The mechanic fixes cars

x → fix

He watches T.V.

ch → watch

Nadia washes dishes.

sh → wash

The good student passes exams.

ss → pass

My teacher quizzes me exams.

z → quiz

❷ - إذا كان الفعل ينتهي ب y قبلها حرف ساكن نحذف y ونضيف ies

cry → The baby cries at night

/ They cry for food.

❸ يضاف حرف (s) فقط في غير الحالات السابقة مثل :-

He works & She gets up early & He writes & She plays .

..... + الفعل في المصدر + doesn't + الفاعل المفرد .

Ali writes a letter to his wife.

Ali doesn't write a letter to his wife.

..... + الفعل في المصدر + don't + الفاعل الجمع .

We support our national team.

We don't support our national team.

..... + اسم / صفة + am / is / are + not + الفاعل .

He is not Ali.

They are not happy.

؟ فعل في المصدر + فاعل مفرد + Does

Does he speak English?

؟ فعل في المصدر + فاعل جمع + Do

Do they catch fish?

؟ اسم / صفة + فاعل + Is / are

Is he clumsy?

Are you intelligent?

النفي

السؤال

الكلمات الدالة

Always	دائما
usually	عادة
sometimes	أحيانا
often	غالبا
Every (day- month- year- night)	كل
never	أبدا
Rarely = seldom	نادرا
Occasionally = from time to time	من حين إلى آخر
frequently	بشكل متكرر
Regularly	بشكل منتظم
Generally	بصفة عامة

تسمى هذه الكلمات بأظرف التكرار وتأتي قبل الفعل الأساسي وبعد تصريفات

Be (am – is – are ...)

He **is usually** late for school.

He **usually** comes late .

الاستخدام

① يستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن الحقائق العلمية أو الكونية

Blood goes round the body.

The earth goes around the sun.

A dog barks.

② يستخدم للتعبير عن وصف لشيء أو حالة محددة

Our flat consists of three rooms.

My father works as a teacher.

③ يستخدم للتعبير عن أحداث أصبحت عادات تتكرر في حياة الشخص يوميا

Ali always goes to the mosque.

He gets up late on Friday.

ملحوظة

How often كم مرة

تسأل عن عدد المرات وخاصة إذا وجد :

once مرة واحدة

Twice مرتين

Three times (a day / a week / a year) ٣ مرات

How often do you visit your uncle ?

We visit our uncle once a week

ويمكن ان تسأل ب how often على كلمات المضارع البسيط :

Usually عادة – sometimes أحيانا – always دائما – often غالبا – never أبدا – every Friday.

How often do they go to the cinema ?

They **usually** go to the Cinema

How often do you go to the zoo ?

We **never** go to the zoo

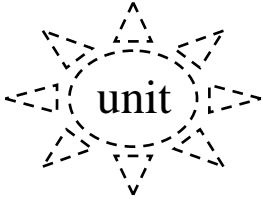
Exercises

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c,:

- 16- Mr. Muhammad usually Romantic novels.
b- read b- readed c- reads d- reading
- 17- Children to school early everyday.
c- goes b- go c- went d-gone
- 18- Kareem Like computer studies.
a- does b- isn't c- doesn't d- didn't
- 19- Ahmed a lazy student.
a- does b- isn't c- doesn't d- didn't
- 20- Shahd English every day.
d- studies b- study c- studying d- studied
- 21- Shaimaa and Ola English every day.
e- studies b- study c- studying d- studied
- 22- Khadija sometimes computer studies at school.
a- has b- have c- had d- does
- 23- Tabark a blogger.
a- does b- isn't c- doesn't d- are
- 24- You TV in the evening.
a- always watches b- always watch c- watch always d- watches always
- 25- He plays football
a – usually b- sometimes c- every day. d- ago
- 26- Computer studies my favourite subject.
c- is b- are c- does d- was
- 27- They..... like Maths.
b- isn't b- aren't c don't d- doesn't
- 28- Alaa doesn't..... a mobile.
c- has b- have c- had d- does
- 29- you have any brothers ?
a- Are b- have c- Do d- Does
- 30- you got any brothers?
b- Are b- Do c- Have d- Does
- 31- he have any sisters?
a- Is b- Has c- Does d- Have
- 32- he got any sisters?
a- Is b- Has c- Does d- Are
- 33- Amira good at English?
a- Is b- Has c- Does d- Are
- 34- Geography tell us about places and cities?
a- Is b- Has c- Does d- Are
- 35-, I visit my grandmother.
b- Often b- Occasionally c- now d- ago
- 36- He plays pingpong.
a- doesn't b- isn't c- never d- still

⑤ Read and correct the underlined word(s)

- 1- Aya watches occasionally DVDs. [.....]
- 2- What are your brother favourite hobbies? [.....]
- 3- The bus never stop near my house. [.....]



I'd love to !



Key vocabulary المفردات الهامة

Lessons 4

الكلمات الجديدة

traditional	تقليدي	festival	مهرجان
fabulous	رائع	performer	مؤدي
include	يتضمن	talent	موهبة
church	كنيسة	advertisement	إعلان
adventure	مغامرة	journey	رحلة
Planet	كوكب	assistant	مساعد
mask	قناع	entrance	مدخل
character	شخصية	summary	ملخص
secret	سر	author	مؤلف
manage	يدير	title	عنوان
Independence day	عيد الاستقلال	reason	سبب
theatre	مسرح	around us	حولنا
type	نوع / يكتب علي الكمبيوتر	effects	تأثيرات
Each kind	كل نوع	shy	خجول
At all	اطلاقاً	Each kind	كل نوع

المواقف

(12) Responding to good or bad news: التفاعل مع الاخبار السارة والسيئة

Reporting achievement	Good news	Reply
فاعل + (has) or (have) + just + p.p + مفعول.	يا لها ! What wonderful news من أخبار عظيمة	Thank you. شكراً لك.
I have just passed the exams. لقد نجحت في الامتحانات	أحسننت! Well done	Yes, I didn't believe it myself. حقاً أنا لم أصدق هذا.

My sister has just had a baby. لقد أنجبت أختي مولوداً.	Congratulations ! – تهانئ – مبروك	I hope the same to you. أتمنى لك نفس الشيء
Mr. Muhammad has just opened an educational center. مستر محمد افتتح سنتر تعليمي.	Great news! خبر عظيم	

Reporting bad/sad news	Bad news	meaning
فاعل + (has) or (have) + just + p.p + مفعول.	What bad news ! يا لها من أخبار سيئة	Yes, it is really terrible. حقاً أن هذا شيء خطير.
I have just failed my exams. لقد رسبت في الامتحانات	Oh no ! I'm so sorry to hear that bad news. يا إلهي!! حقاً أنا حزين لسماع هذا الخبر السيء	Well, never mind. حسناً لا تقلق
My uncle has just had an accident. عمي عمل حادثه.	Oh dear ! شئ مؤلم	Well, be calm, tears can't be helped. حسناً أهدأ ، فالدموع لن ترد مفقود.

Expressing cause and result

التعبير عن السبب والنتيجة

because	أداة ربط معناها "لأن" (و يأتي قبلها نتيجة ، وبعدها سبب)
People like internet shopping because it is easy and quick.	
To	أداة ربط معناها " لكي " يأتي بعدها " فعل في المصدر " يعبر عن السبب
I go to the chemist's to buy some medicine.	
So	أداة ربط معناها " لذلك أو ونتيجة لذلك " (و يأتي قبله سبب ، وبعدها نتيجة)
Supermarkets have different things, so you can get everything in one shop.	

,but

معناها " ولكن " وتستخدم لتفيد معني التناقض ، تأتي في منتصف الجملة ويأتي قبلها فاصلة والجملة التي بعدها عكس الجملة التي قبلها

- There isn't any meat in it, but there are lentils.
- There aren't any tomatoes in this dish, but it is delicious with some tomato sauce on the top.

يحكى أن قلباً يسامح البشر كل ليلة ، فعاش مرتاحاً
وأن نفساً ترضى بالأقدار ، فباتت سعيدة ، وأن روحاً
تردد الحمد لله ، فنامت واستيقظت مبتسمة(~ :

Exercises

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Reham :- What are you doing now, Amira?

Amira :-

Reham :- ?

Amira :- In the evening .

Reham :- Do you TV everyday?

Amira :- No, I don't .

Reham :- What's your favourite hobby ?

Amira :-

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

9- Your friend has just won a prize.

10- Your friend had an accident.

3- Read the following passage and answer the questions:

I like reading books. One day, I went to the school library to read a book about science. Mr. Nader our teacher of science asked us to read it. On my way there, I found a small bag on the ground. I opened it to find a name on it. In the bag there was an expensive watch. I didn't find any name. So I took the bag to the headmaster who was happy because I didn't take it. Mr. Nader went to my class and thanked me because it was his bag.

A. Answer the following questions :-

1- Why did you open the bag?

.....

2- Why did you go to the school library?

.....

B - Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :-

3- The underlined word " it " refers to

a. the book b. the library c. the school

4- I gave the bag to

a. Mr. Nader b. the headmaster c. my friend

5- Mr. Nader was to find his bag.

a. happy b. angry c. sad

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – This novel has a very simple..... .

a) title b) address c) band

2 – my opinion, it is a good novel.

a) in b) on c) at

3 – Christian go to to pray.

a) mosque b) church c) beach

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy'sfor singing showed when he was young.

a) talent b) title c) heart

5 – That's a great

a) idea b) ideal c) idle

5- Re-arrange:

9- you – book – Would – recommend – this – me – for ?

.....

10- tonight – out – How – going – about ?

.....

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- He never speak Arabic. (.....)

2- Does he sad? (.....)

3- He doesn't polite. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

9- Her habit is to wash the dishes on Monday. (usually)

.....

10- Mr. Muhammad never eats in the period. (not)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Your favourite kinds of films)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

1- The secretary is very efficient كفاء. She does her work exactly تماما well and is skilful ماهرة at using the computer.

.....

10- Translate into English :

٧- العظماء فقط هم من يهتمون بأوقاتهم أما الكسالي فإنهم يضيعون وقتهم

.....

الصديق المزيّف كالظل يمشي ورائي عندما أكون في الشمس
ويختفي عندما أكون في الظلام.

Test

1- Complete the missing parts in the following dialogue :

Muhammad :

Ahmed: Al- Ahly

Muhammad:

Ahmed: because I love Abo Terika.

Muhammad :

Ahmed : In my opinion, Zamlek is the second important team in Egypt.

Muhammad: Why?

Ahmed:

2- Write what would you say in the following situations:

9- You friend's dad had died.

10- You suggest a place to go in your summer holiday.

3- Read the following passae and answer the questions:

One day, Hanan woke up and thought she was late for school. She jumped out of bed, washed and put on her clothes .she drank some water but she didn't have time for breakfast. She came out of the house and started to run. She didn't see many people. When she was running to school, she was very late and tired. When she arrived, there wasn't any one at school. It was Friday.

A) Answer the following questions:

1- What did Hanan do after she put on her clothes?

2- Why wasn't any one at school?

.....

B) Choose the correct answer:

3- Hanan thought she was late for school, so -----

a- She didn't have time to wash. b- She ran to school. c- She ate her lunch.

4- When she arrived at school she was very -----.

a- hungry b- busy c- tired

5- Hanan is a -----

a- a pupil b- a driver c- a builder

4- Choose the correct answer :

1 – It's a film about a funny boy.

a) documentary b) comedy c) horror

2 – are native Americans.

a) Western b) Cowboys c) Indians

3 – Does he breakfast ?

a) has b) have c) had

4 – Mr. Muhammad Sobhy is a new teacher. I know

a) his b) him c) her

5 – Let's T.V.

a) watch b) watching c) watched

5- Re-arrange:

21- you – like – Would – go – to – tonight – to – cinema – the ?

.....

22- but- Sorry, - I – Can't

.....

23- crazy – I'm – metal – about – heavy – rock – and

.....

24- rollerblading – I'm – at - good

.....

25- concert – I've – the – to – two – tickets – got

6- Read and correct the underlined words:

1- What is your favourite musical tool? (.....)

2- My favourite singer is Adel Emam. (.....)

3- How about take a picture. (.....)

4- He doesn't happy. (.....)

5- We usually are sad. (.....)

7- Do as shown:

9- He doesn't eat cake. (never)

.....

10- I have a cat. (not)

.....

8- Write a paragraph of six sentences on :

(Music)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

9- Translate into Arabic :

You should study hard to achieve your dream and to make your parents proud of you.

.....

10- Translate into English :

٨- كن نفسك تكن سعيدا لا تتصنع شخصيات من أجل أحدهم فمن لا تعجبه ذاتك لا يستحقك.

.....

سنتر 2 B التعليمي

يحتوي السنتر علي :-

- ١- دروس ابتدائي / إعدادي / ثانوي
- ٢- مذكرات شرح في مناهج اللغة الإنجليزية.
- ٣- شيتات تدريبات علي كل وحدة .
- ٤- امتحان علي كل وحدة وامتحان آخر علي كل وحدتين مع بعض .
- ٥- سجل بيانات لكل طالب .
- ٦- متابعة فورية مع ولي الأمر
- ٧- تدريس المناهج الإضافية والخاصة والأزهرية النموذجية.
- ٨- كورس تأسيس لطلاب الثانوية العامة
- ٩- كورسات محادثة وصوتيات وترجمة بشهادة معتمدة من الأكاديمية الكندية

مع تحياتي

أ / محمد صبحي

مدرس اللغة الإنجليزية

- ليسانس أداب وتربية في اللغة الإنجليزية شعة عامة
- دبلومة مهنية في مناهج وطرق تدريس اللغة الإنجليزية
- دبلومة خاصة في مناهج وطرق تدريس اللغة الإنجليزية
- عملت كمدرس بمدرسة الشريف ومدرسة الشبان المسلمين
- أعمل حالياً محاضر بسنتر من الآخر للكورسات الجامعية لطلاب كليات التربية والآداب والتربية النوعية قسم اللغة الإنجليزية.

ت / ٠١٠٢٠٩٤٠٥٠٢

ت / ٠١١٢٩٥٦١٦١٠



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